

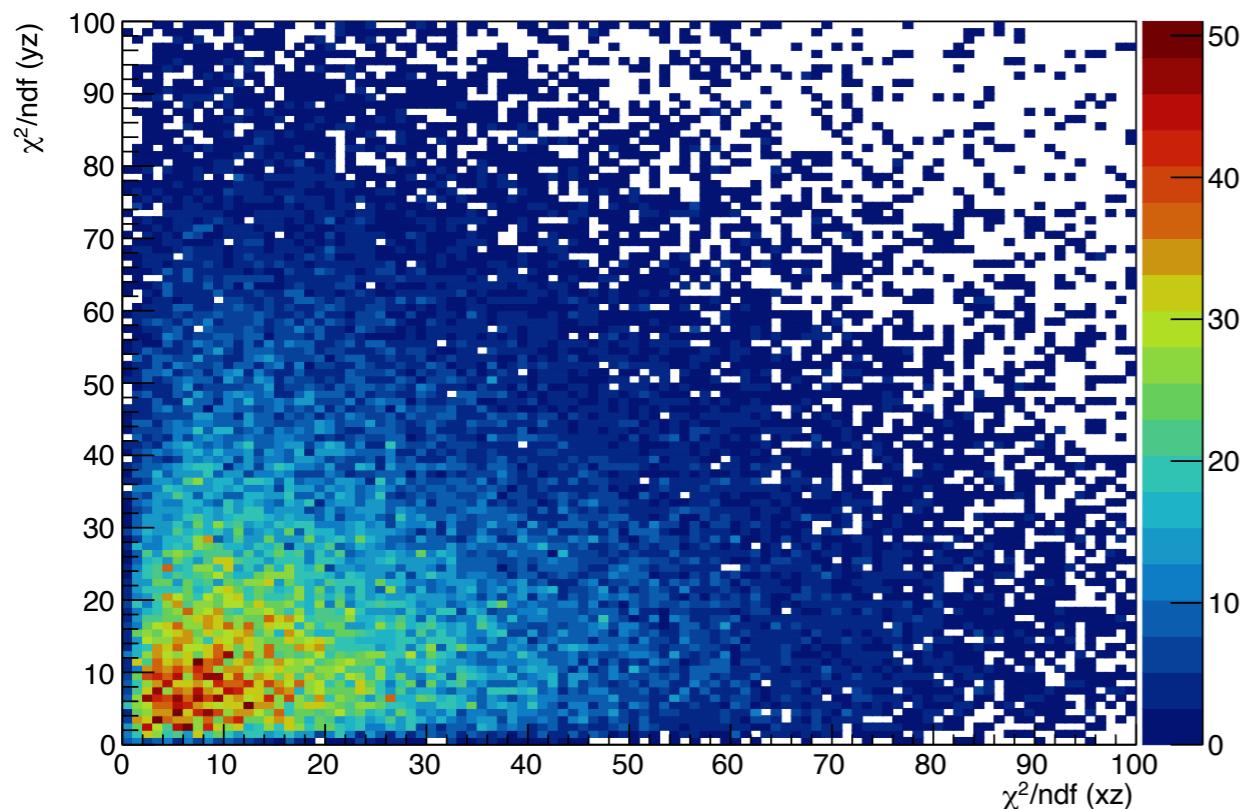
K-Koto Meeting

2020/04/29

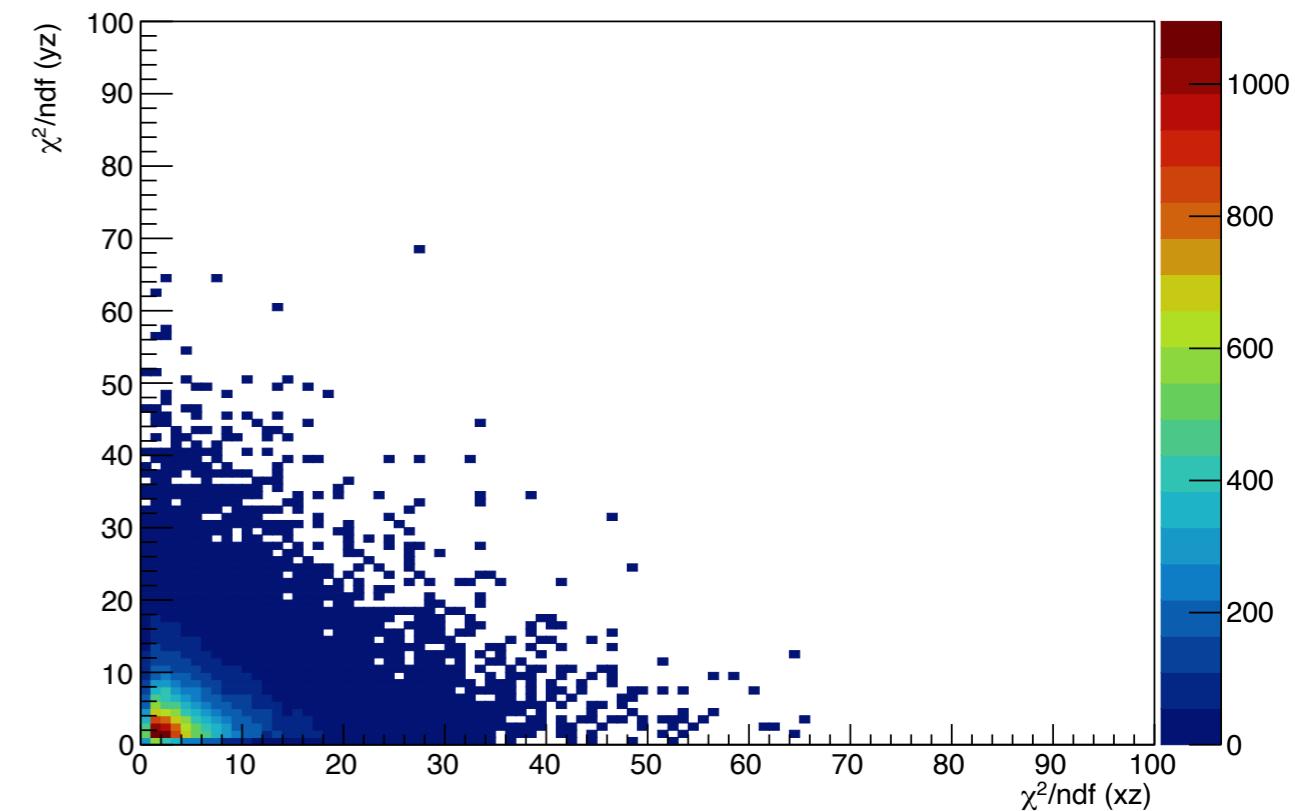
YoungJun Kim



χ^2 (yz vs. xz)

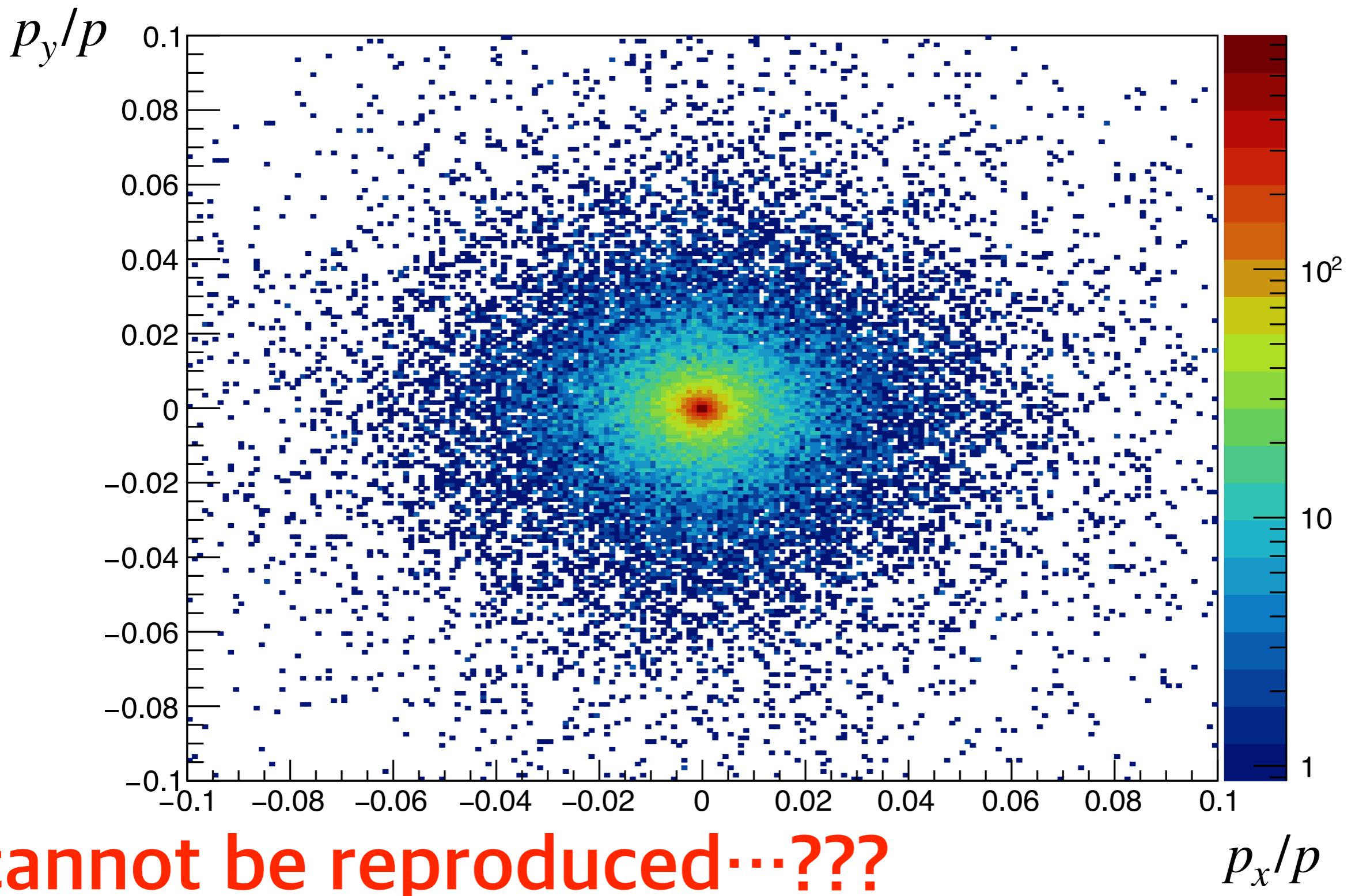


w/o any algorithm

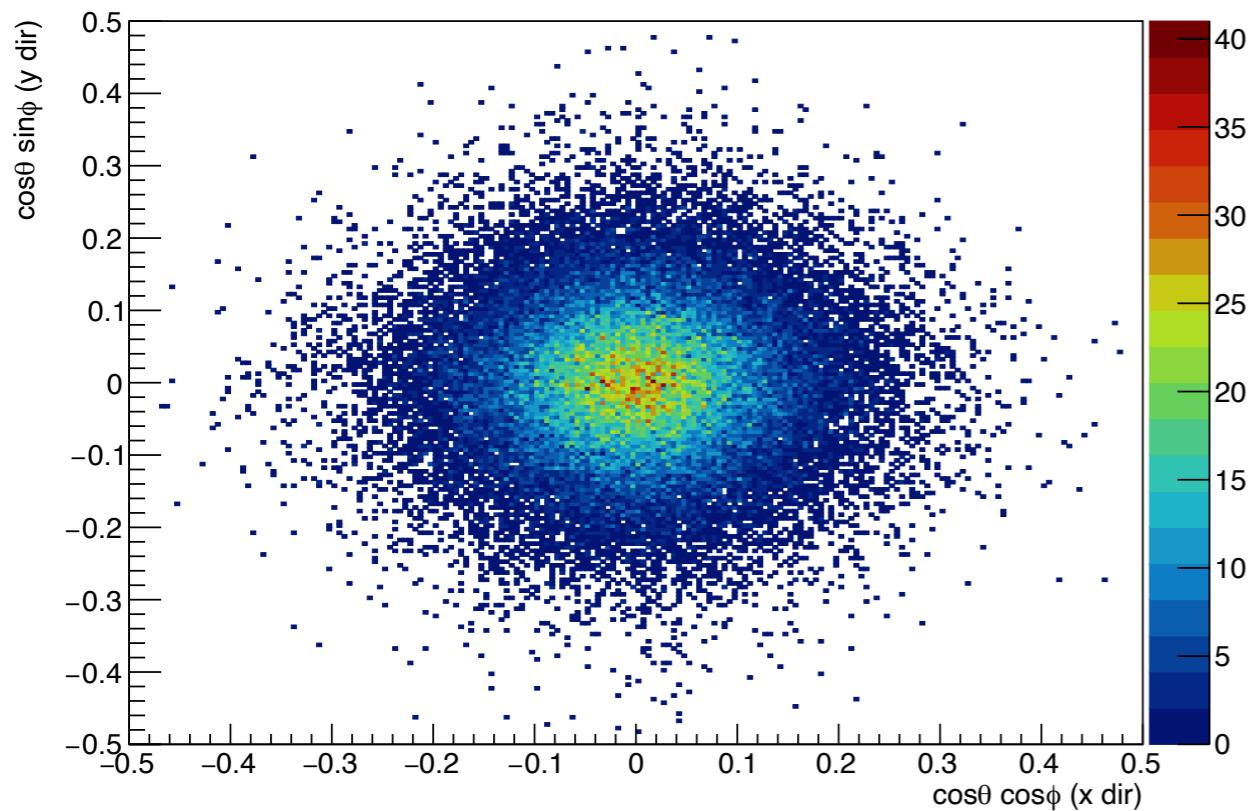


Distance cut 100mm
Energy weighted fit

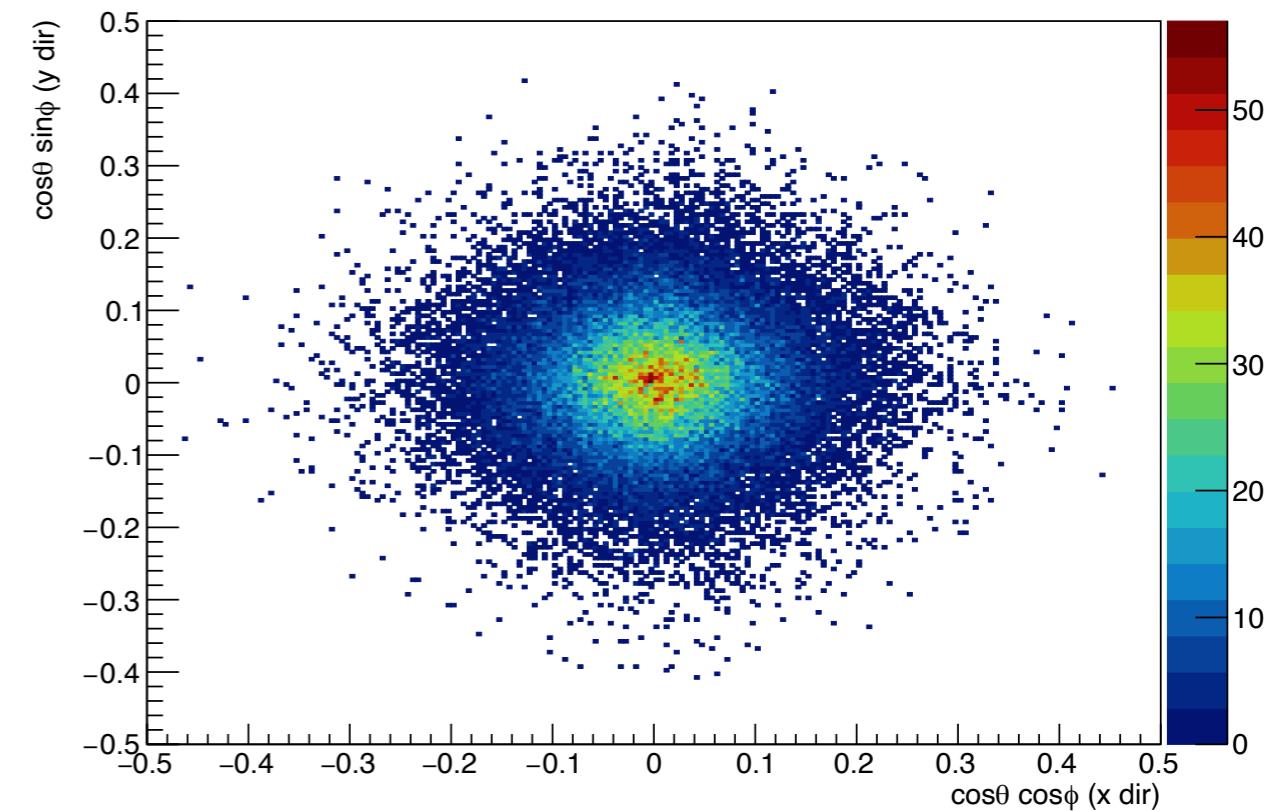
Spread on XY axis (Log scale) - w/o any algorithm



Fit results

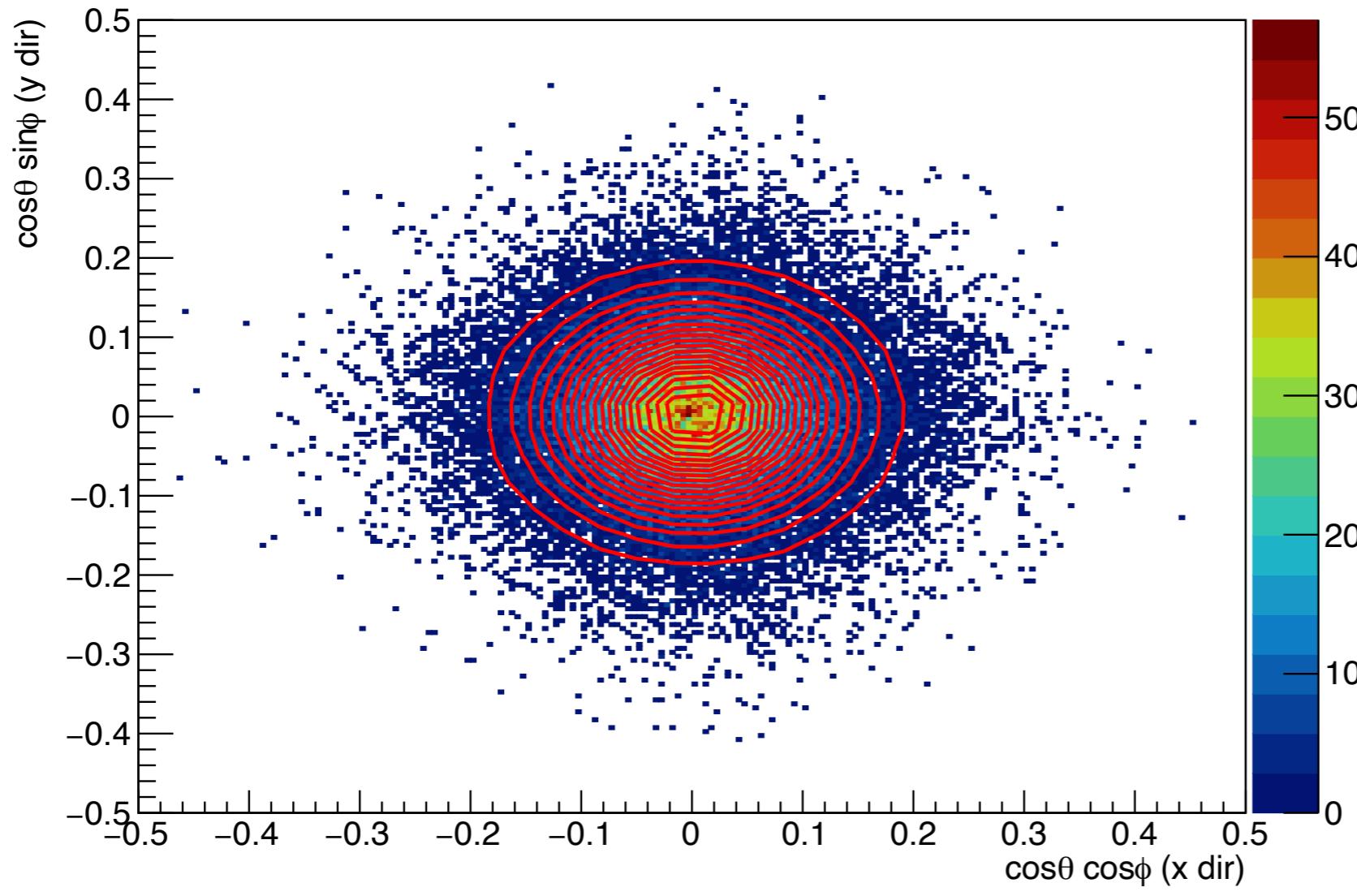


w/o any algorithm



Distance cut 100mm
Energy weighted fit

Angular resolution



$$Gaus(x, y) = Ae^{-(a(x-x_0)^2 + 2b(x-x_0)(y-y_0) + c(y-y_0)^2)}$$

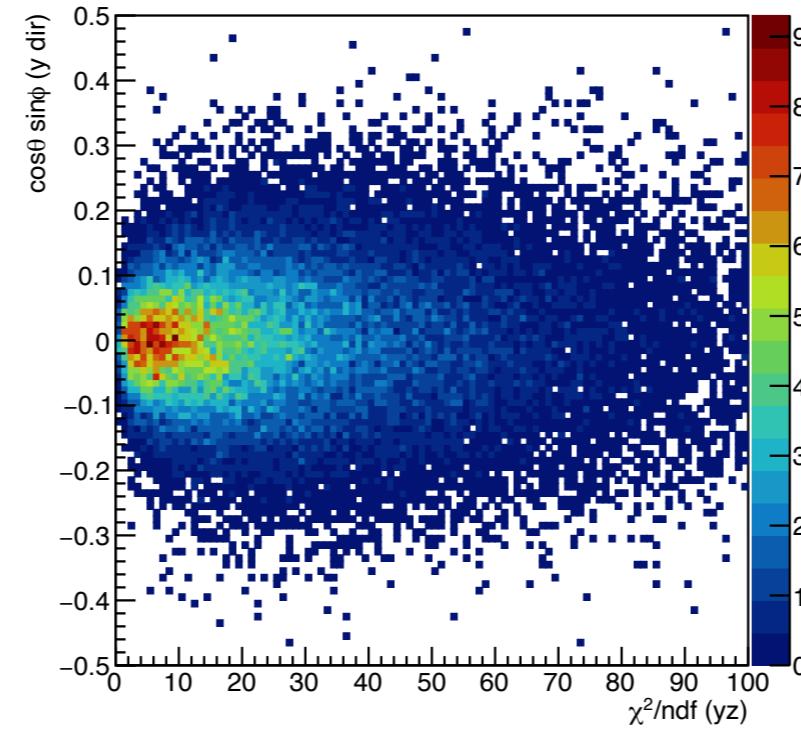
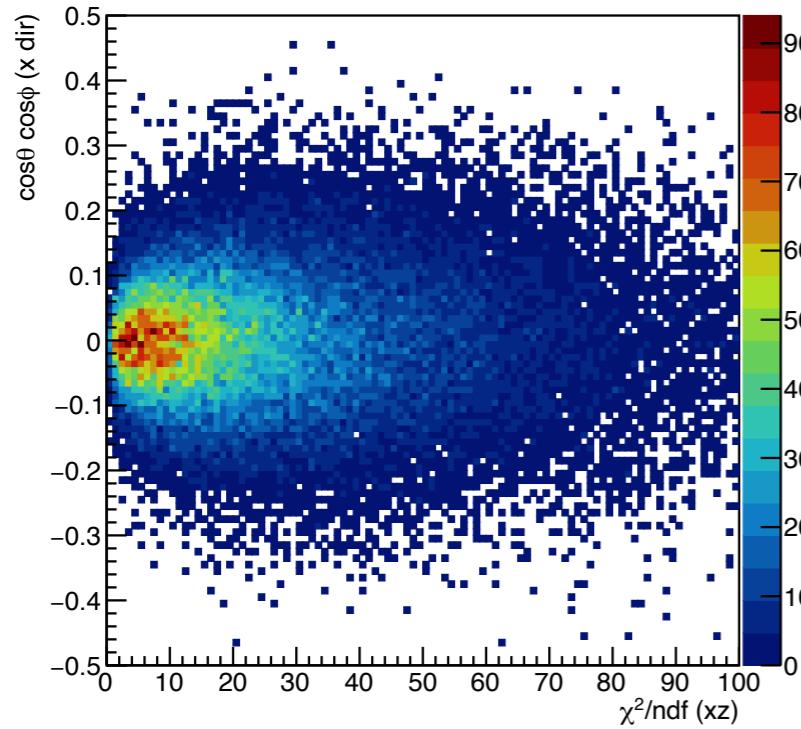
$$a = \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{2\sigma_X^2} + \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{2\sigma_Y^2}$$

$$b = -\frac{\sin 2\theta}{4\sigma_X^2} + \frac{\sin 2\theta}{4\sigma_Y^2}$$

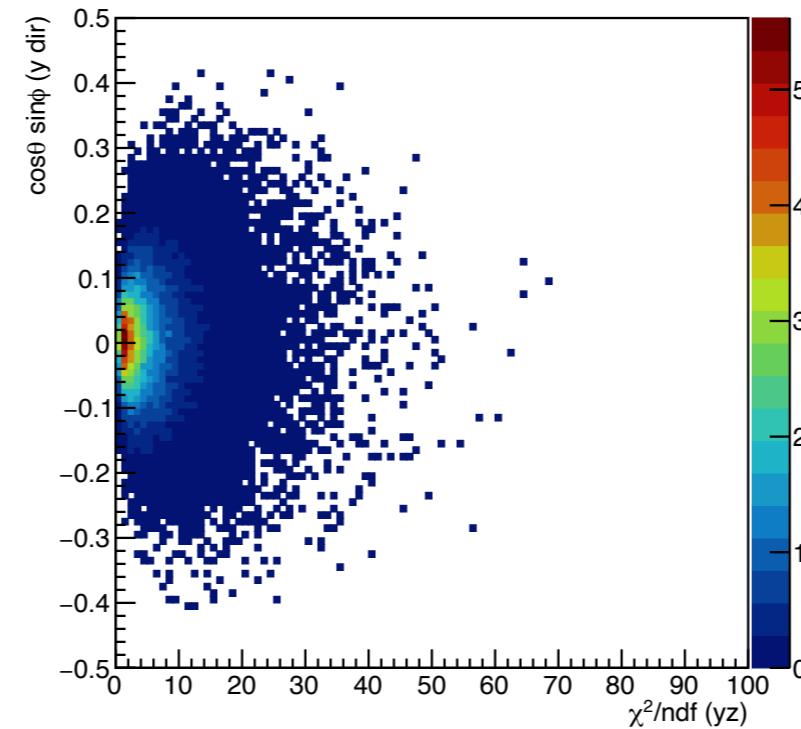
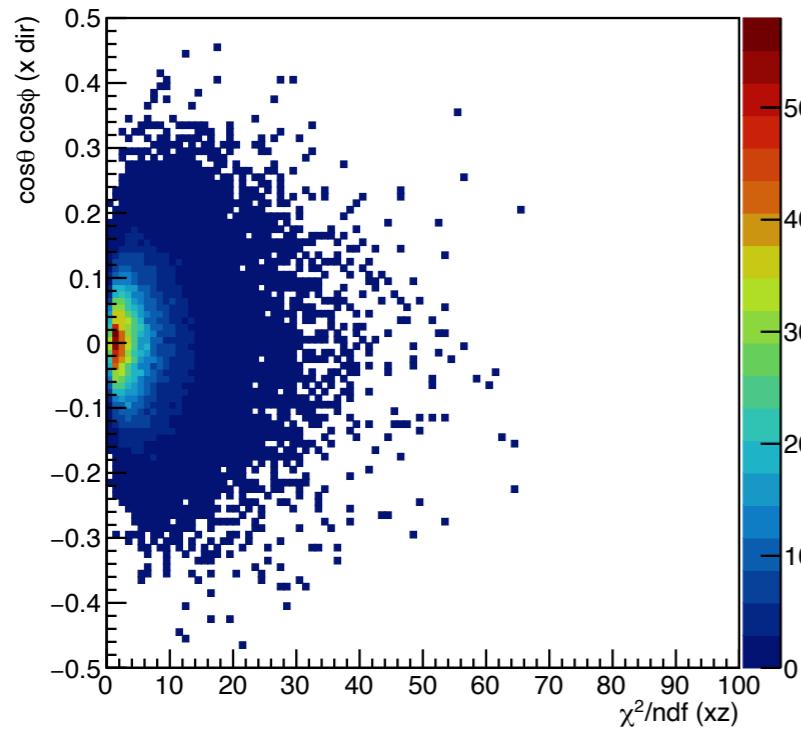
$$c = \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{2\sigma_X^2} + \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{2\sigma_Y^2}$$

or $Gaus(x, y) = Ae^{-((x-x_0)^2+(y-y_0)^2)/2\sigma^2}$ (if symmetric on xy plane)

Fit result vs. χ^2



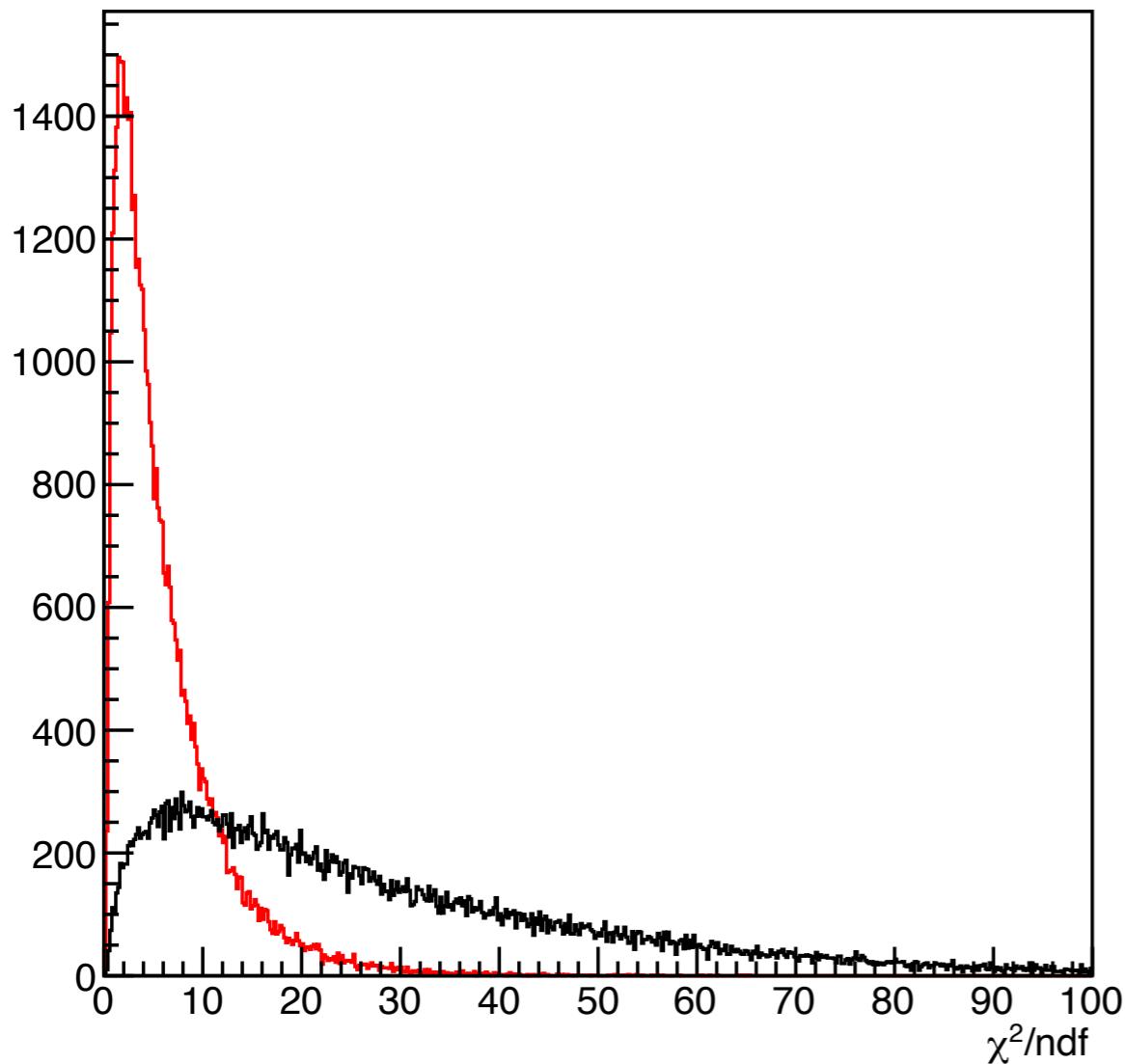
w/o any algorithm



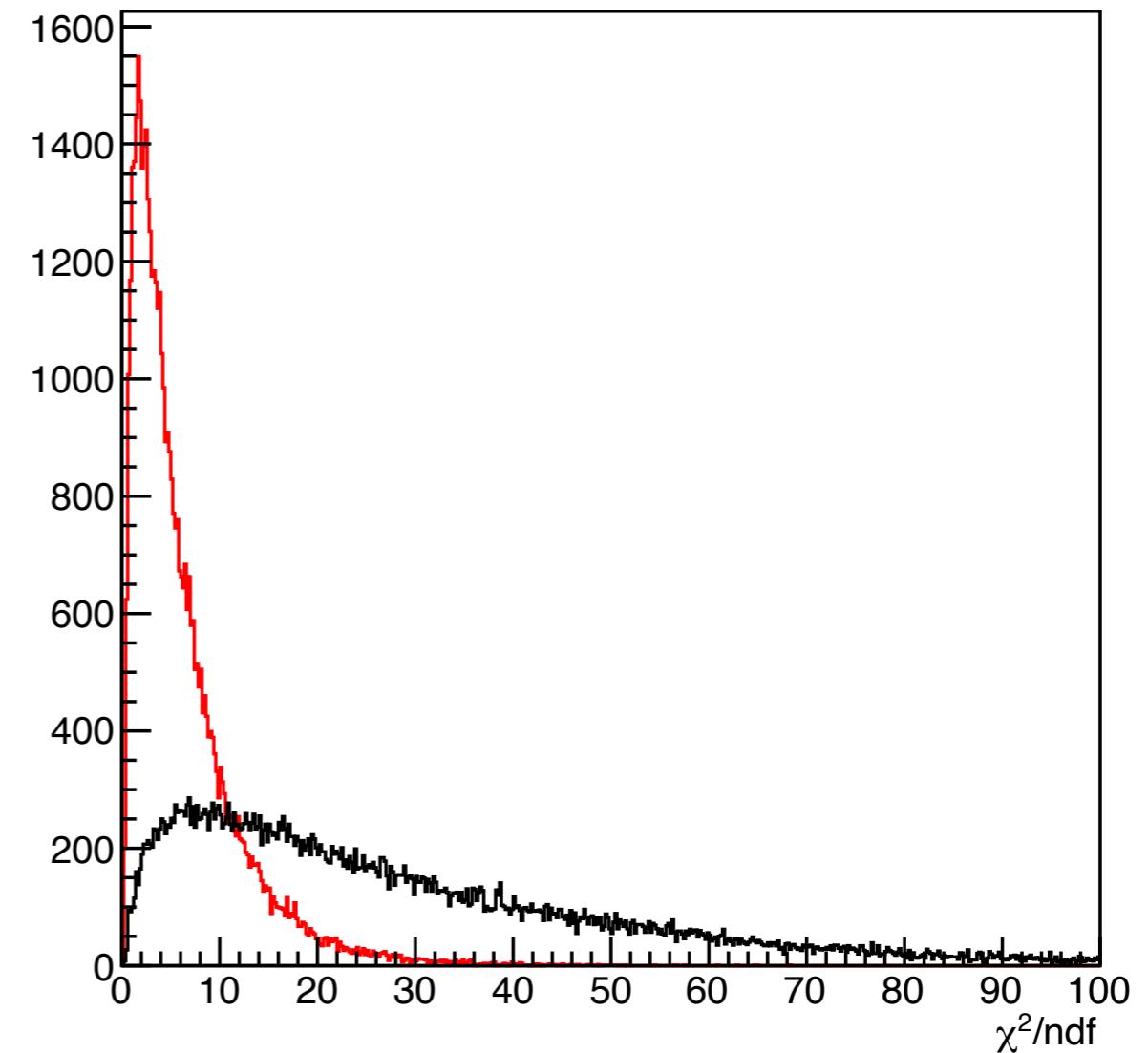
Distance cut 100mm
Energy weighted fit

χ^2 distribution

xz axis



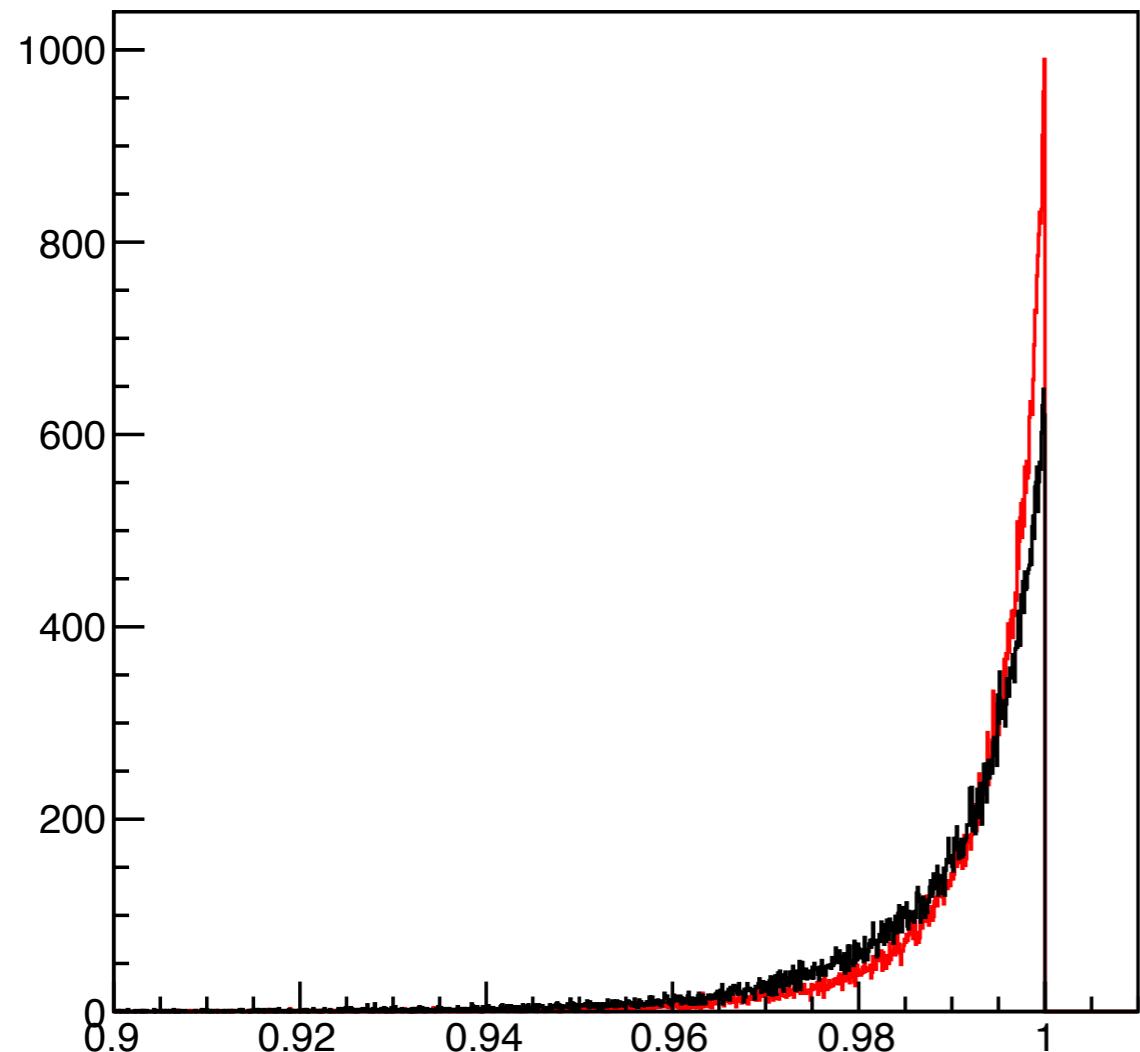
yz axis



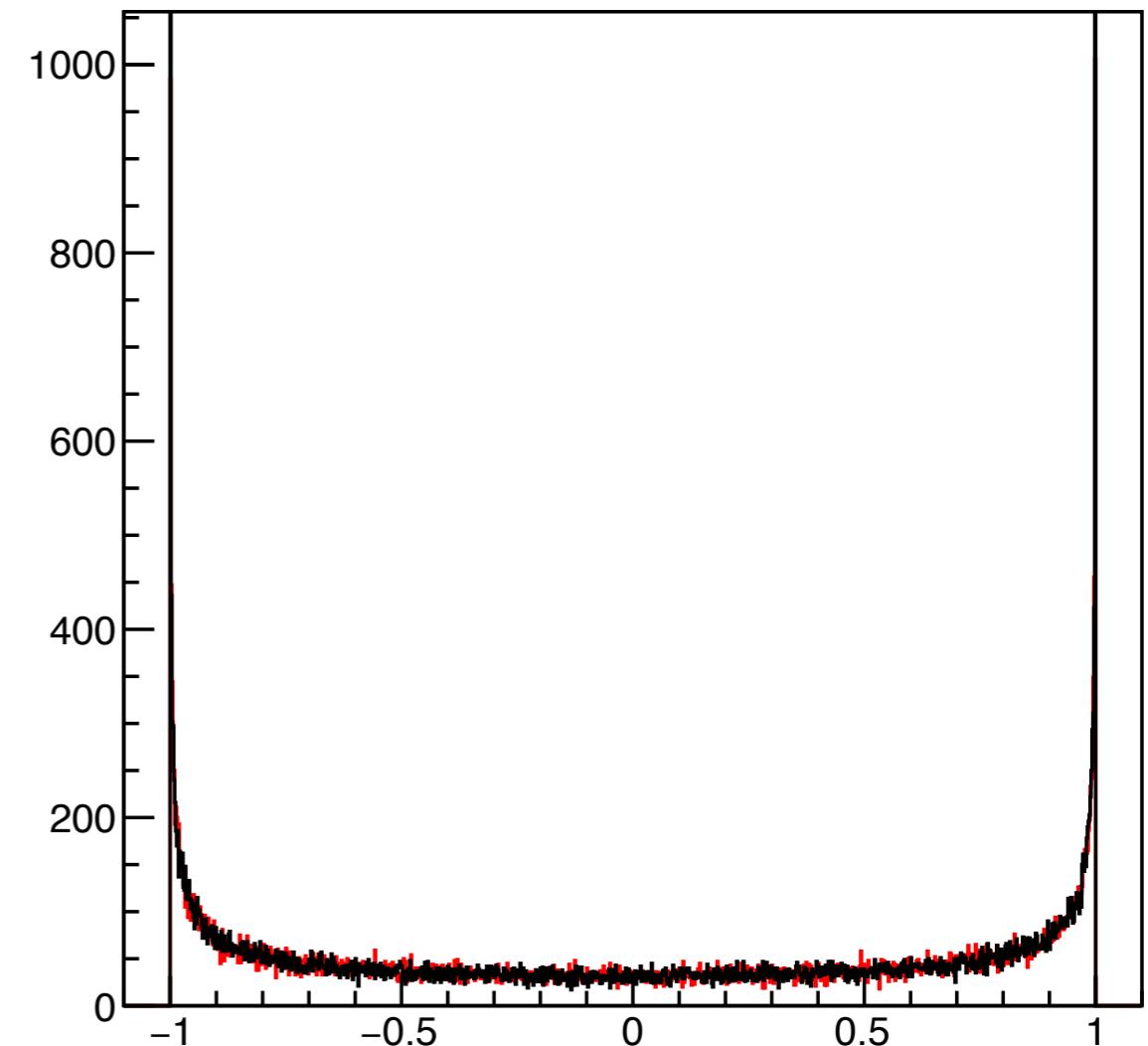
Red : new method
Black : old method

Angular distributions

$\cos\theta$



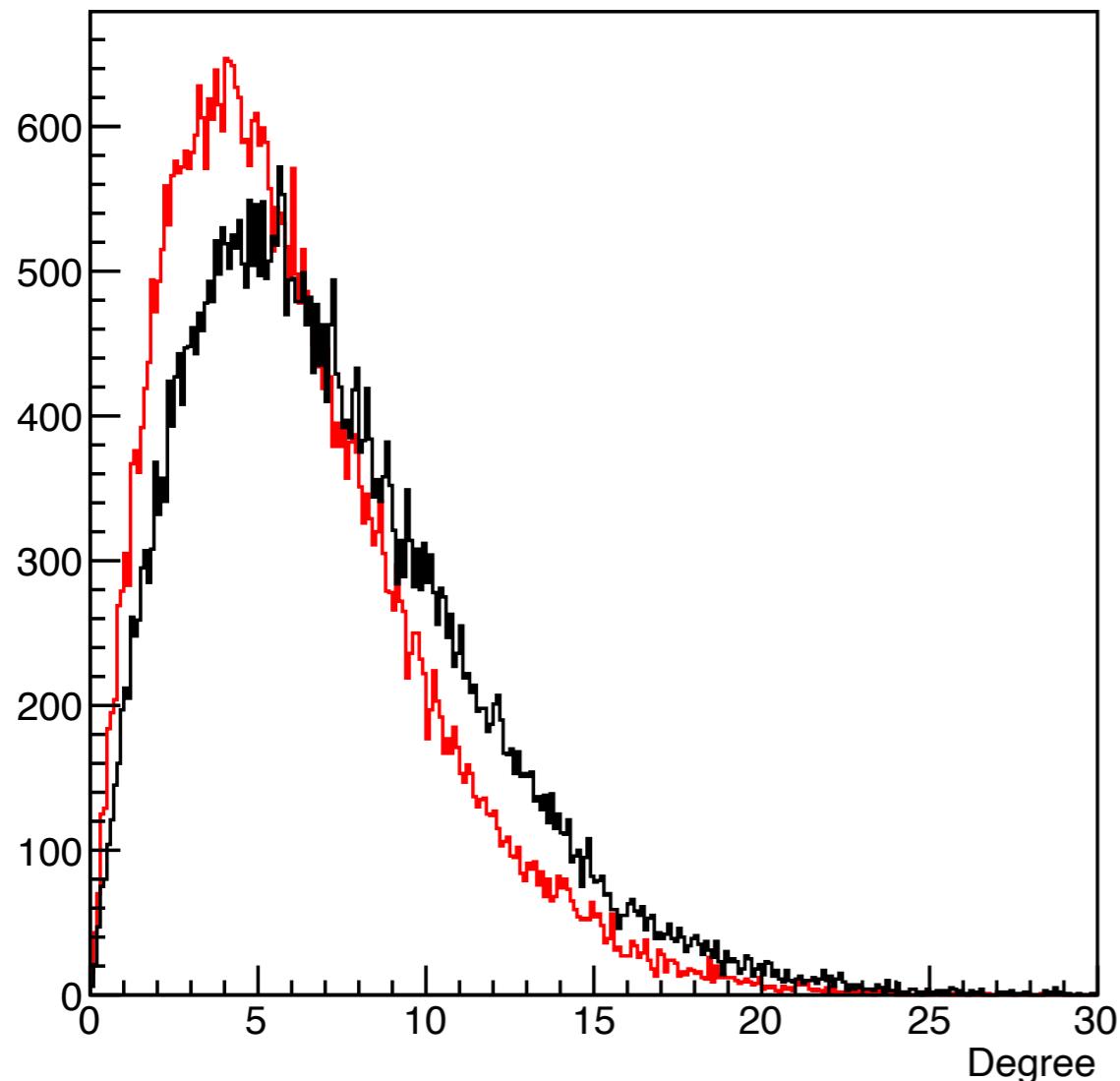
$\sin\phi$



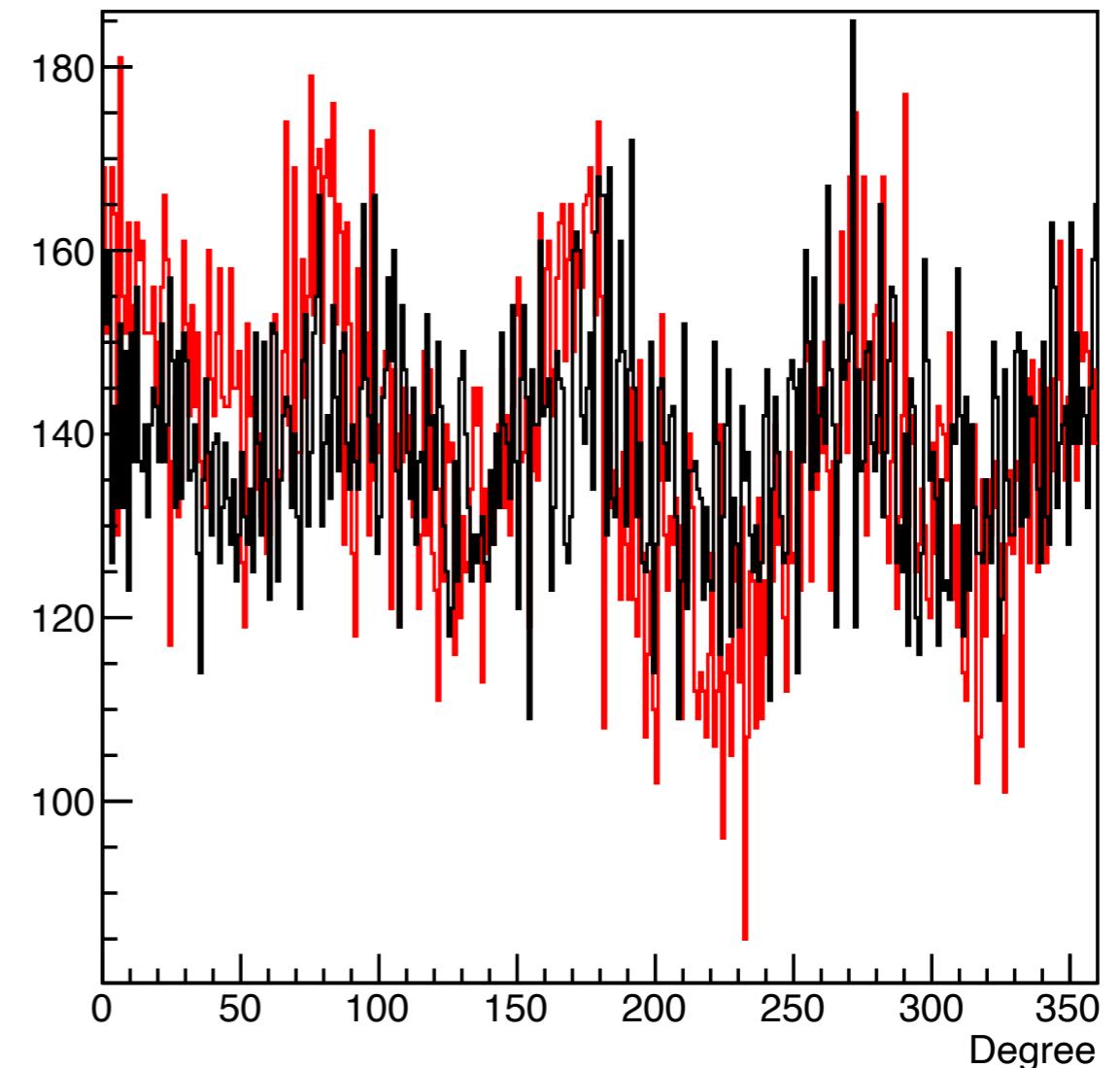
Red : new method
Black : old method

Angular distributions

θ

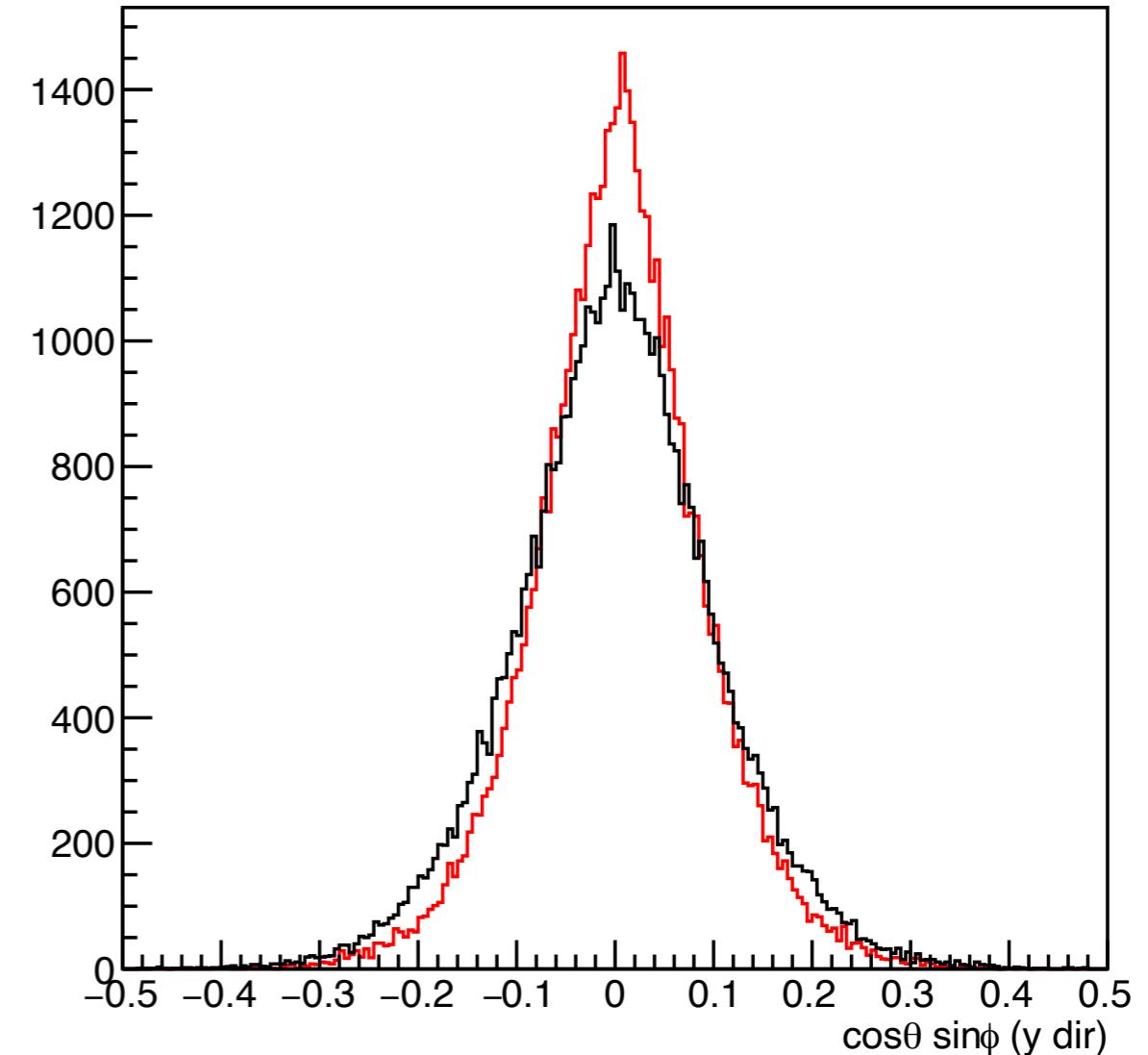
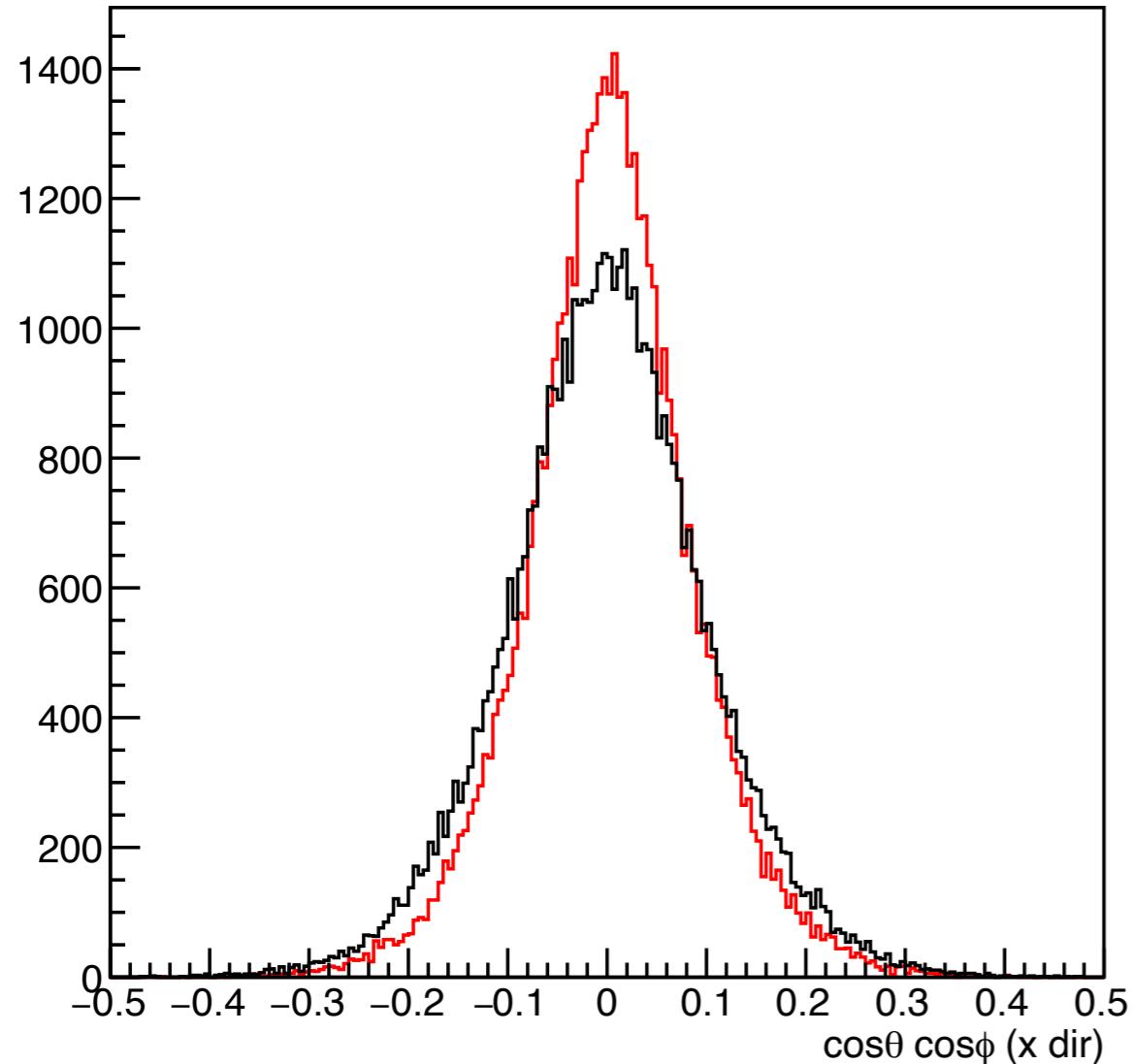


ϕ



Red : new method
Black : old method

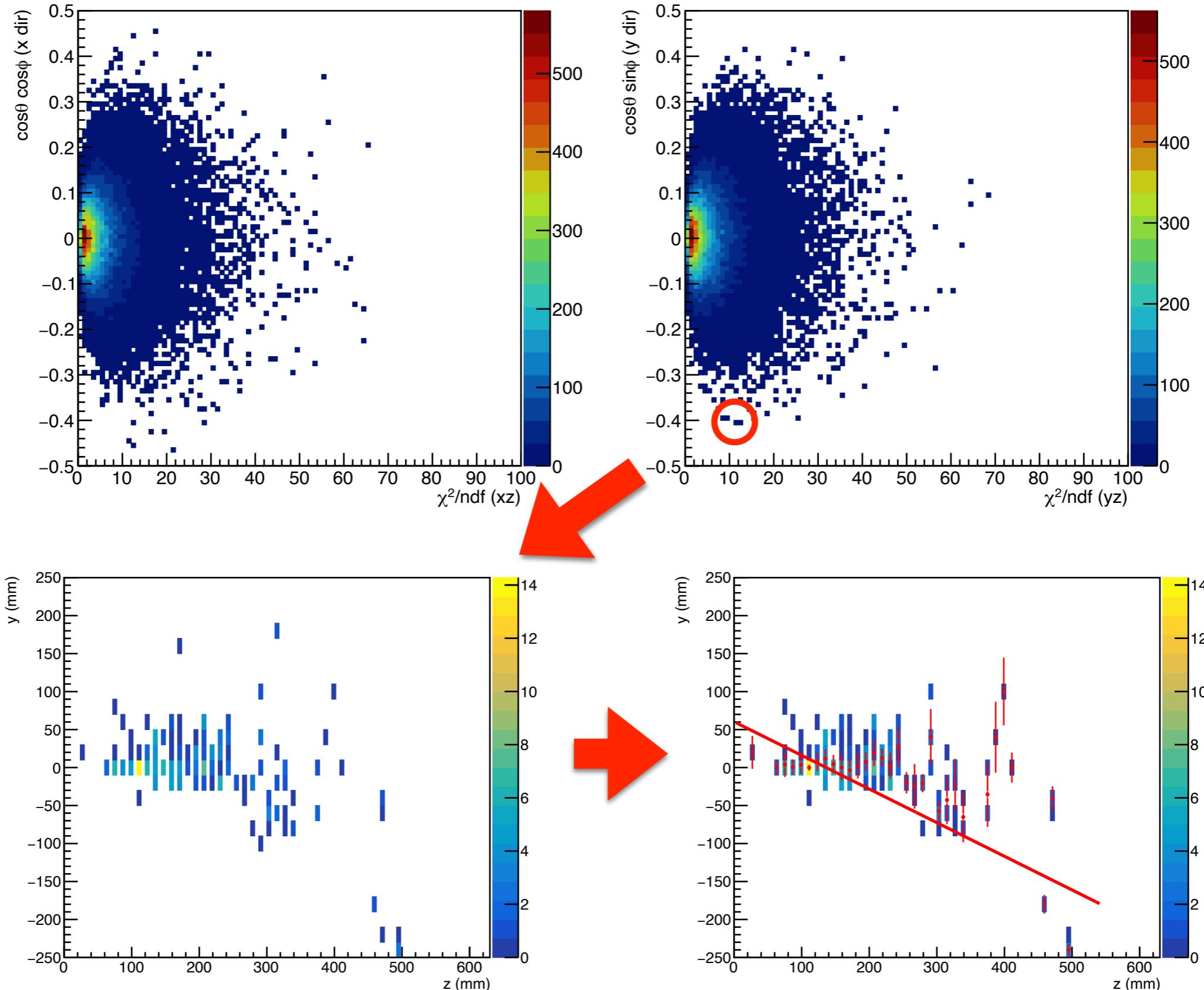
Fit results



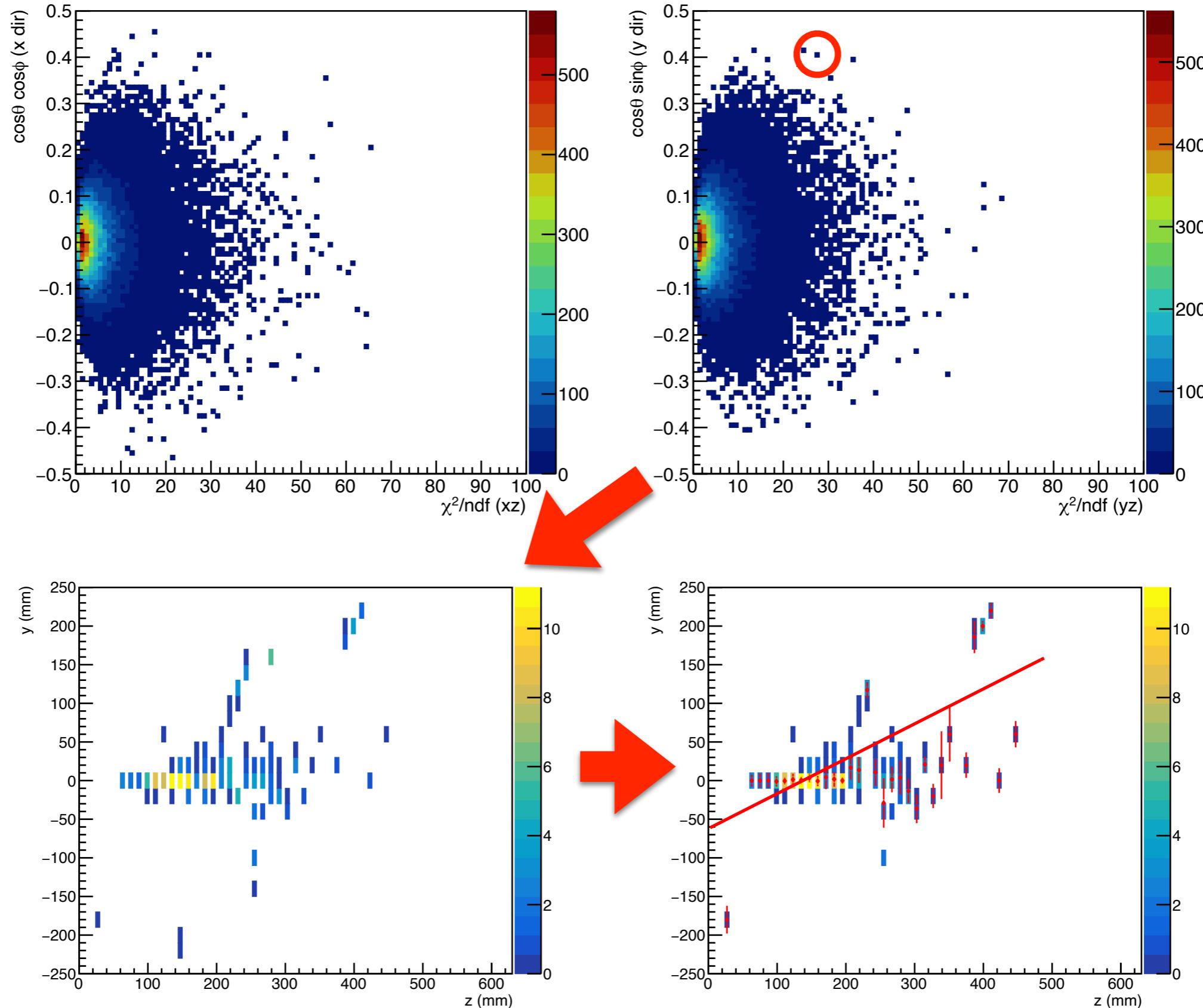
Red : new method
Black : old method

back up

Fit result vs. χ^2



Fit result vs. χ^2



Fit result vs. χ^2

