

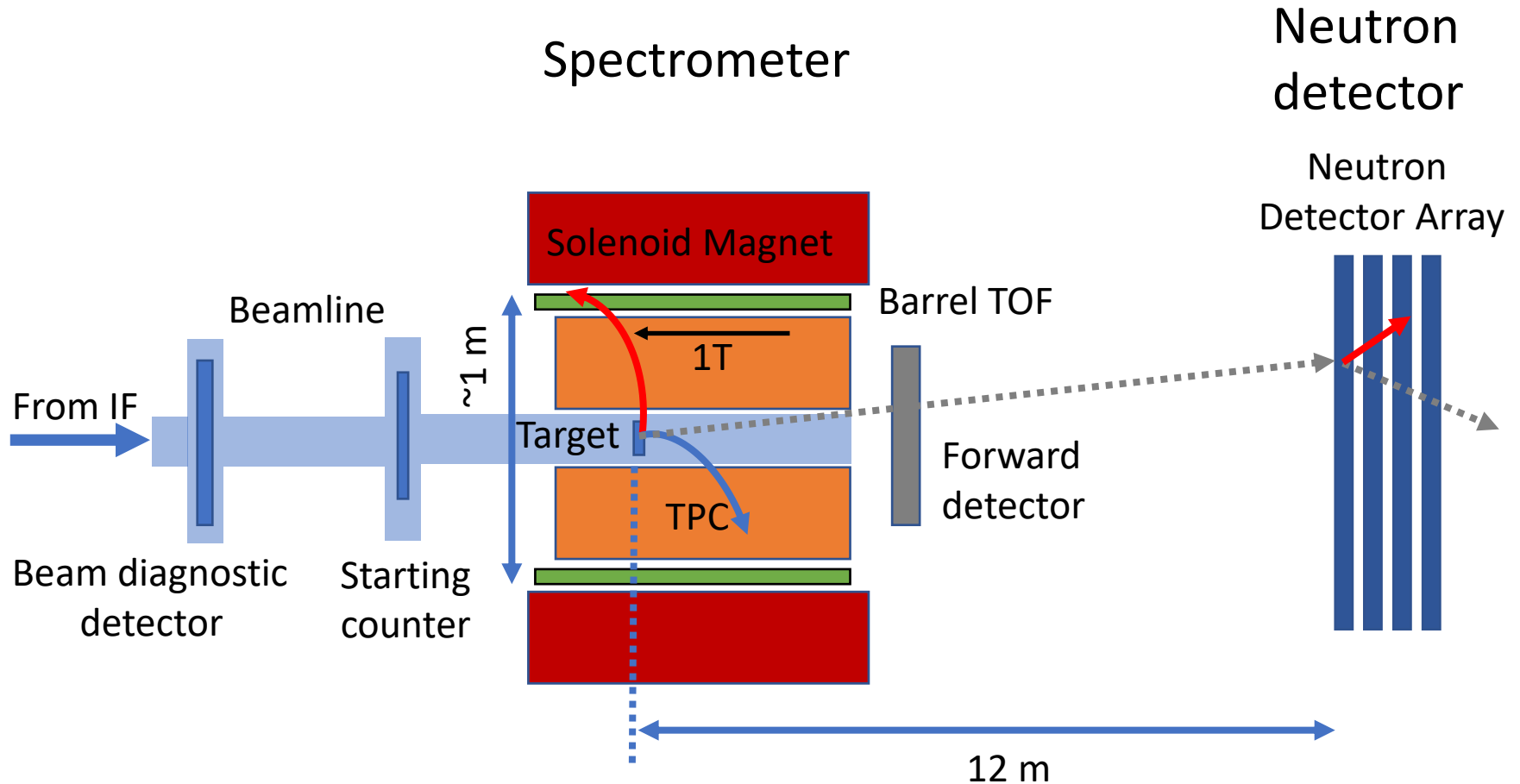
# Pulse shape analysis for LAMPS neutron detector

Lee Jong-won

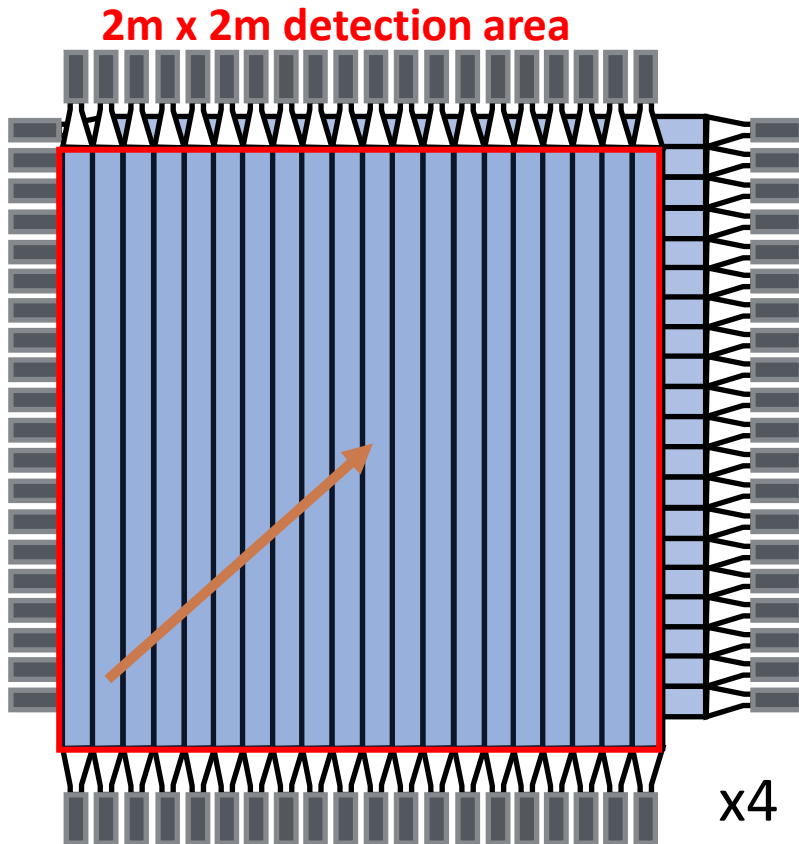
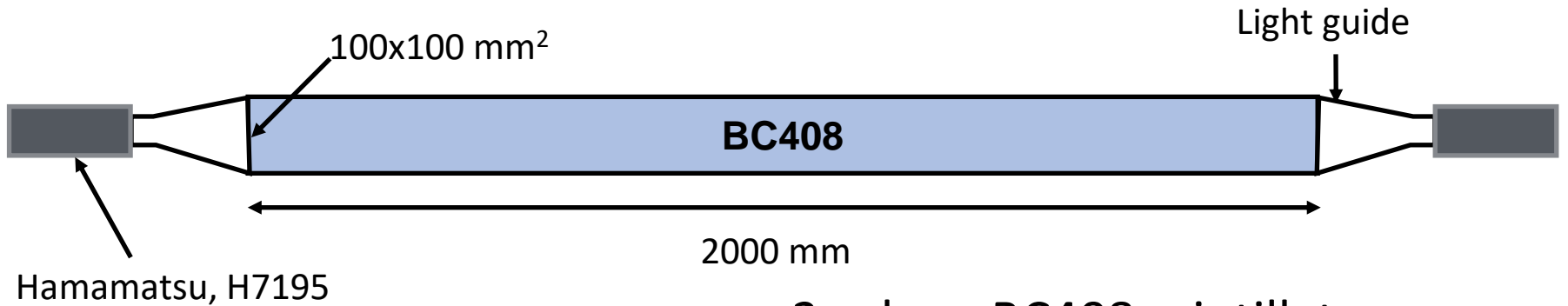
**KOREA**  
UNIVERSITY



# LAMPS detector system



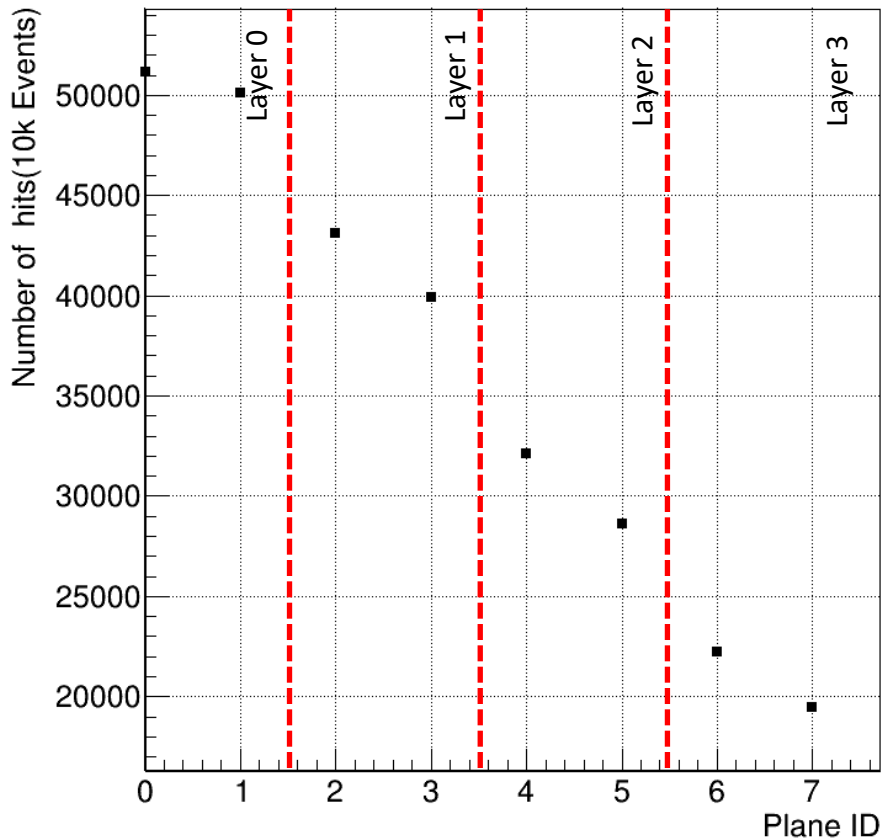
# Neutron detector



- 2m-long BC408 scintillator
- Light readout with two PMTs
- Make two 2 x 2 m<sup>2</sup> detection plane with 40 neutron detectors
- Two detection plane consisted single layer ( 4 layers in total )
- Readout : Notice 500 MHz FADC
- 20 Veto & 160 Neutron detector

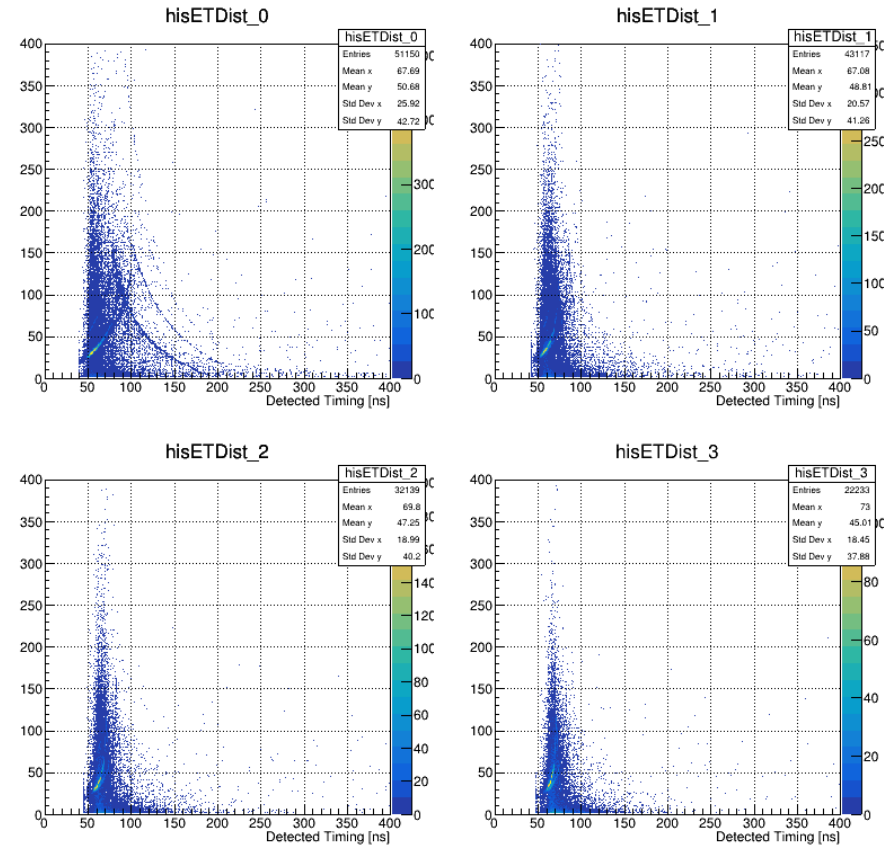
# Multiplicity test (MC IQMD, Au+Au 400 AMeV)

## Number of hit modules by planes (10k evt)



In case of first neutron wall layer, multiplicity is 5 in average. At least 20% of total events contains multiple hits on single module.

## Deposit E vs Detected time



Most hits are in 50 – 100 ns  
To define multi-hit events  
waveform analysis is required.

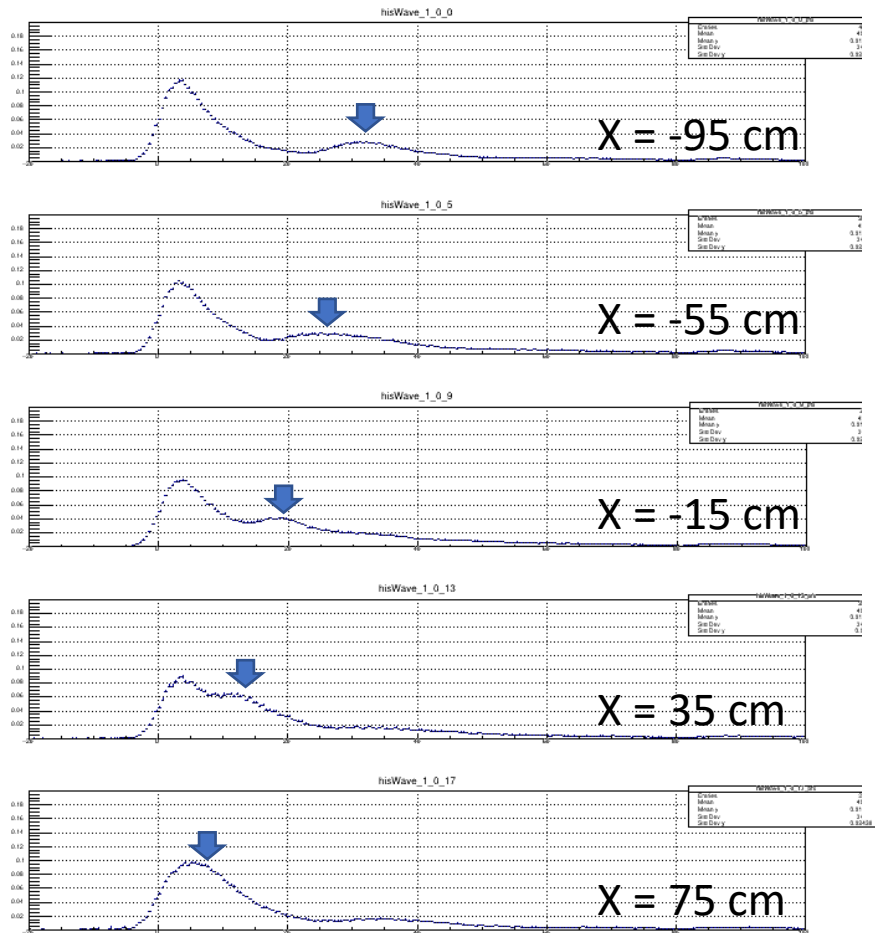
# Cosmic ray measurement



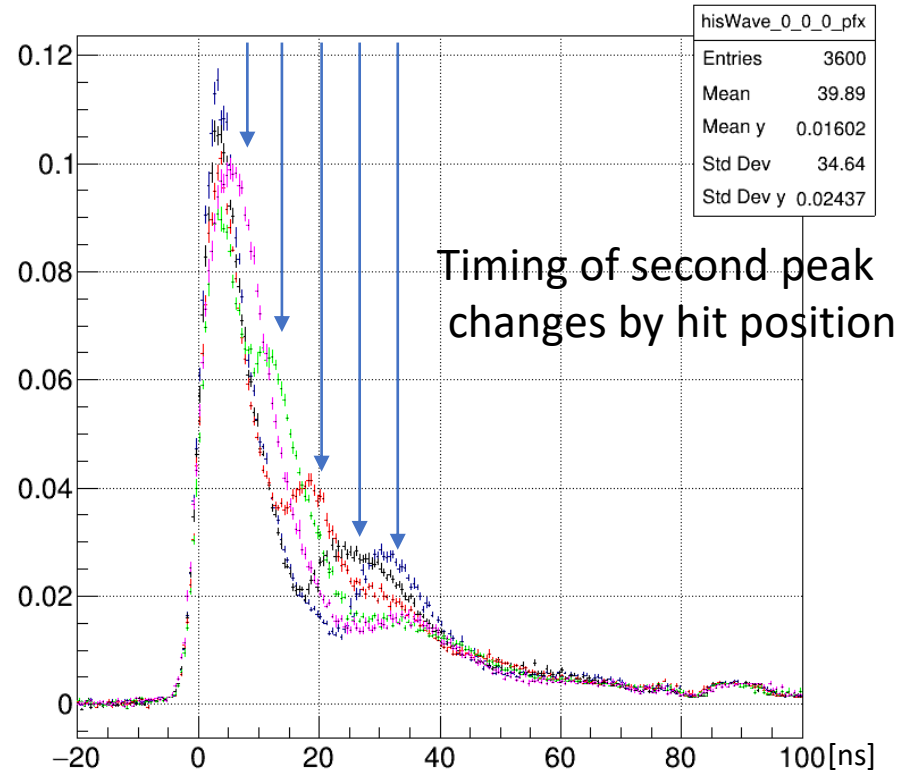
- Taking cosmic ray data for 2 months
- Total Data size : 8.4 T

# Neutron detector signal shape

Changes of typical signal shape by hit position

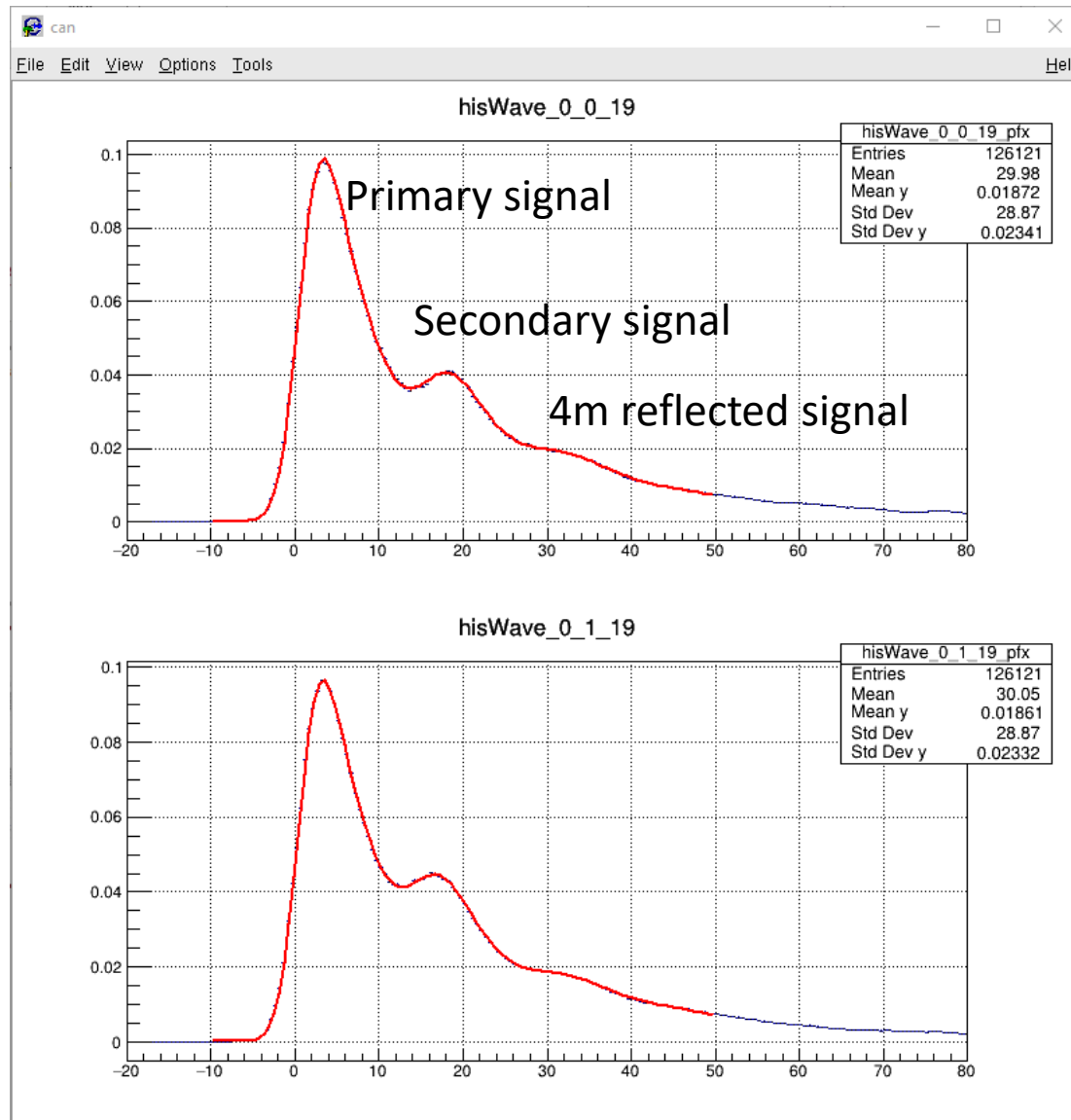


Timing of second peak



Can we describe typical signal shapes by function of hit position?

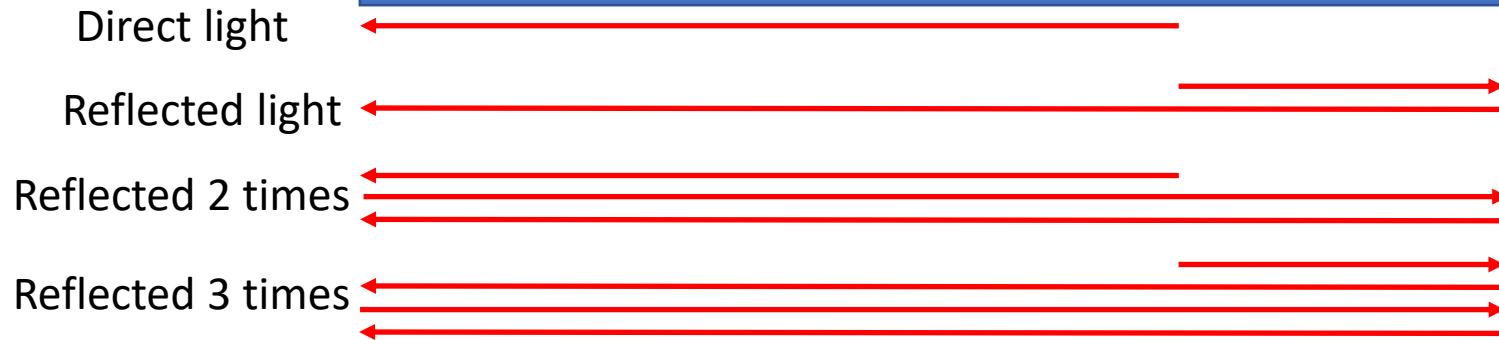
# Typical signal shape



# Fitting function

$$f(t, t_s, \sigma_r, \sigma_d) := \left( 1 + \operatorname{erf} \left( \frac{t - t_s}{\sigma_r} \right) \right) \exp \left( -\frac{t - t_s}{\sigma_d} \right)$$

$t_s$ : signal timing  
 $\sigma_r$ : rising slope  
 $\sigma_d$ : falling slope



$$F(t, t_s, H, \sigma_r, \sigma_d) = H \times \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(t, t_s, \sigma_r, \sigma_d) \\ +R \times \exp \left( -\frac{t_d}{L/v} \right) f(t, t_s + t_d, \sigma_r', \sigma_d') \\ +R^2 \exp \left( -\frac{t_d}{L/v} \right) f(t, t_s + t_d, \sigma_r'', \sigma_d'') \\ +R^3 \exp \left( -\frac{t_d + t_d}{L/v} \right) f(t, t_s + t_d + t_d, \sigma_r''', \sigma_d''') \end{array} \right\}$$



# Parameters for fitting

$$F(t, t_s, H, \sigma_r, \sigma_d) = H \times \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(t, t_s, \sigma_r, \sigma_d) \\ +R \exp\left(-\frac{t_d}{L/v}\right) f(t, t_s + t_d, \sigma_r', \sigma_d') \\ +R^2 \exp\left(-\frac{t_4}{L/v}\right) f(t, t_s + t_4, \sigma_r'', \sigma_d'') \\ +R^3 \exp\left(-\frac{t_d + t_4}{L/v}\right) f(t, t_s + t_d + t_4, \sigma_r''', \sigma_d''') \end{array} \right\}$$

H : Signal height

$\sigma_r$  : 2 . 7

$\sigma_d$ : 7.1

$\sigma'$  :  $\sigma + a \times \text{propagation Length}$

R : Reflectivity, 0.5

$t_s$ : Half height time

$t_4$ : 30 ns, Fixed

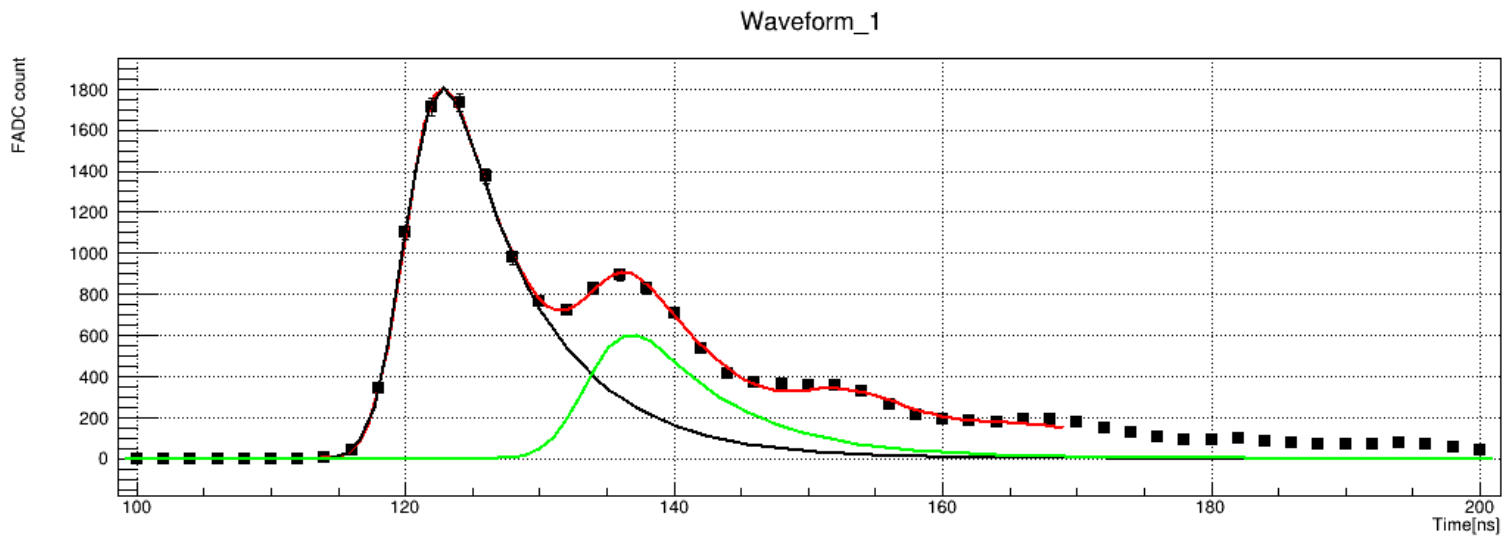
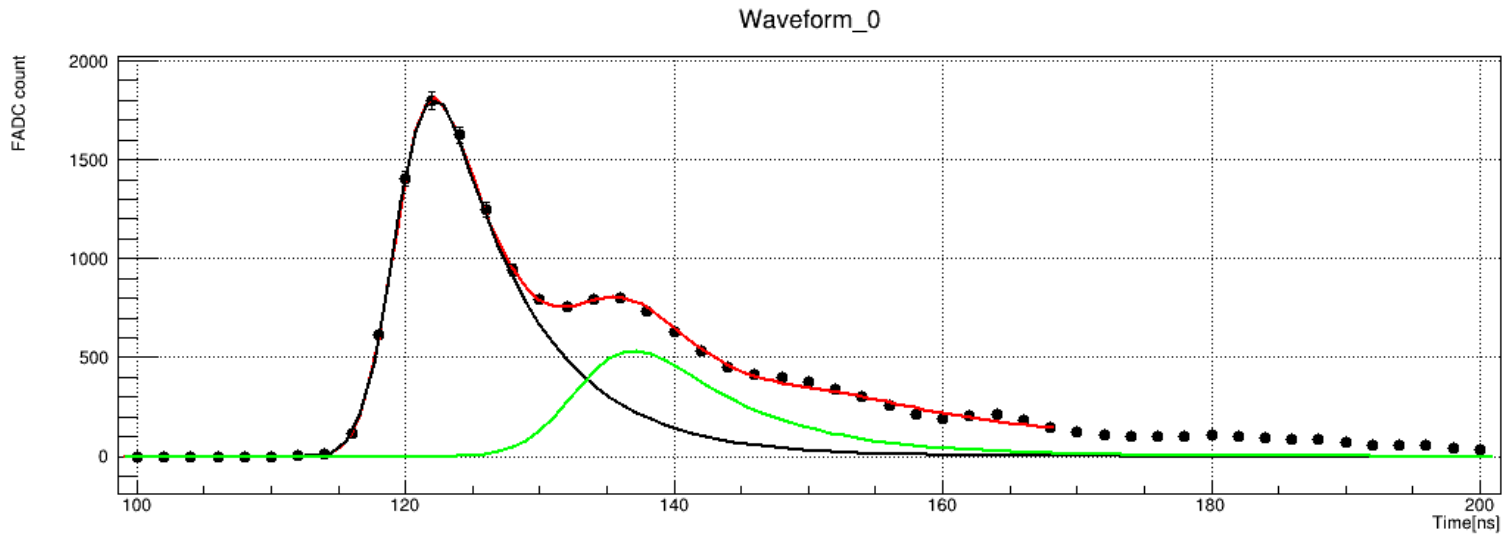
$t_d$ :  $\frac{2(1 \pm x) + 0.4}{0.158} \pm 4$  ns

L : Attenuation Length (2.6 m)

v : speed of light in scintillator ( 158 mm /ns )

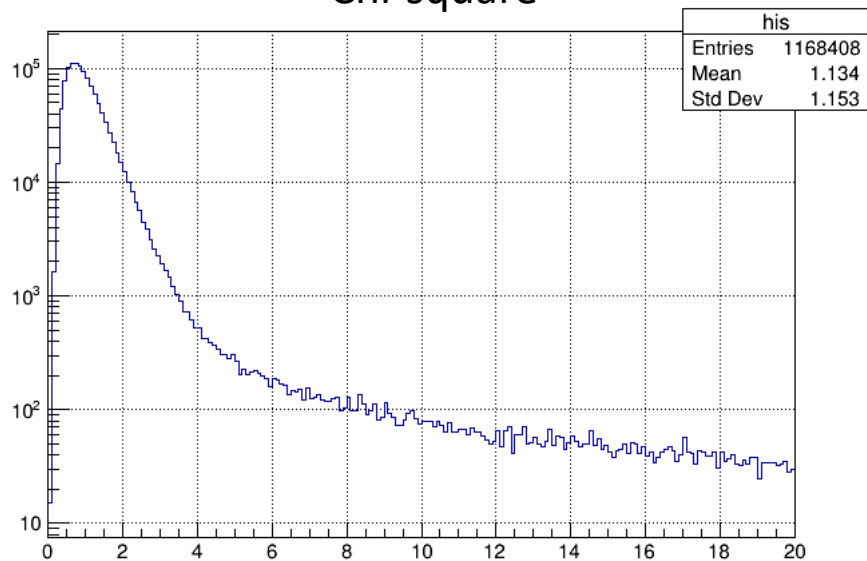
Reduce number of parameters from 16 to 10

# Fitting results

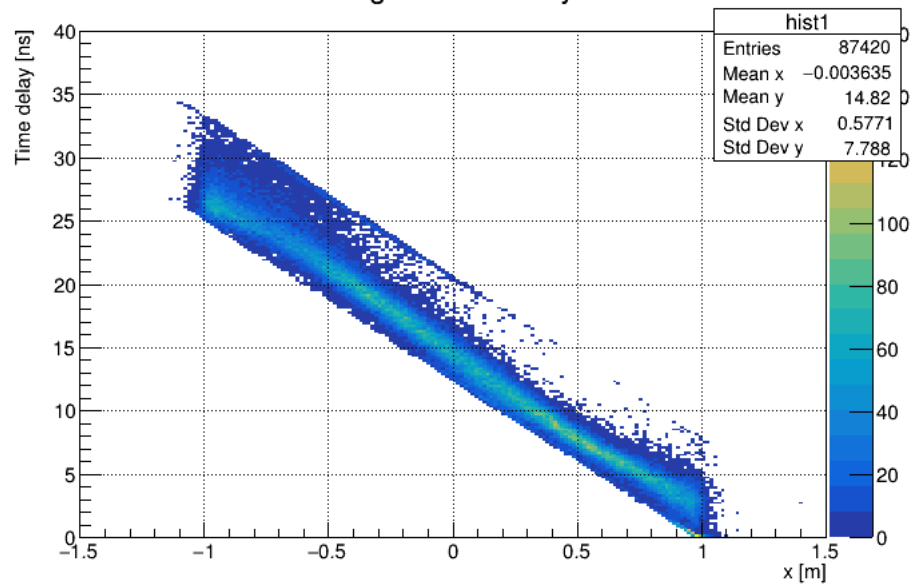


# Fitting results

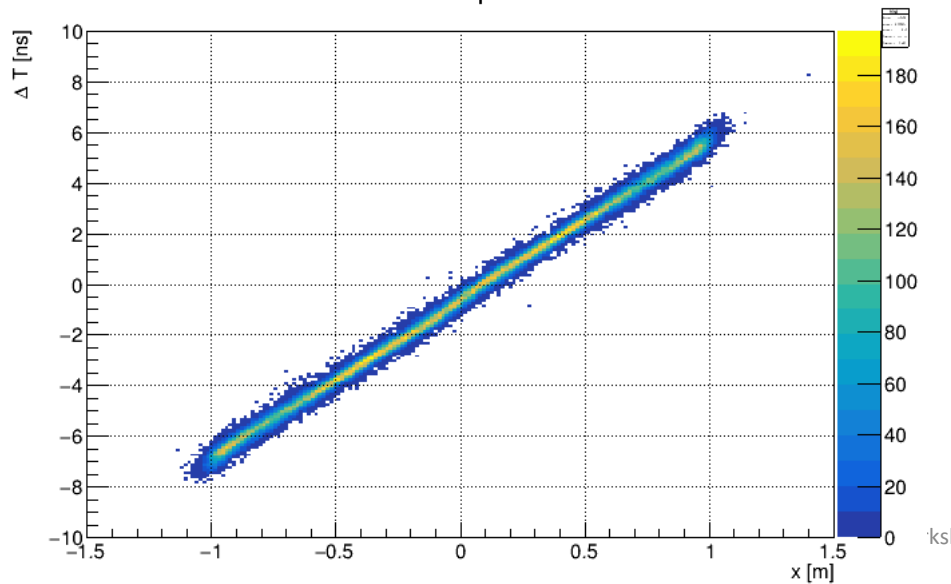
## Chi-square



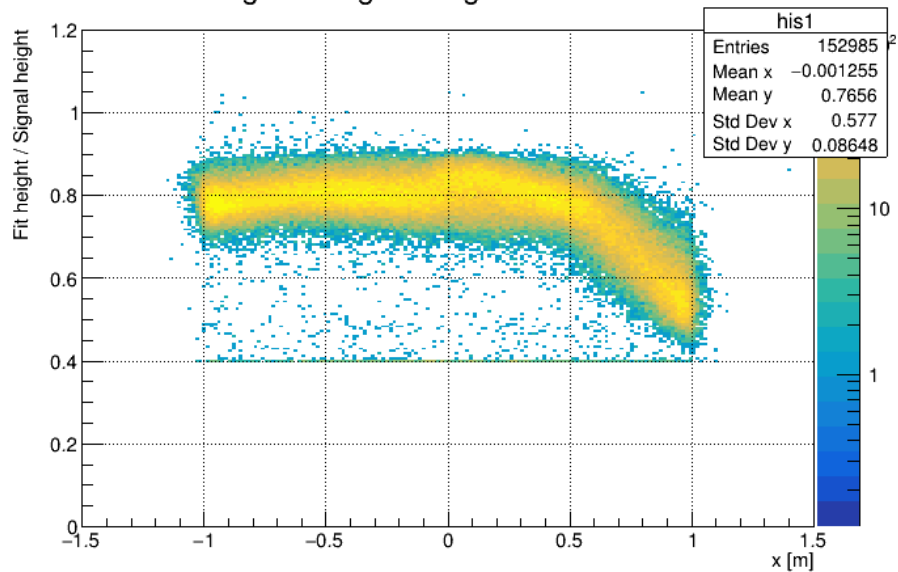
## Reflected signal time delay vs x



## $\Delta T$ vs Hit position



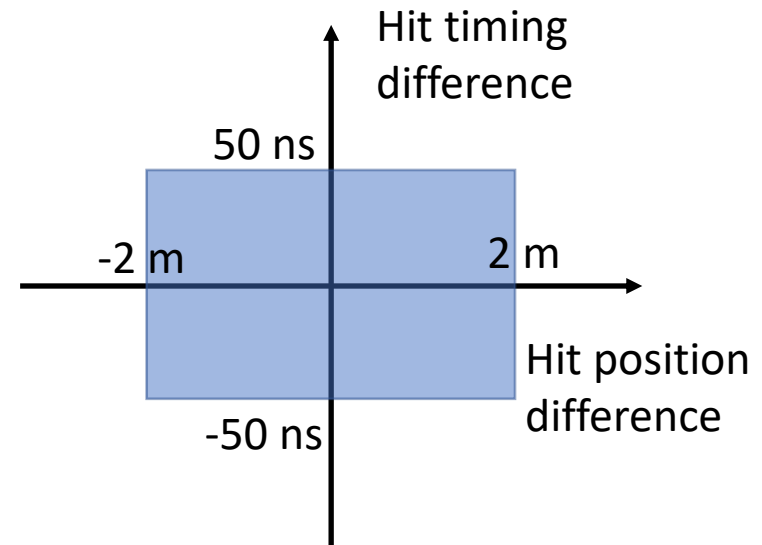
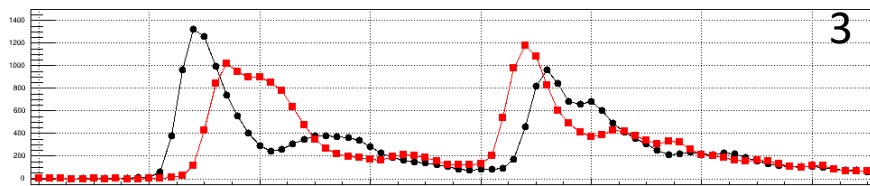
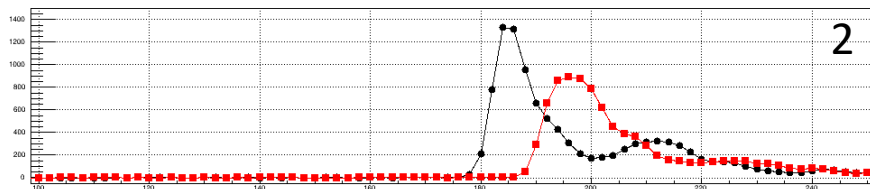
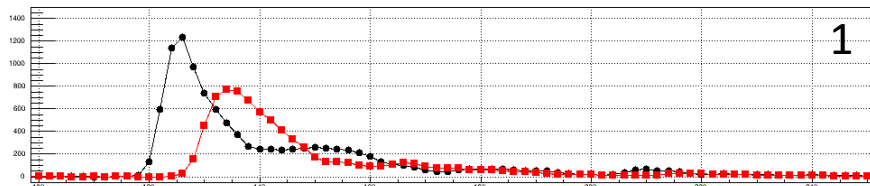
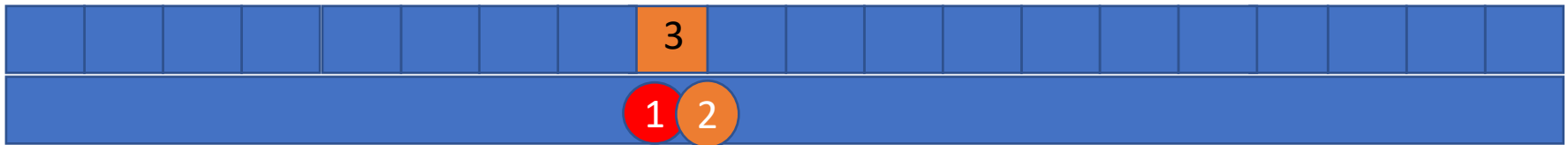
## Fit height vs Signal height



# Search for multiple hits at single module

Select events two particle maybe penetrated single module

- Single hits on upper plane
- Two hits on lower plane
- Hit positions on lower plane are placed under the upper hit module



Fitting performance will be checked for hit timings and hit positions

# Summary

- Neutron multiplicity on the neutron detector array with MC.
- To analysis multi-hit event, I designed fitting function for neutron detector.
- Fitting result was reasonable for -20 ns to 50 ns.
- Fitting test for multi-hit events will be tested not so far future.

Thanks!