

K-Koto Meeting

2020/10/20

YoungJun Kim

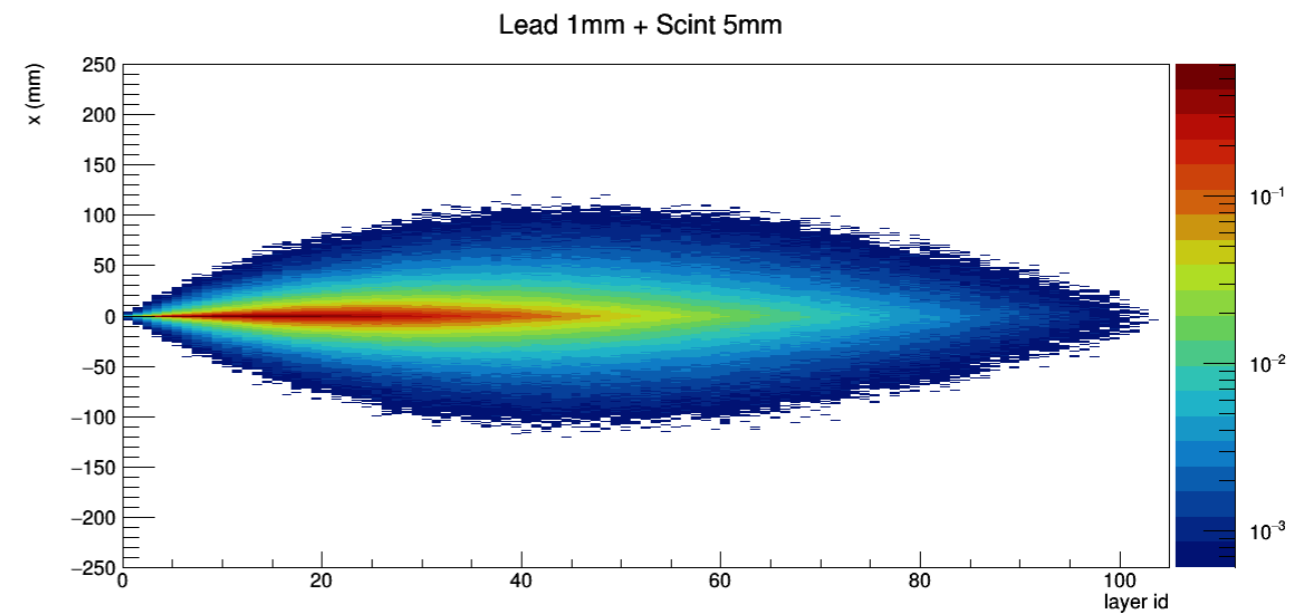
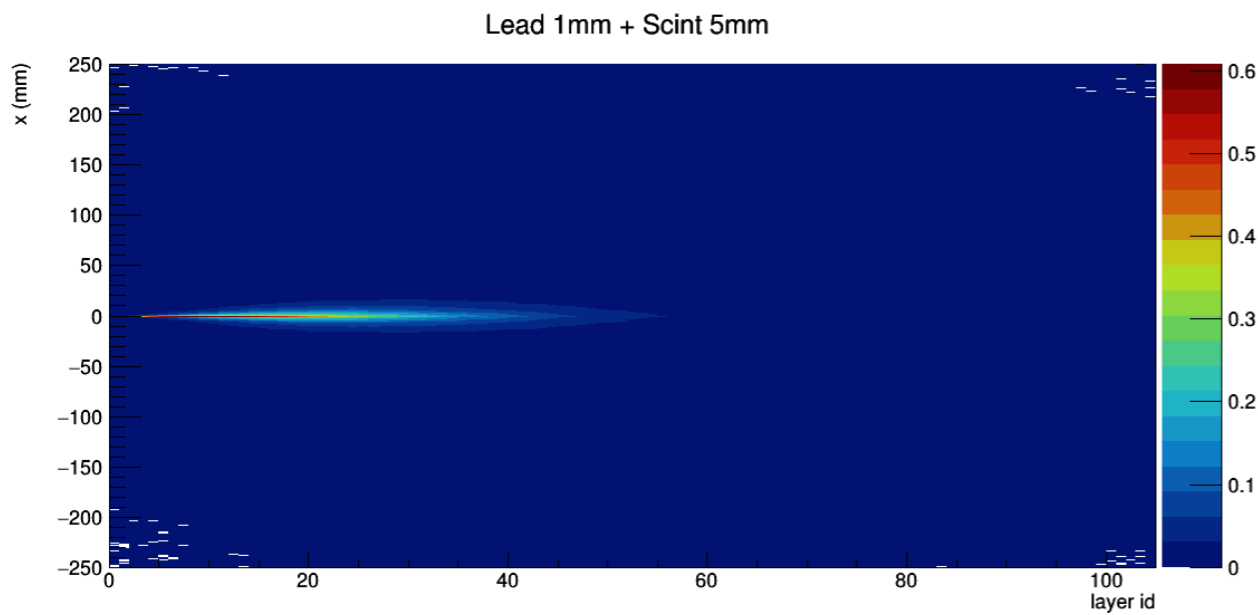
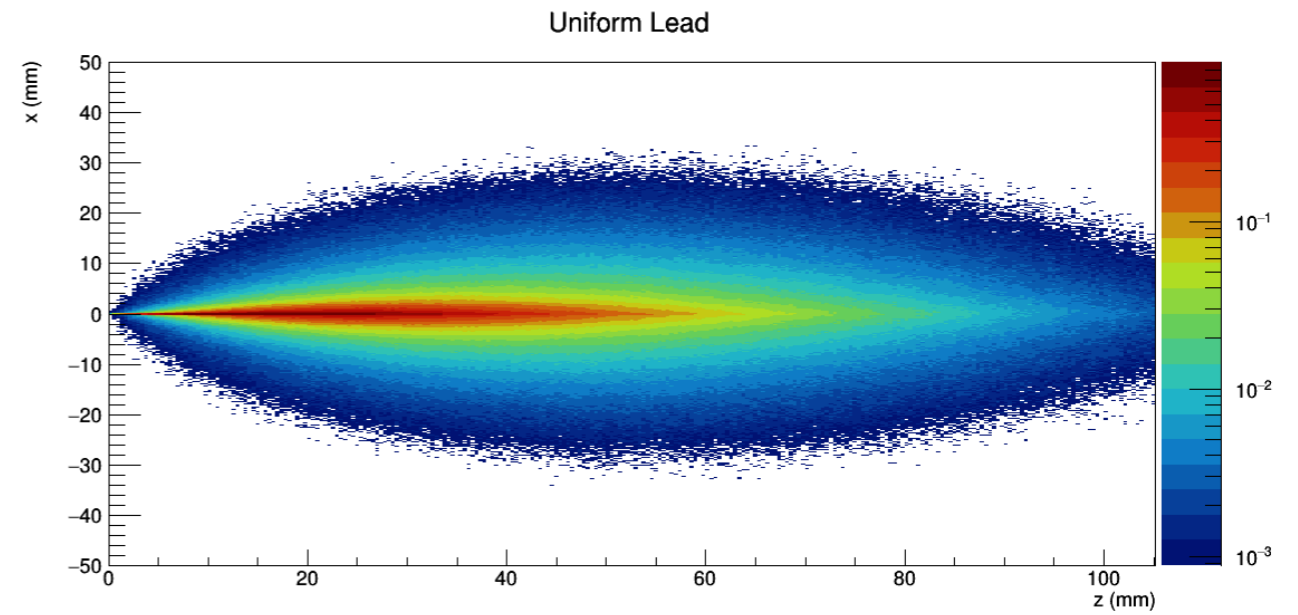
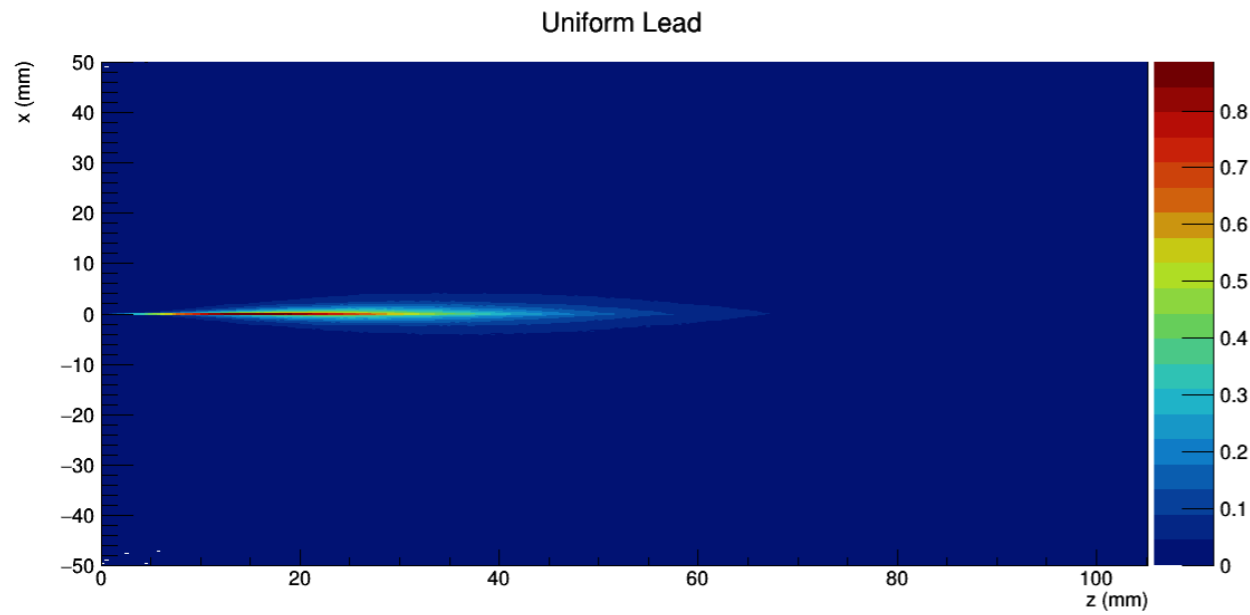
Working List

- Size effect
 - Full active uniform detector (Lead)
 - Shower profile?
 - Angle reconstruction using Step Hit Info.
- Cluster properties
 - Energy distribution?
 - Counting rate?
 - Energy threshold (for scintillator segment)?
- Detector properties
 - Effective radiation length
 - Effective moliere radius

Uniform Lead Detector

- Full active uniform detector
- Uniform lead, $50\text{cm} \times 50\text{cm} \times 50\text{cm}$ Box shape
 - $50\text{cm} \sim 89 X_0$ for Pb

Uniform Lead Shower Profile

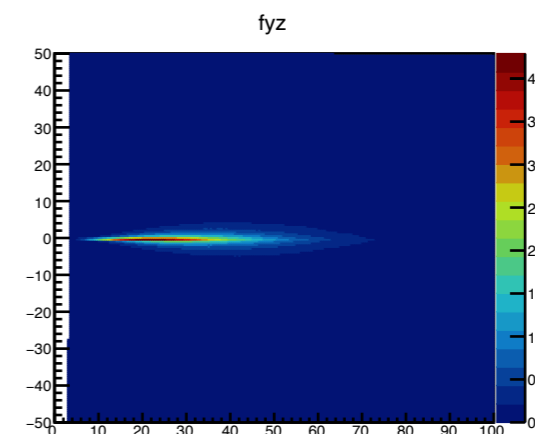
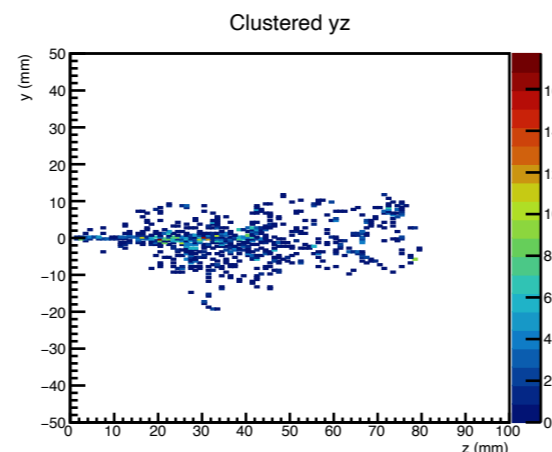
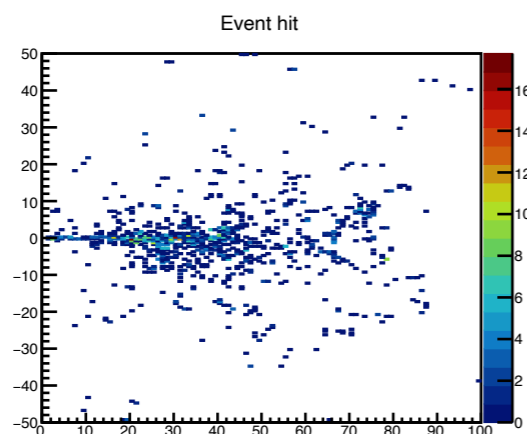
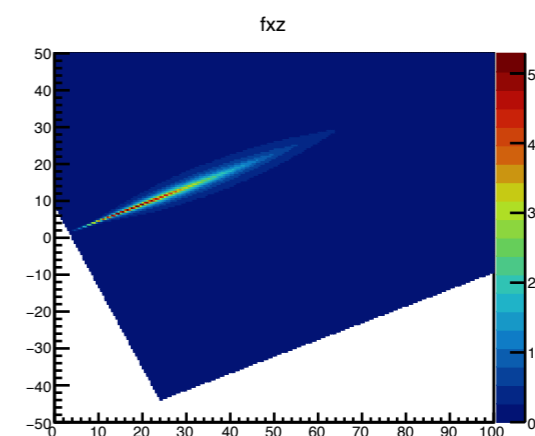
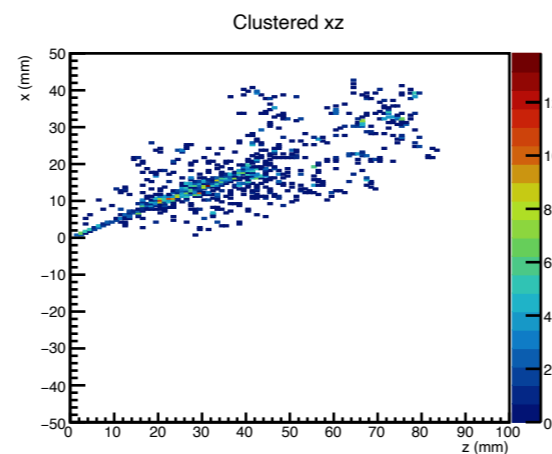
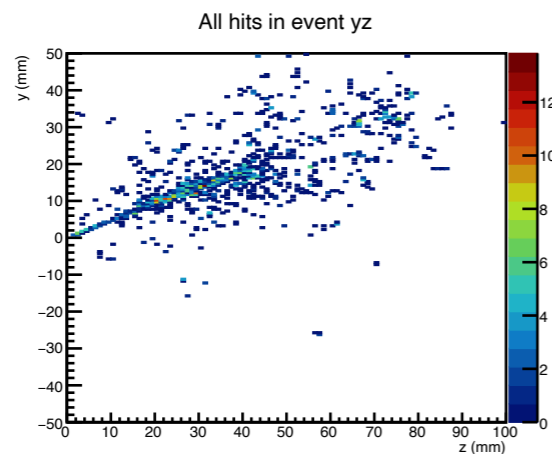


normal scale

Log z scale

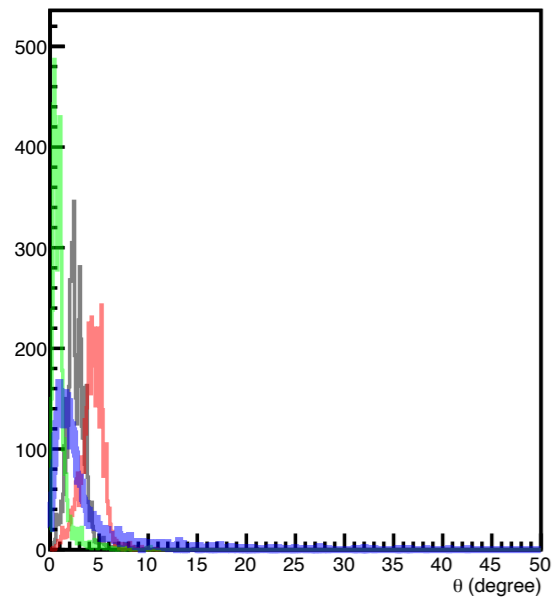
Uniform Lead Detector

- Angle reconstruction using Step Hit Info.
 - 200×200 binning : z (0, 100 mm), xy (-50mm, 50mm)
 - 0.5 mm bin ($\sim 1 X_0$)
 - Get ShowerPDF from the shower histogram instead of parametrization
 - Clustering size $Z : \pm 3$ bins, $XY : \pm 3$ bins

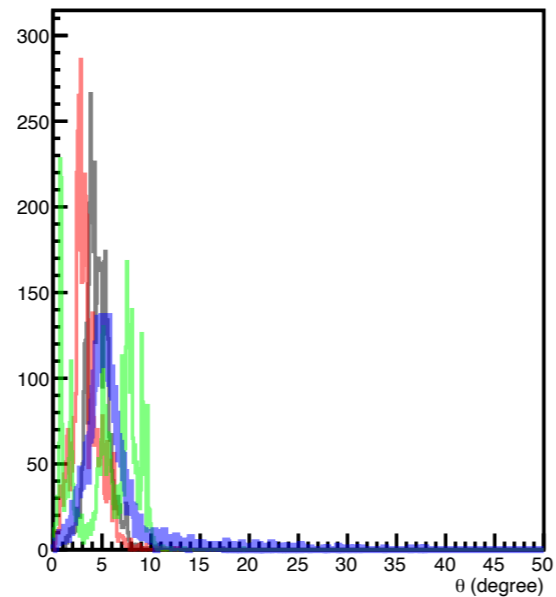


Uniform Lead Detector (Angle Recon.)

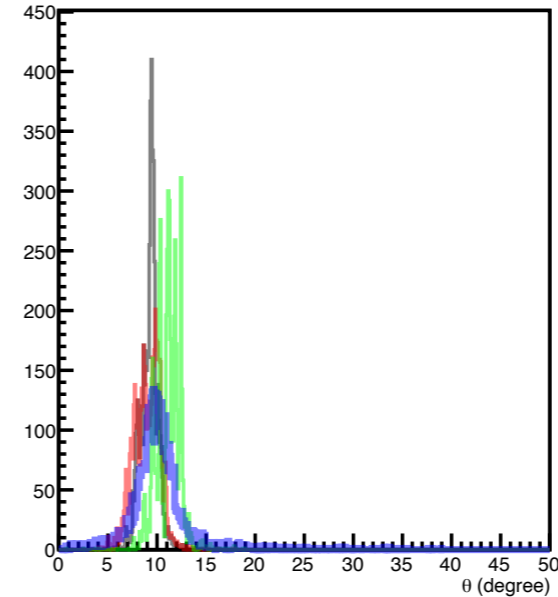
theta 0 deg, phi 0 deg



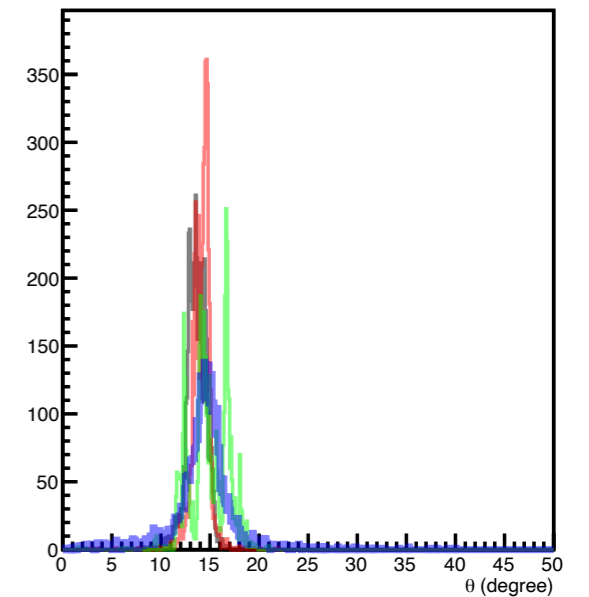
theta 5 deg, phi 0 deg



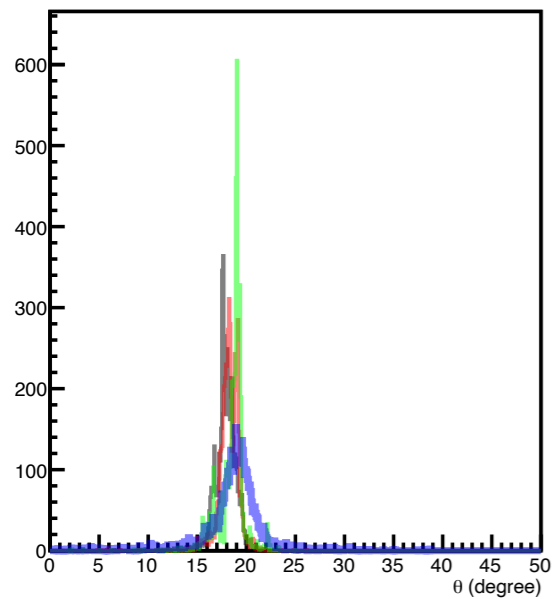
theta 10 deg, phi 0 deg



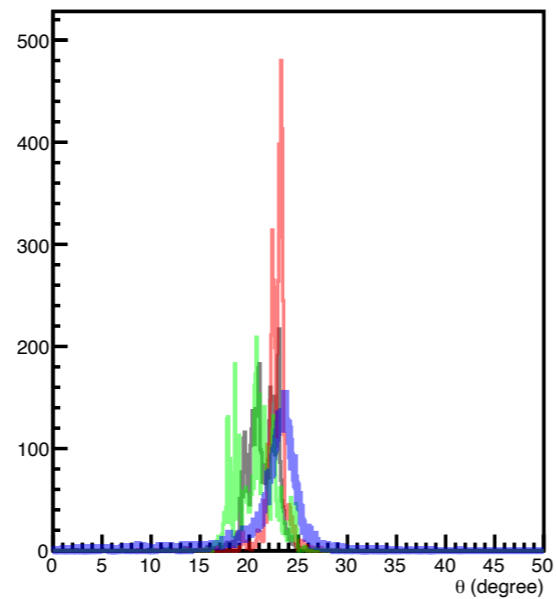
theta 15 deg, phi 0 deg



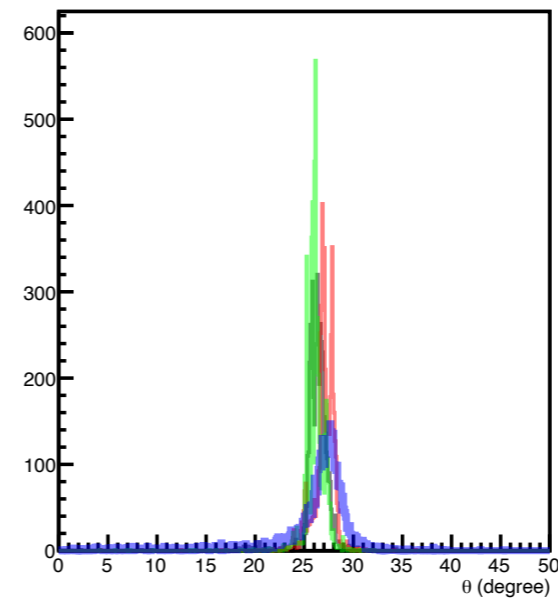
theta 20 deg, phi 0 deg



theta 25 deg, phi 0 deg



theta 30 deg, phi 0 deg



black 5mm
red 1cm
green 2cm
blue Uniform Pb

Uniform Lead Detector (Angle Recon.)

