

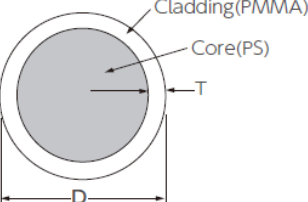
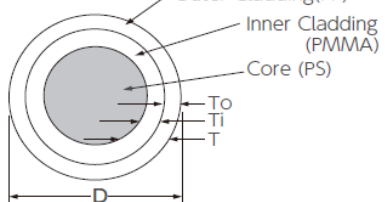
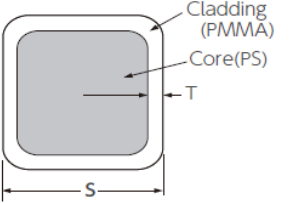
WLS fiber Study

Jae Min Choi

Trapping Efficiency

Trapping Efficiency

Cross-section and Cladding Thickness

	Single Cladding	Multi-Cladding (M)
Round Fiber (D)	 <p>Cladding Thickness¹⁾: T=2% of D Numerical Aperture: NA=0.55 Trapping Efficiency : 3.1%</p>	 <p>Cladding Thickness²⁾: T=2%(To)+2%(Ti) =4% of D Numerical Aperture : NA=0.72 Trapping Efficiency : 5.4%</p>
Square Fiber (SQ)	 <p>Cladding Thickness : T=2% of S Numerical Aperture : NA=0.55 Trapping Efficiency : 4.2%</p>	Not available

1) In some cases, cladding thickness T is 3% of D. 2) In some cases, cladding thickness T is 6% of D. To and Ti are both 3% of D.

<Properties table of Y-11>

Critical Angle for total reflection in WLS fiber

- Refractive Index of core : 1.59
- Refractive index of cladding : 1.49

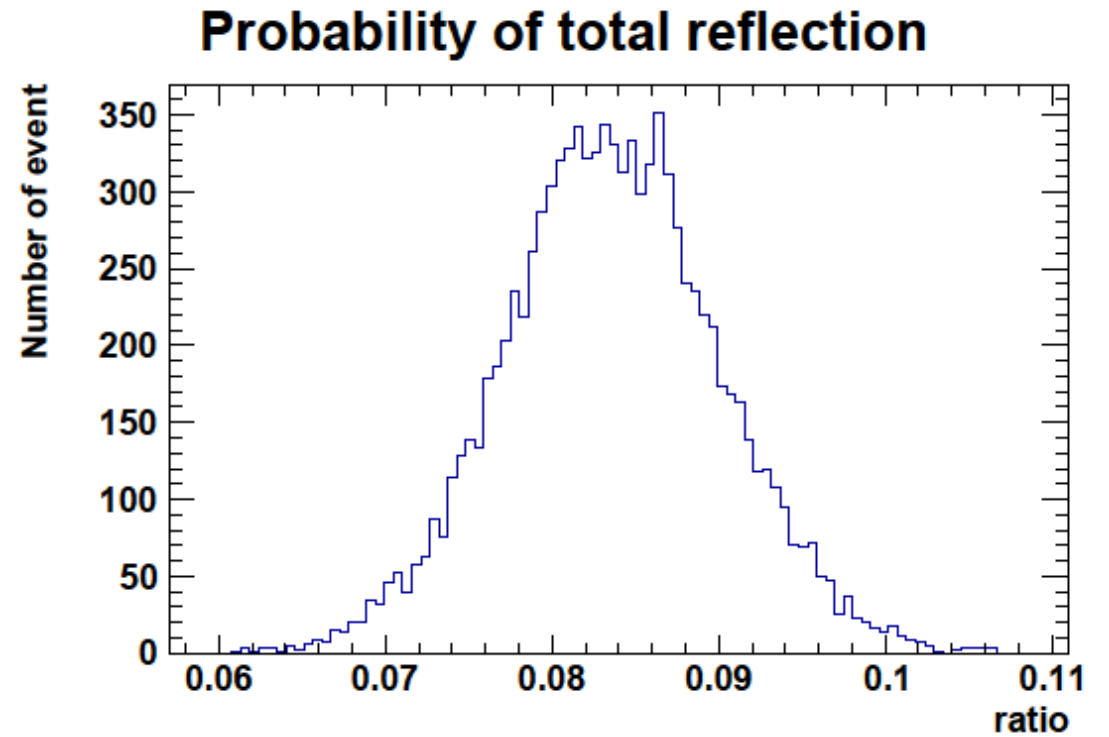
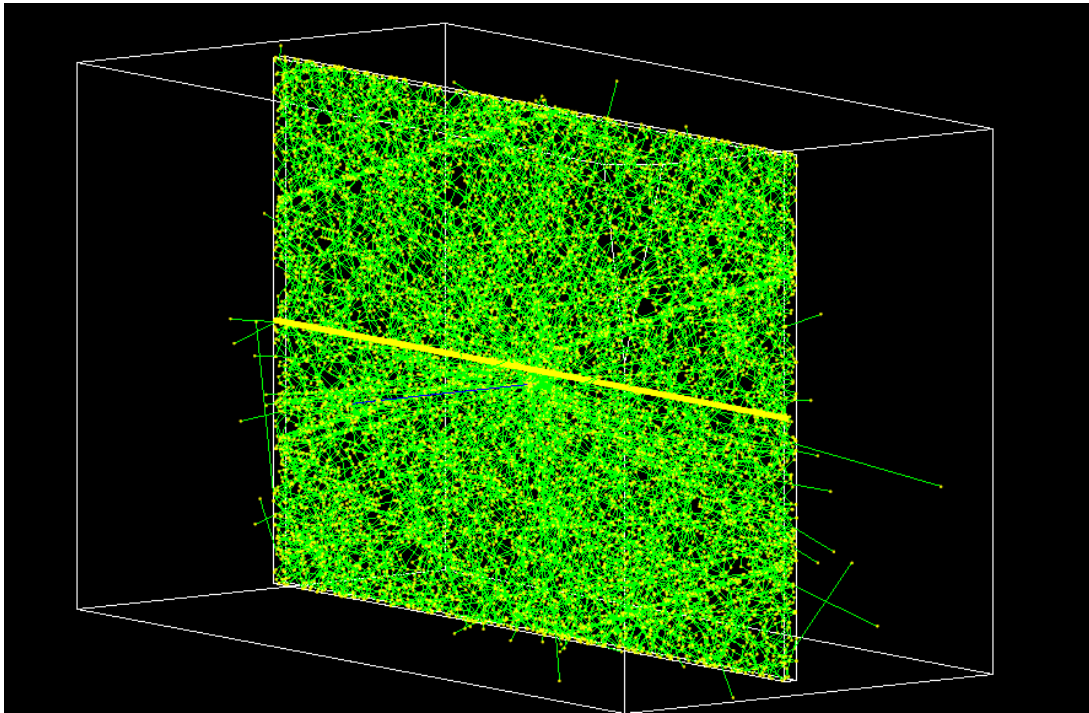
$$\text{critical angle } \theta_c = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1.49}{1.59}\right) = 69.57^\circ$$

Assume that there is no attenuation and emission occurs isotropically. Probability for total reflection is

$$P = \frac{2 \times \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^{20^\circ} \sin\theta d\theta d\phi}{\int d\Omega} = \frac{2 \times 0.06}{2} = 6\%$$

<Calculated results of Trapping Efficiency>

Probability for total reflection



Ratio between the number of WLS process and the number of photon arrived at MPPC

Average of absorption ratio 0.084 is larger than our calculation 0.06.

New Calculation

Equation for total reflection

- As a results

$$\sin \theta = \frac{\cos \psi_c}{1 - \frac{a^2}{R^2} \sin^2 \varphi}$$

Reflectivity

Fresnel's Equation

- Reflectivity can be calculated by Fresnel's equation.
- If direction of polarization is parallel to incident plane, transmittance and reflectivity is as follows

$$R = \left(\frac{\alpha - \beta}{\alpha + \beta}\right)^2 \quad \text{and} \quad T = \alpha\beta \left(\frac{2}{\alpha + \beta}\right)^2$$
$$\left(\alpha = \frac{\cos \theta_t}{\cos \theta_i} \quad \text{and} \quad \beta = \frac{\mu_1 n_2}{\mu_2 n_1}\right)$$

Fresnel's Equation

- If direction of polarization is perpendicular to incident plane, transmittance and reflectivity is as follows

$$R = \left(\frac{1-\alpha\beta}{1+\alpha\beta}\right)^2 \quad \text{and} \quad T = \alpha\beta\left(\frac{2}{1+\alpha\beta}\right)^2$$
$$\left(\alpha = \frac{\cos \theta_t}{\cos \theta_i} \quad \text{and} \quad \beta = \frac{\mu_1 n_2}{\mu_2 n_1}\right)$$

- Anyway, when total internal reflection occurs, α goes to 0, so R is equal to 1.
- That is, reflectivity is equal to 1.

Fresnel's Equation

- By previous slide, we can check that Reflectivity is function of incident angle, refractive index of two medium.
- In Geant4, total reflection is realized as `G4OpBoundaryProcess`, and it means that we don't have to set refractivity.
- Reflectivity will be determined automatically.

Mail from Kuraray



Osamu.Shinji@kuraray.com

Naoya.Sato, Yuuki.Imamiya, Shota.Moriyama, 나, Katsuhiko.Fujita에게 ▾

2019. 7. 16. 오후 6:10 (16시간 전)



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Dear Jae Min Choi-san,

Thank you for your interesting for our fibers and your questions.
I am one of technicals of KURARAY's schintillating fiber for a long years.
I am trying to answer here to your questions, too.

Q1.

I cannot understand the meaning of your 'coating'.

Usually we uses 'coating' as a white coat or a black coat, for example, mainly in order to block and remove a cross-talk light from the neighbor fibers laying side-by-side.

If you must interested in our multi-cladding Y-11 fiber, our multi-cladding fiber has two cladding layers that have lower refractive indexes than the core polystyrene.

Therefore, our fiber can be an optical fiber in which optical rays can propagate by total reflection (reflection ratio is 100% thioetically) based on refractive index difference between core and cladding. The claddings here are not called as 'coating', as you know.

If you means 'coating' as a white paint or a aluminum spattering, both of them will be almost no use to increase light yield or fiber NA, although it is not easy to explain the reasons. .

Q2.

The trapping efficiency described in our web site is not observed value, but only one of simple calculations.

When one point at the center axe of WLS fiber emits green lights by a blue light irradiation from an outside scintillator,

the green light can be expected to spread spherically and isotropically.

Then the emitted lights between 0 and 26.7 degrees only can propagate to one fiber end.

This plus-minus 26.7 degrees of solid angle in circular cone vs. 4π (sphere) is correspond to 5.4% for our multi-cladding fiber.

This is our simple calculation as 5.4%.

If the emission point is not on the center of fiber axe, the value will be a different one.

Q3.

I guess you must need an information how the WLS Y-11 fiber can absorb the blue light that comes from outside of the fiber.

You can refer to the attached file, I believe it will be great helpful for you.

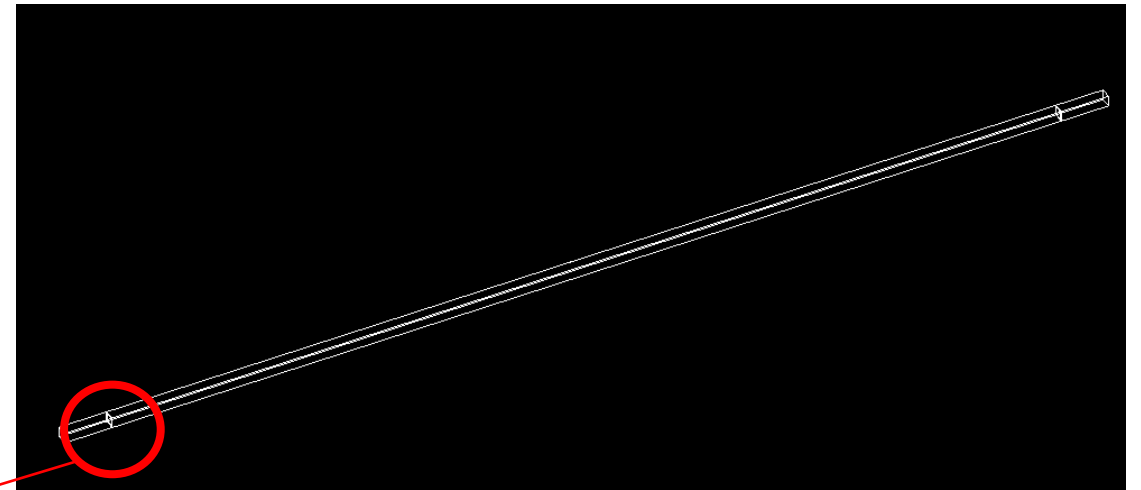
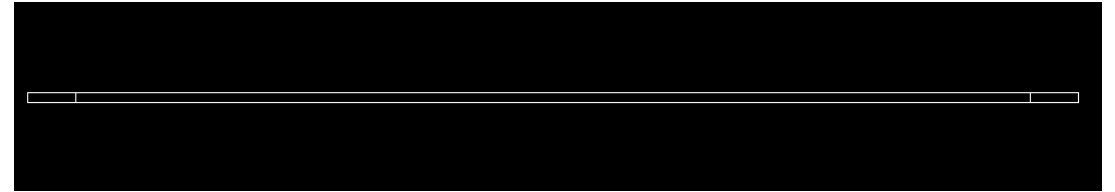
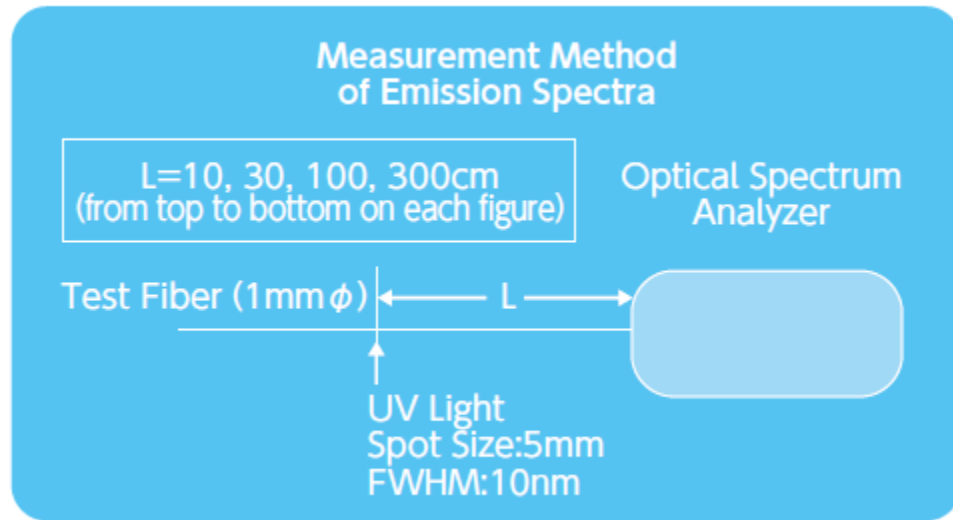
If any more questions or requests, please let me know.

Thank you very much,

Osamu Shinji
KURARAY

- We can confirm this by mail from Kuraray.
- There is no white paint or aluminum spattering for increasing reflectivity.

Design of simulation

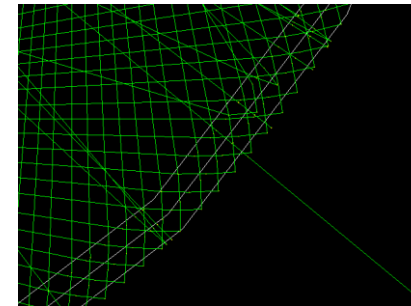
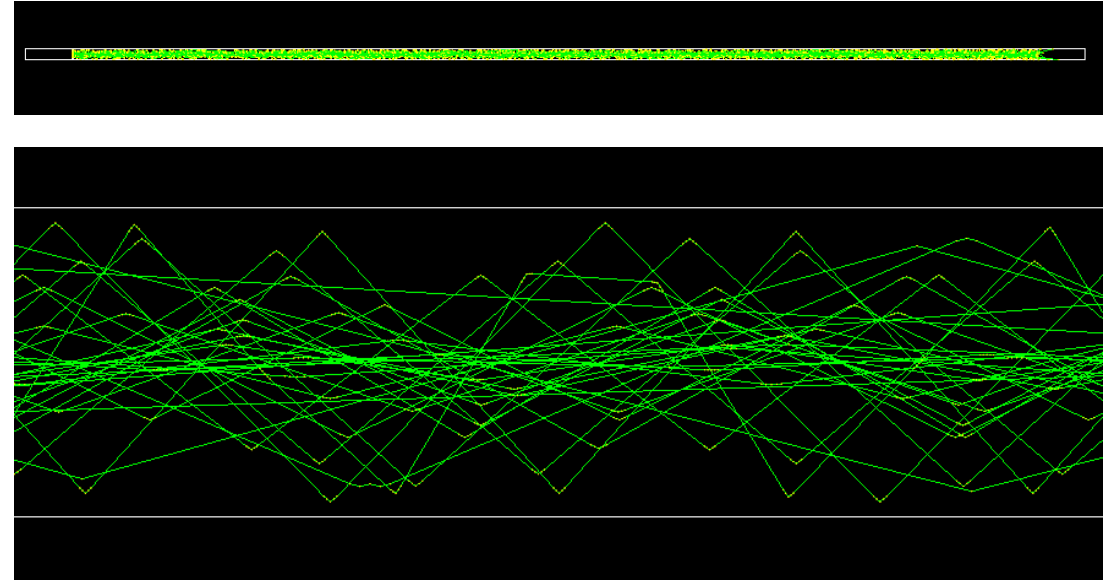
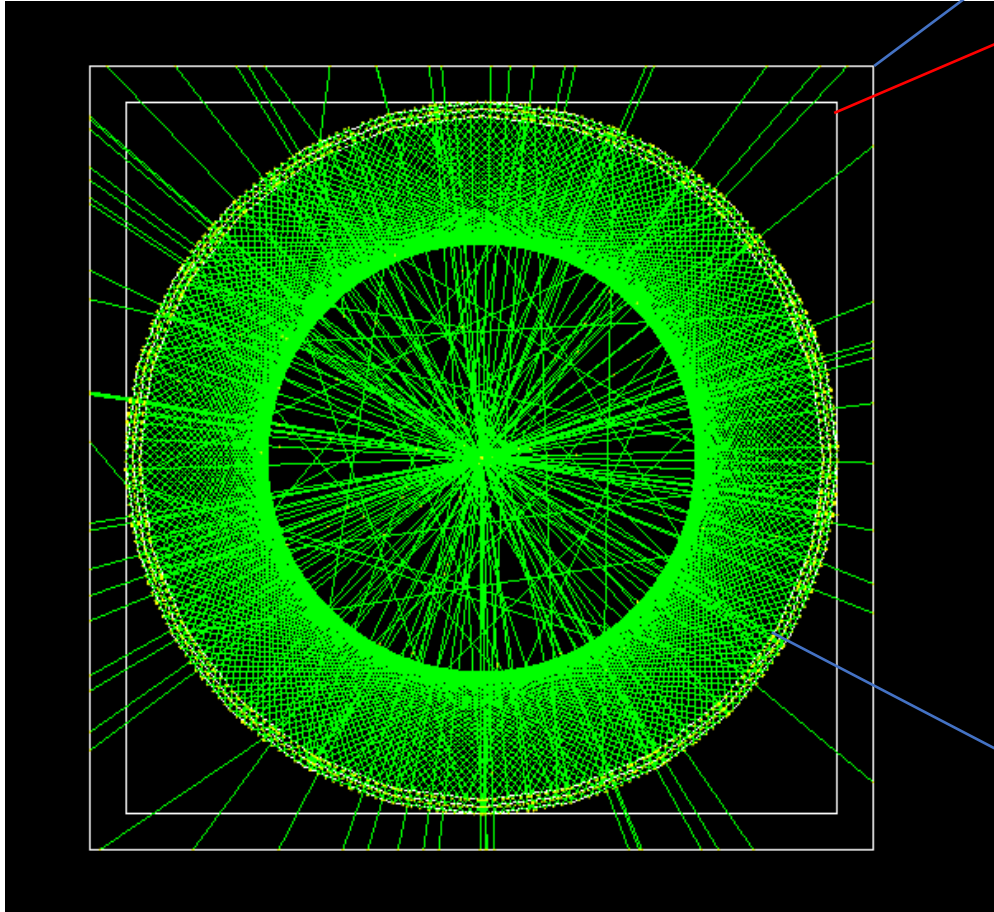


MPPC

Results of Simulation

WorldPV

MPPC



From the side near the center of the circle, surface of core, surface of cladding1(PMMA), surface of cladding2(FP)

Results of Simulation

- In visualization, photon looks like going out of fiber.
- However, by setting `/tracking/verbose 2`, we confirm that photon is reflected in WLS fiber.
- Some is between 1st and 2nd cladding and other is among core, 1st and 2nd cladding.
- Or going out of world.

```
*****
* G4Track Information: Particle = opticalphoton, Track ID = 2, Parent ID = 0
*****
Step#  X(mm)  Y(mm)  Z(mm) KinE(MeV)  dE(MeV)  StepLeng  TrackLeng  NextVolume  ProcName  initStep
0      0      0      -49.9  2.88e-06      0          0          0  WLS_fiber_corePV  0
1      0      0      -35.8  2.88e-06      0         14.1      14.1  WLS_fiber_corePV  0
----- List of 2ndaries - #SpawnInStep= 1(Rest= 0,ALong= 0,Post= 1), #SpawnTotal= 1 -----
:      0      0      -35.8  2.41e-06      0          0          0  opticalphoton
:
----- EndOf2ndaries Info -----
*****
* G4Track Information: Particle = opticalphoton, Track ID = 205, Parent ID = 2
*****
Step#  X(mm)  Y(mm)  Z(mm) KinE(MeV)  dE(MeV)  StepLeng  TrackLeng  NextVolume  ProcName
0      0      0      -35.8  2.41e-06      0          0          0  WLS_fiber_corePV  0
1  0.187  -0.442  -36.5  2.41e-06      0  0.871      0.871  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
2  0.191  -0.451  -36.6  2.41e-06      0  0.022      0.893  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
3  0.195  -0.46  -36.6  2.41e-06      0  0.028      0.921  World  Transportation
4  0.195  -0.46  -36.6  2.41e-06      0  0          0.921  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
5  0.191  -0.451  -36.6  2.41e-06      0  0.028      0.949  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
6  0.187  -0.442  -36.6  2.41e-06      0  0.022      0.971  WLS_fiber_corePV  Transportation
7  -0.187  0.442  -38.1  2.41e-06      0  1.74      2.71  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
8  -0.191  0.451  -38.1  2.41e-06      0  0.022      2.73  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
9  -0.195  0.46  -38.1  2.41e-06      0  0.028      2.76  World  Transportation
10 -0.195  0.46  -38.1  2.41e-06      0  0          2.76  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
11 -0.191  0.451  -38.2  2.41e-06      0  0.028      2.79  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
12 -0.187  0.442  -38.2  2.41e-06      0  0.022      2.81  WLS_fiber_corePV  Transportation
13  0.187  -0.442  -39.6  2.41e-06      0  1.74      4.55  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
14  0.191  -0.451  -39.7  2.41e-06      0  0.022      4.58  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
15  0.195  -0.46  -39.7  2.41e-06      0  0.028      4.6  World  Transportation
16  0.195  -0.46  -39.7  2.41e-06      0  0          4.6  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
17  0.191  -0.451  -39.7  2.41e-06      0  0.028      4.63  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
18  0.187  -0.442  -39.7  2.41e-06      0  0.022      4.65  WLS_fiber_corePV  Transportation
19  -0.187  0.442  -41.2  2.41e-06      0  1.74      6.39  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
20  -0.191  0.451  -41.2  2.41e-06      0  0.022      6.42  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
21  -0.195  0.46  -41.2  2.41e-06      0  0.028      6.44  World  Transportation
22  -0.195  0.46  -41.2  2.41e-06      0  0          6.44  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
23  -0.191  0.451  -41.2  2.41e-06      0  0.028      6.47  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
24  -0.187  0.442  -41.3  2.41e-06      0  0.022      6.49  WLS_fiber_corePV  Transportation
25  0.187  -0.442  -42.7  2.41e-06      0  1.74      8.24  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
26  0.191  -0.451  -42.7  2.41e-06      0  0.022      8.26  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
27  0.195  -0.46  -42.8  2.41e-06      0  0.028      8.29  World  Transportation
28  0.195  -0.46  -42.8  2.41e-06      0  0          8.29  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
29  0.191  -0.451  -42.8  2.41e-06      0  0.028      8.31  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
30  0.187  -0.442  -42.8  2.41e-06      0  0.022      8.34  WLS_fiber_corePV  Transportation
31  -0.187  0.442  -44.3  2.41e-06      0  1.74      10.1  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
32  -0.191  0.451  -44.3  2.41e-06      0  0.022      10.1  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
33  -0.195  0.46  -44.3  2.41e-06      0  0.028      10.1  World  Transportation
34  -0.195  0.46  -44.3  2.41e-06      0  0          10.1  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
35  -0.191  0.451  -44.3  2.41e-06      0  0.028      10.2  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
36  -0.187  0.442  -44.4  2.41e-06      0  0.022      10.2  WLS_fiber_corePV  Transportation
37  0.187  -0.442  -45.8  2.41e-06      0  1.74      11.9  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
38  0.187  -0.442  -45.8  2.41e-06      0  0          11.9  WLS_fiber_corePV  Transportation
39  -0.187  0.442  -47.3  2.41e-06      0  1.74      13.7  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
40  -0.191  0.451  -47.3  2.41e-06      0  0.022      13.7  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
41  -0.195  0.46  -47.3  2.41e-06      0  0.028      13.7  World  Transportation
42  -0.195  0.46  -47.3  2.41e-06      0  0          13.7  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
43  -0.191  0.451  -47.3  2.41e-06      0  0.028      13.7  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
44  -0.187  0.442  -47.4  2.41e-06      0  0.022      13.8  WLS_fiber_corePV  Transportation
45  0.187  -0.442  -48.8  2.41e-06      0  1.74      15.5  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
46  0.191  -0.451  -48.8  2.41e-06      0  0.022      15.5  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
47  0.195  -0.46  -48.8  2.41e-06      0  0.028      15.6  World  Transportation
48  0.195  -0.46  -48.8  2.41e-06      0  0          15.6  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
49  0.191  -0.451  -48.9  2.41e-06      0  0.028      15.6  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
50  0.187  -0.442  -48.9  2.41e-06      0  0.022      15.6  WLS_fiber_corePV  Transportation
51  -0.0975  0.23  -50  2.41e-06      0  1.32      16.9  MPPC2PV  Transportation
52  -0.111  0.261  -50  2.41e-06      0  0.0604      17  World  Transportation
```

Results of Simulation

```

*****
* G4Track Information: Particle = opticalphoton, Track ID = 26, Parent ID = 0
*****
Step#  X(mm)  Y(mm)  Z(mm) KinE(MeV)  dE(MeV)  StepLeng  TrackLeng  NextVolume  ProcName
0      0      0      -49.9  2.88e-06      0          0          0  WLS_fiber_corePV  initStep
1      0      0      -43.3  2.88e-06      0      6.59      6.59  WLS_fiber_corePV  OpWLS
:----- List of 2ndaries - #SpawnInStep= 1(Rest= 0,Along= 0,Post= 1), #SpawnTotal= 1 -----
:      0      0      -43.3  2.39e-06      0          0          0  opticalphoton
:----- EndOf2ndaries Info -----
*****
* G4Track Information: Particle = opticalphoton, Track ID = 180, Parent ID = 26
*****
Step#  X(mm)  Y(mm)  Z(mm) KinE(MeV)  dE(MeV)  StepLeng  TrackLeng  NextVolume  ProcName
0      0      0      -43.3  2.39e-06      0          0          0  WLS_fiber_corePV  initStep
1     -0.449  0.17   -43.9  2.39e-06      0      0.799      0.799  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
2     -0.458  0.174  -44   2.39e-06      0      0.0192     0.818  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
3     -0.468  0.177  -44   2.39e-06      0      0.0224     0.841  World  Transportation
4     -0.468  0.177  -44   2.39e-06      0          0      0.841  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
5     -0.458  0.174  -44   2.39e-06      0      0.0224     0.863  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
6     -0.449  0.17   -44   2.39e-06      0      0.0192     0.882  WLS_fiber_corePV  Transportation
7     0.449   -0.17   -45.3  2.39e-06      0          1.6      2.48  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
8     0.458   -0.174  -45.3  2.39e-06      0      0.0192     2.5   WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
9     0.468   -0.177  -45.3  2.39e-06      0      0.0224     2.52  World  Transportation
10    0.468   -0.177  -45.3  2.39e-06      0          0      2.52  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
11    0.458   -0.174  -45.4  2.39e-06      0      0.0224     2.54  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
12    0.449   -0.17   -45.4  2.39e-06      0      0.0192     2.56  WLS_fiber_corePV  Transportation
13    -0.449  0.17   -46.7  2.39e-06      0          1.6      4.16  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
14    -0.458  0.174  -46.7  2.39e-06      0      0.0192     4.18  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
15    -0.468  0.177  -46.7  2.39e-06      0      0.0224     4.2   World  Transportation
16    -0.468  0.177  -46.7  2.39e-06      0          0      4.2   WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
17    -0.458  0.174  -46.7  2.39e-06      0      0.0224     4.23  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
18    -0.449  0.17   -46.7  2.39e-06      0      0.0192     4.25  WLS_fiber_corePV  Transportation
19    0.449   -0.17   -48   2.39e-06      0          1.6      5.84  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
20    0.458   -0.174  -48   2.39e-06      0      0.0192     5.86  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
21    0.468   -0.177  -48   2.39e-06      0      0.0224     5.89  World  Transportation
22    0.468   -0.177  -48   2.39e-06      0          0      5.89  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
23    0.458   -0.174  -48.1  2.39e-06      0      0.0224     5.91  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
24    0.449   -0.17   -48.1  2.39e-06      0      0.0192     5.93  WLS_fiber_corePV  Transportation
25    -0.449  0.17   -49.4  2.39e-06      0          1.6      7.53  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
26    -0.449  0.17   -49.4  2.39e-06      0          0      7.53  WLS_fiber_corePV  Transportation
27    0.00652  -0.00247  -50   2.39e-06      0      0.811     8.34  MPPC2PV  Transportation
28    0.0427  -0.0162  -50   2.39e-06      0      0.0632     8.4   World  Transportation

```

- Reflected among core, 1st and 2nd cladding

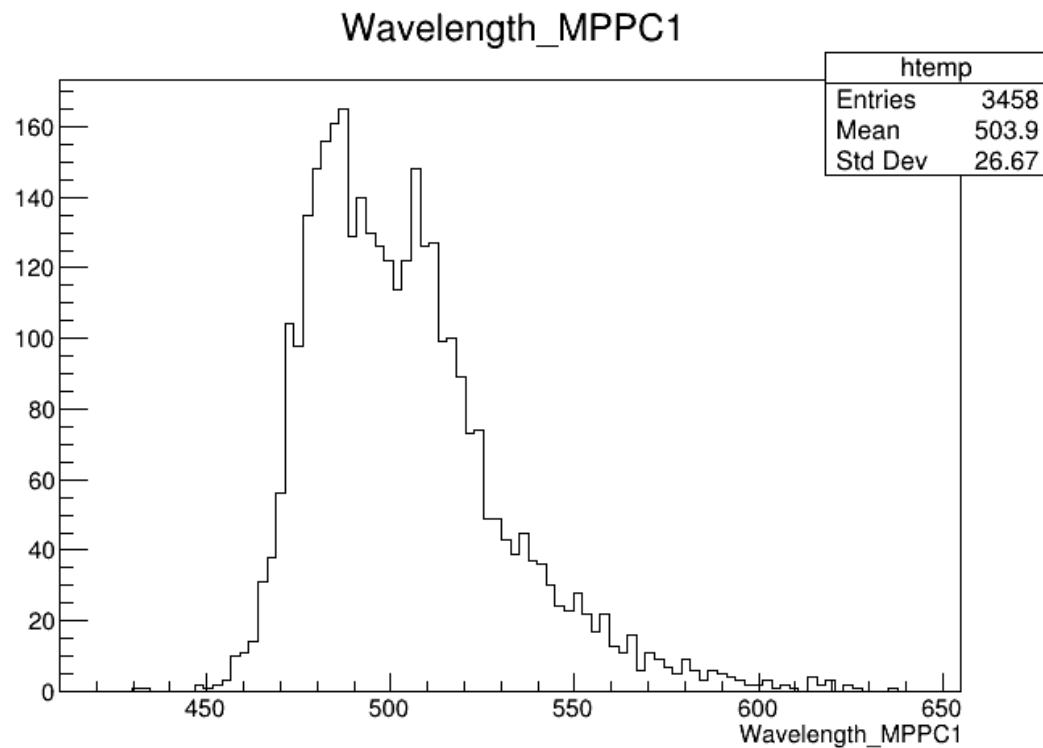
```

*****
* G4Track Information: Particle = opticalphoton, Track ID = 28, Parent ID = 0
*****
Step#  X(mm)  Y(mm)  Z(mm) KinE(MeV)  dE(MeV)  StepLeng  TrackLeng  NextVolume  ProcName
0      0      0      -49.9  2.88e-06      0          0          0  WLS_fiber_corePV  initStep
1      0      0      -43.8  2.88e-06      0      6.13      6.13  WLS_fiber_corePV  OpWLS
:----- List of 2ndaries - #SpawnInStep= 1(Rest= 0,Along= 0,Post= 1), #SpawnTotal= 1 -----
:      0      0      -43.8  2.61e-06      0          0          0  opticalphoton
:----- EndOf2ndaries Info -----
*****
* G4Track Information: Particle = opticalphoton, Track ID = 178, Parent ID = 28
*****
Step#  X(mm)  Y(mm)  Z(mm) KinE(MeV)  dE(MeV)  StepLeng  TrackLeng  NextVolume  ProcName
0      0      0      -43.8  2.61e-06      0          0          0  WLS_fiber_corePV  initStep
1     -0.422  -0.229  -43.8  2.61e-06      0      0.481     0.481  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
2     -0.431  -0.234  -43.8  2.61e-06      0      0.01     0.491  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
3     -0.44   -0.238  -43.8  2.61e-06      0      0.01     0.501  World  Transportation
4     -0.55   -0.298  -43.8  2.61e-06      0      0.126     0.627  OutOfWorld  Transportation
*****
* G4Track Information: Particle = opticalphoton, Track ID = 27, Parent ID = 0
*****
Step#  X(mm)  Y(mm)  Z(mm) KinE(MeV)  dE(MeV)  StepLeng  TrackLeng  NextVolume  ProcName
0      0      0      -49.9  2.88e-06      0          0          0  WLS_fiber_corePV  initStep
1      0      0      -43.3  2.88e-06      0      6.62      6.62  WLS_fiber_corePV  OpWLS
:----- List of 2ndaries - #SpawnInStep= 1(Rest= 0,Along= 0,Post= 1), #SpawnTotal= 1 -----
:      0      0      -43.3  2.56e-06      0          0          0  opticalphoton
:----- EndOf2ndaries Info -----
*****
* G4Track Information: Particle = opticalphoton, Track ID = 179, Parent ID = 27
*****
Step#  X(mm)  Y(mm)  Z(mm) KinE(MeV)  dE(MeV)  StepLeng  TrackLeng  NextVolume  ProcName
0      0      0      -43.3  2.56e-06      0          0          0  WLS_fiber_corePV  initStep
1     0.163  0.451  -43.5  2.56e-06      0      0.541     0.541  WLS_fiber_cladding1PV  Transportation
2     0.167  0.461  -43.5  2.56e-06      0      0.0115     0.553  WLS_fiber_cladding2PV  Transportation
3     0.17   0.47   -43.5  2.56e-06      0      0.0117     0.564  World  Transportation
4     0.199  0.55   -43.6  2.56e-06      0      0.125     0.689  OutOfWorld  Transportation

```

- Going out of World

Result of Simulation



- However, trapping efficiency obtained by simulation, is far larger than we expected.
- Also, the shape of graph differ from we expected.
- There be more problem.

Absorption Length

Experiments for absorption length

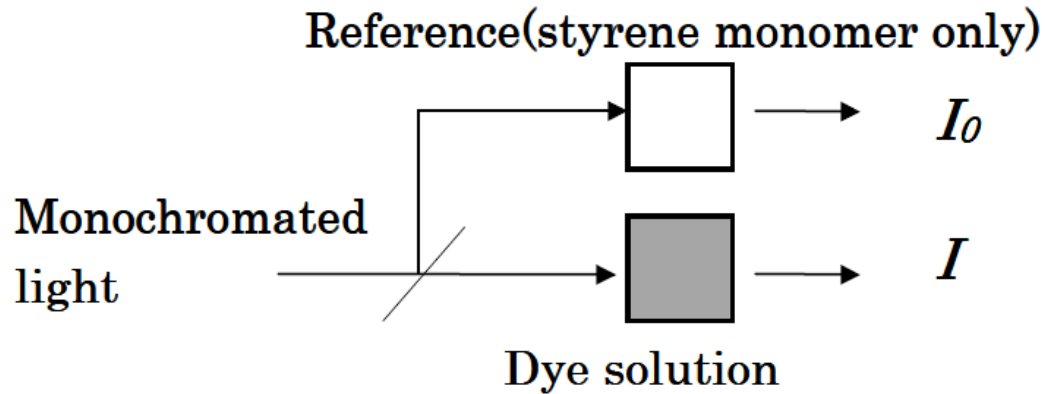
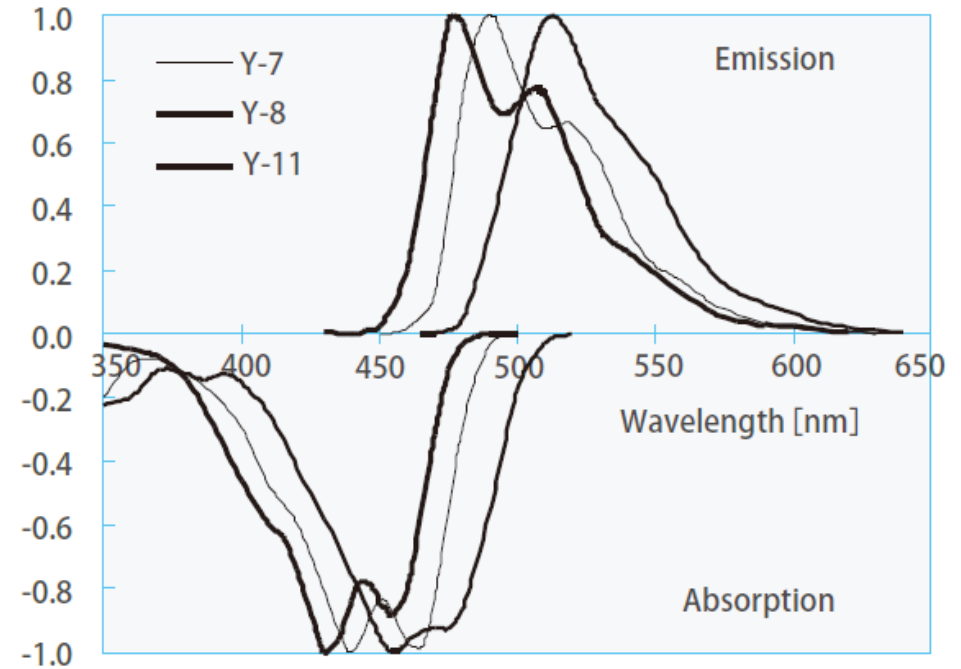


Fig.1 Absorbance measurement
by $d=10\text{mm}$ path cell

Y-7, Y-8, Y-11



Absorbance

- Mathematically, probability of finding a particle at depth x into the material is calculated by Beer-Lambert Law

$$P(x) = e^{-x/\lambda}$$

- And λ is attenuation (absorption) length, and it depends on material and energy.
- Definition of absorbance is as follows.

$$\text{ABS} = k(\lambda)Cd = \log_{10}\left\{\frac{I_0(\lambda)}{I(\lambda)}\right\} \quad \text{when } d = 10 \text{ mm}$$

- For reference, C is equal to 18.2 ppm and k_p (k at peak of absorption) is equal to 0.00638 in Y-11 of Kuraray

Question

- In absorption spectrum, y-axis really means $k(\lambda)$?

Parameter

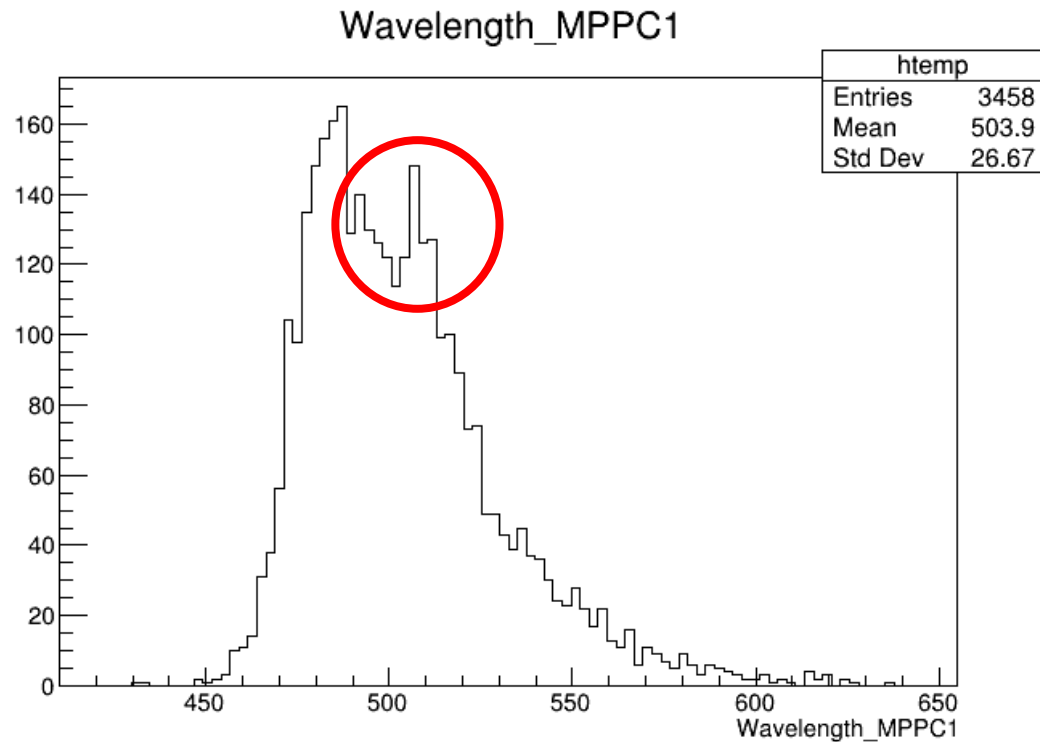
- If assume that y-axis of absorption spectrum is k , absorption(attenuation) length of Y-11 is as follow.

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{kC}$$

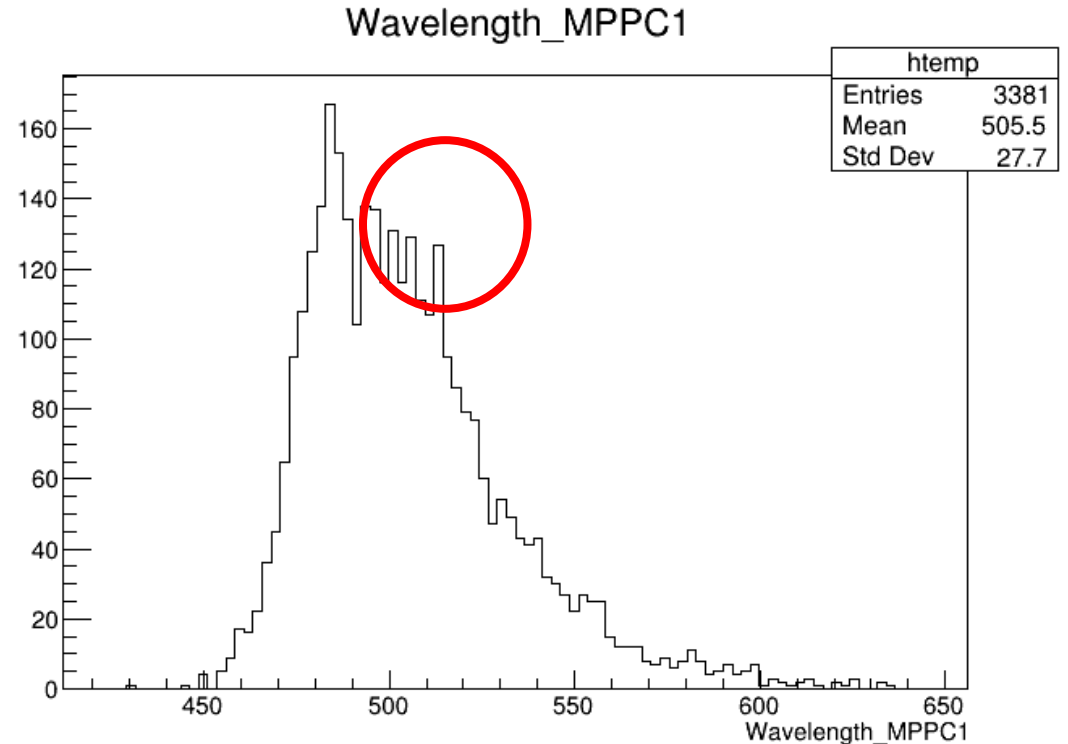
- C is concentration of dyne used in Y-11 and k is constant which is function of wavelength.

Comparison of simulation

Before changing parameter



After changing parameter

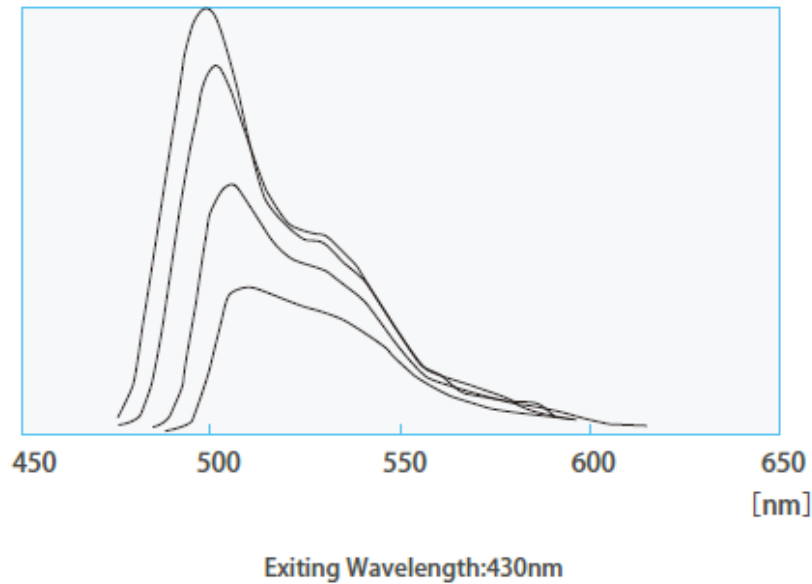


- It is much similar to the graph we expected.

Comparison with reference

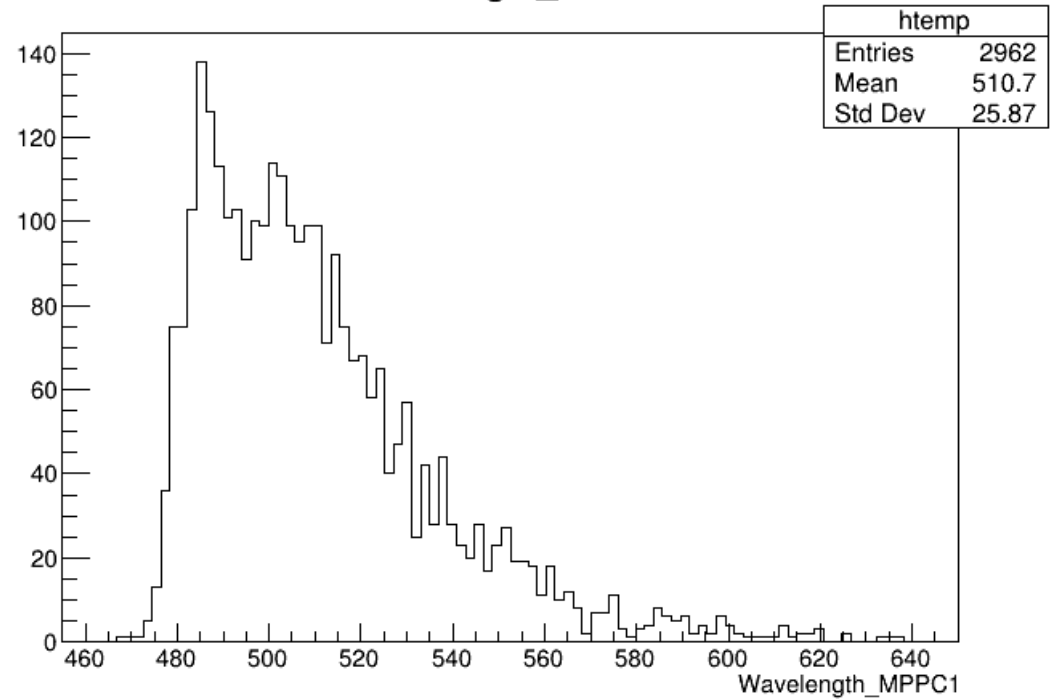
Reference

Y-11(200)



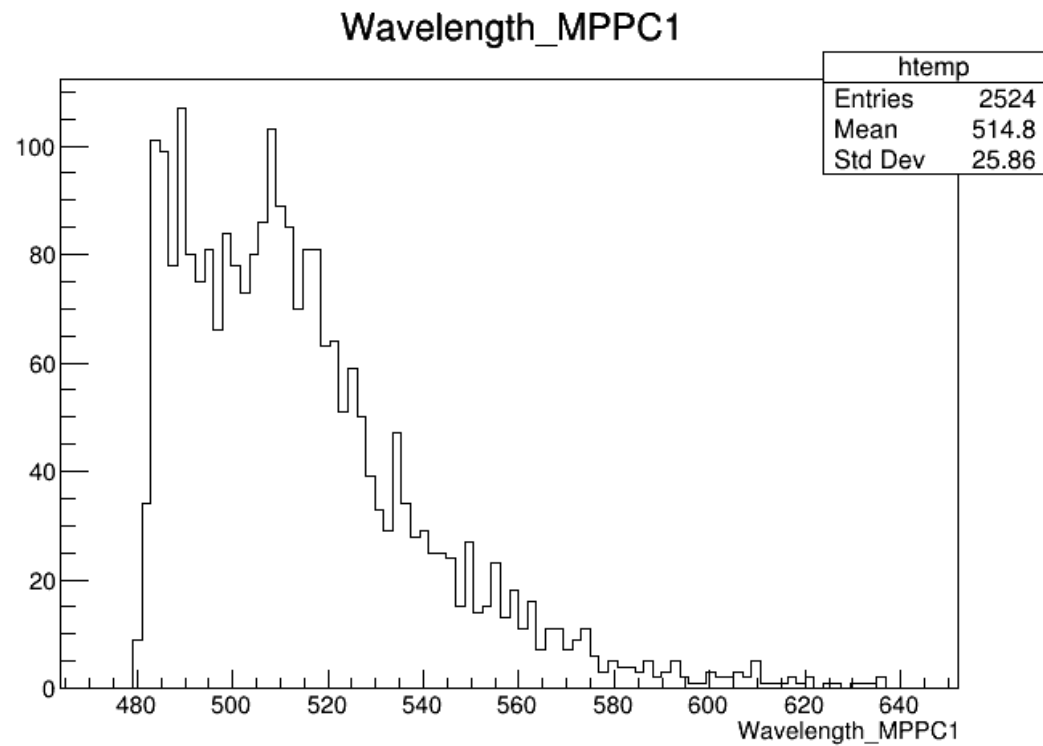
For 30 cm

Wavelength_MPPC1

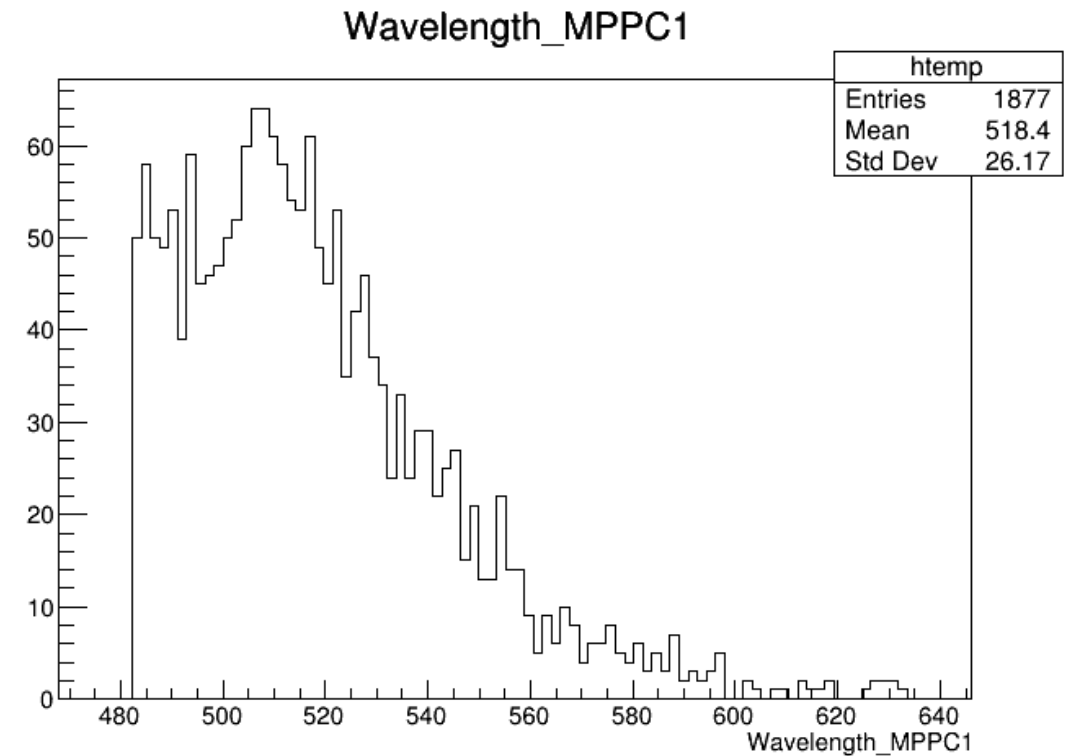


Comparison with reference

For 100 cm



For 300 cm



Problem

- However, the shape of graph is not exactly same with reference.
- Also, there is problem of trapping efficiency, that is, the value of probability is much higher than we expected, about 5 times.(in 10cm)
- According to mail from Kuraray, trapping efficiency is calculated only in axis. For this reason, we need to calculate trapping efficiency more detail.

Plan of Experiments