



LAL



KEK



Tsukuba HEP



2019 Joint workshop of FKPPL and TYL/FJPPL

New project [D RD 20]:

New challenge for Inner Pixel Tracker construction

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Mark Escalier, Abdenour Lounis, Pierr Petroff, Reisaburo Tanaka (LAL)**

Framework : ATLAS Upgrade for HL-LHC

- **High Luminosity LHC (HL-LHC)**

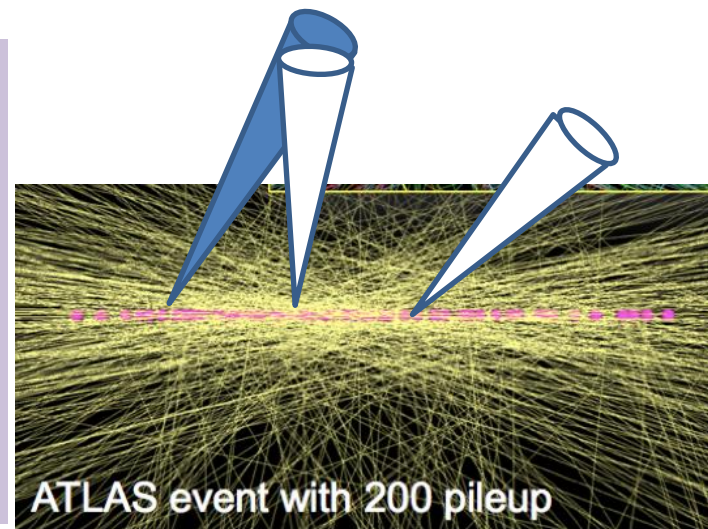
- Start around 2026- with new crab cavity in the interaction region.
- Target : $\sqrt{s}=14\text{TeV}$ $L=5-7 \times 10^{34} \text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ $\int Ldt=3000-4000\text{fb}^{-1}$
- Physics program focus on the precise measurements of the Higgs couplings (e.g. Y_{τ} , Y_b and λ_{HHH}) and BSM searches.

- **Tracking detector is key element**

- To keep B/ τ -tagging performance up to $\mu=200$ pileup in an event.
- Need to launch innovative solution for detectors, mechanics, efficient triggering and advanced analysis technics.

The ATLAS upgrade plans full replacement of Inner Tracker

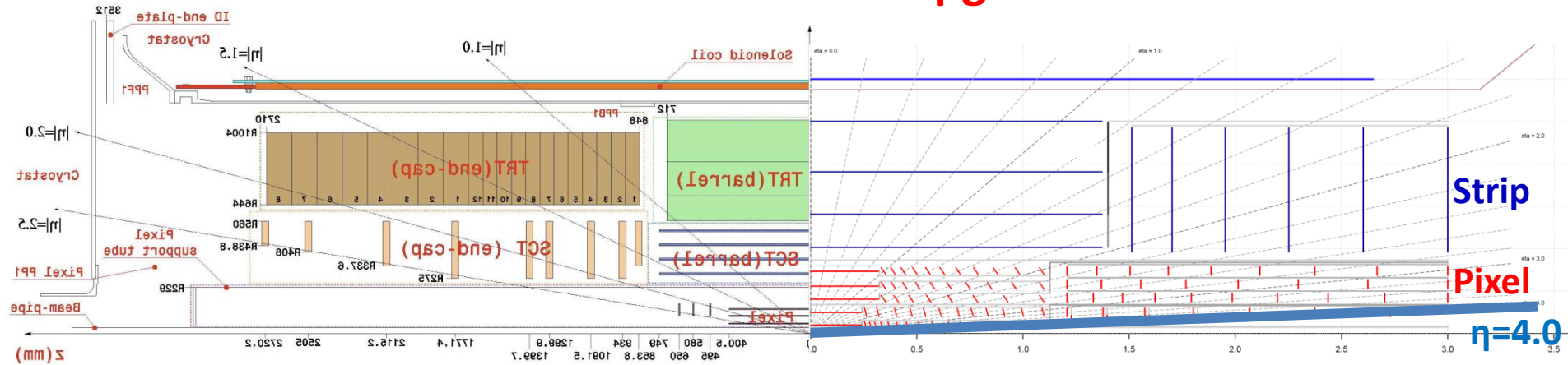
- All silicon tracker (Pixel & Microstrip)
- **Requirements for Pixel detector**
 - Pixel Size : 50 μm x 50 μm (or 25 μm x 100 μm)
 - Radiation @ outer layer : $3 \times 10^{15} n_{\text{eq}}/\text{cm}^2$
 - Thickness : 100 or 150 μm
 - Low noise (<100e) \rightarrow 600e stable threshold
 - High Readout Rate : 5.2Gbps (or 4x1.28Gbps)



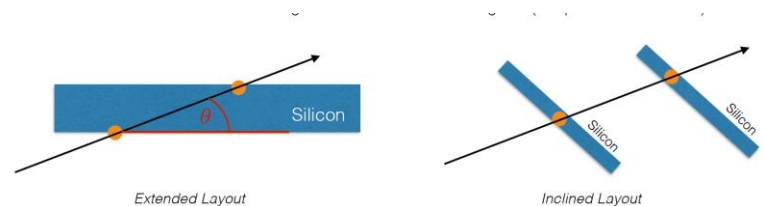
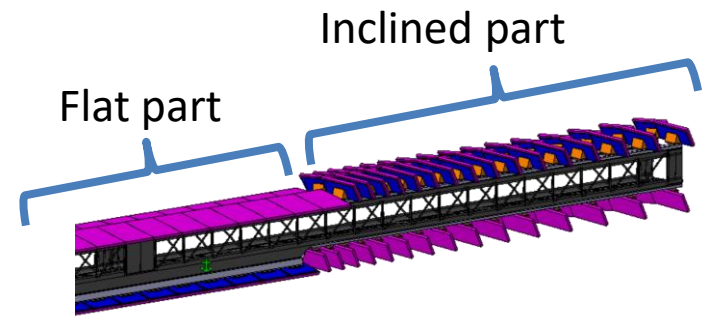
ATLAS inner tracker(ITK) project for HL-LHC

Current ATLAS Detector

ITK upgrade detector



- Larger coverage area
 - Pixel : current $2.7\text{m}^2 \rightarrow$ **upgrade 8.2m^2**
 - Strip : current $34\text{m}^2 \rightarrow$ upgrade 165m^2
- Higher Forward coverage
 - Current $\eta < 2.5 \rightarrow$ **upgrade $\eta < 4.0$**
 - **Better Pileup removal**
- Mechanics : inclined
 - Reduce material
 - Higher tracking resolution.



D_RD_15 program (2014-2018)

- **Collaboration**

- Planar type Silicon Pixel detector R&D for ATLAS detector upgrade in France-Japan collaboration

- **Goals**

- Performance : evaluate & improve sensor design for radiation tolerance up to $5 \times 10^{15} n_{eq}/cm^2$ fluence.
- Productions : work on common sensor productions

Active Edge

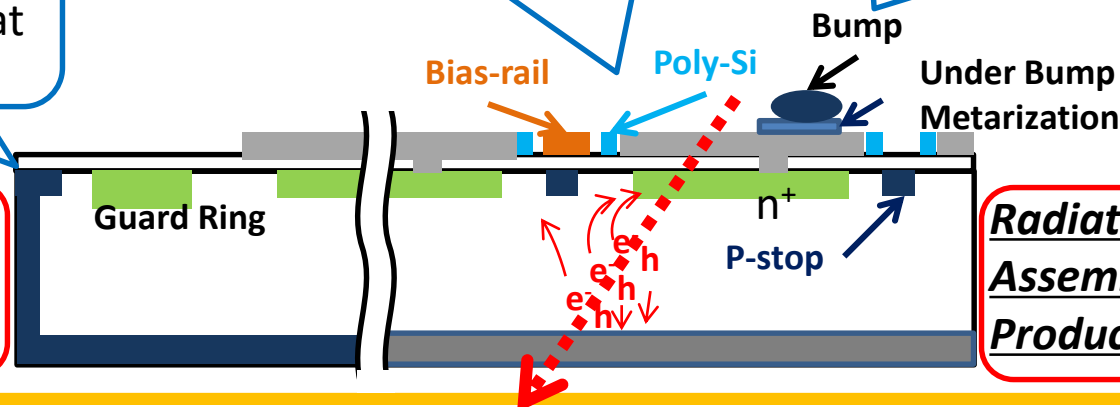
- Smaller Edge size
- Higher Efficiency at Edge region

Biasing Structure

- Optimize Biasing structure
- Higher Efficiency at Pixel boundary

Bumpbonding

- Better UBM material
- Higher Flip-Chip Yield



Simulation

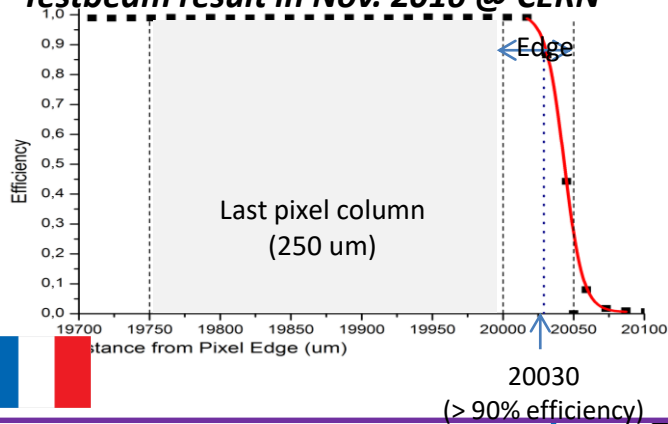
- Doping concentration
- Charge collection

Radiation Tolerance
Assembly
Production...

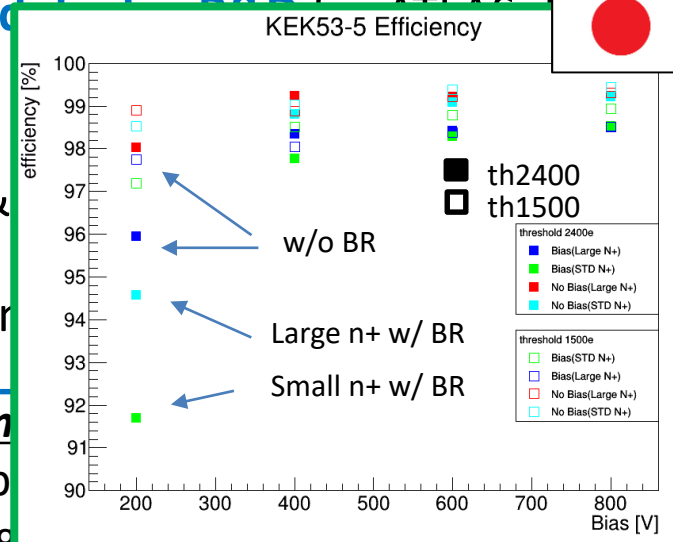
D_RD_15 program (2014-2018)

Higher Edge region Efficiency

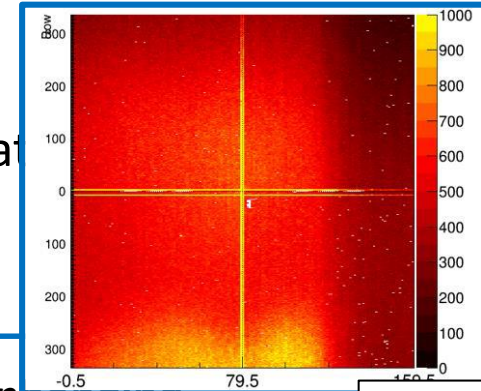
Testbeam result in Nov. 2016 @ CERN



>98% Efficiency after Irradiation



Good Bumpbond Yield

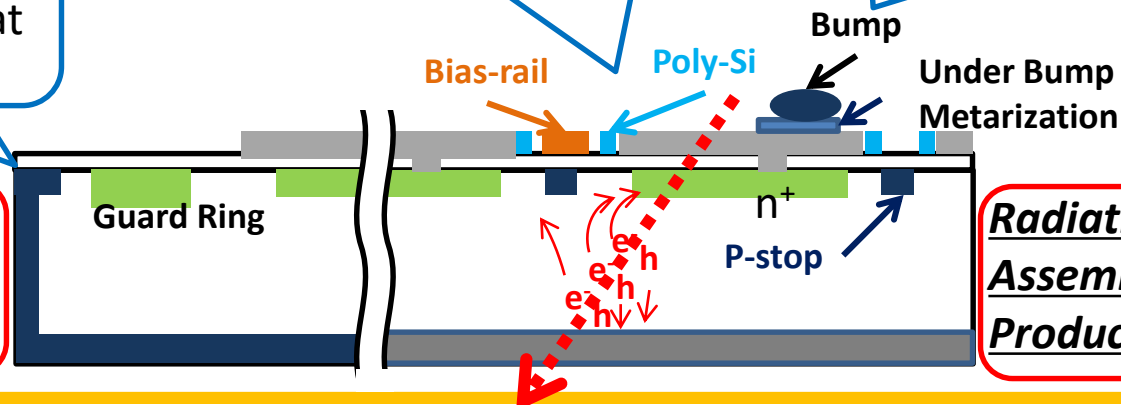


Active Edge

- Smaller Edge size
- Higher Efficiency at Edge region

- Op
- High boundary

- Higher Flip-Chip Yield



Radiation Tolerance Assembly Production...

Simulation

- Doping concentration
- Charge collection

D_RD_15 program (2014-2018)

- Project to build the demonstrator of the longeron.
- Both LAL and KEK are the contributors.
- Mainly : the electrical and heater modules provided.
- **These are the good joint effort towards the pixel detector construction.**

7 modules prototype



Shared Effort Both FR-JP teams are sharing their efforts



longeron
for layer 2 and layer 3 (1.6 m) 4 cooling lines
52 flat quad and 124 inclined double modules

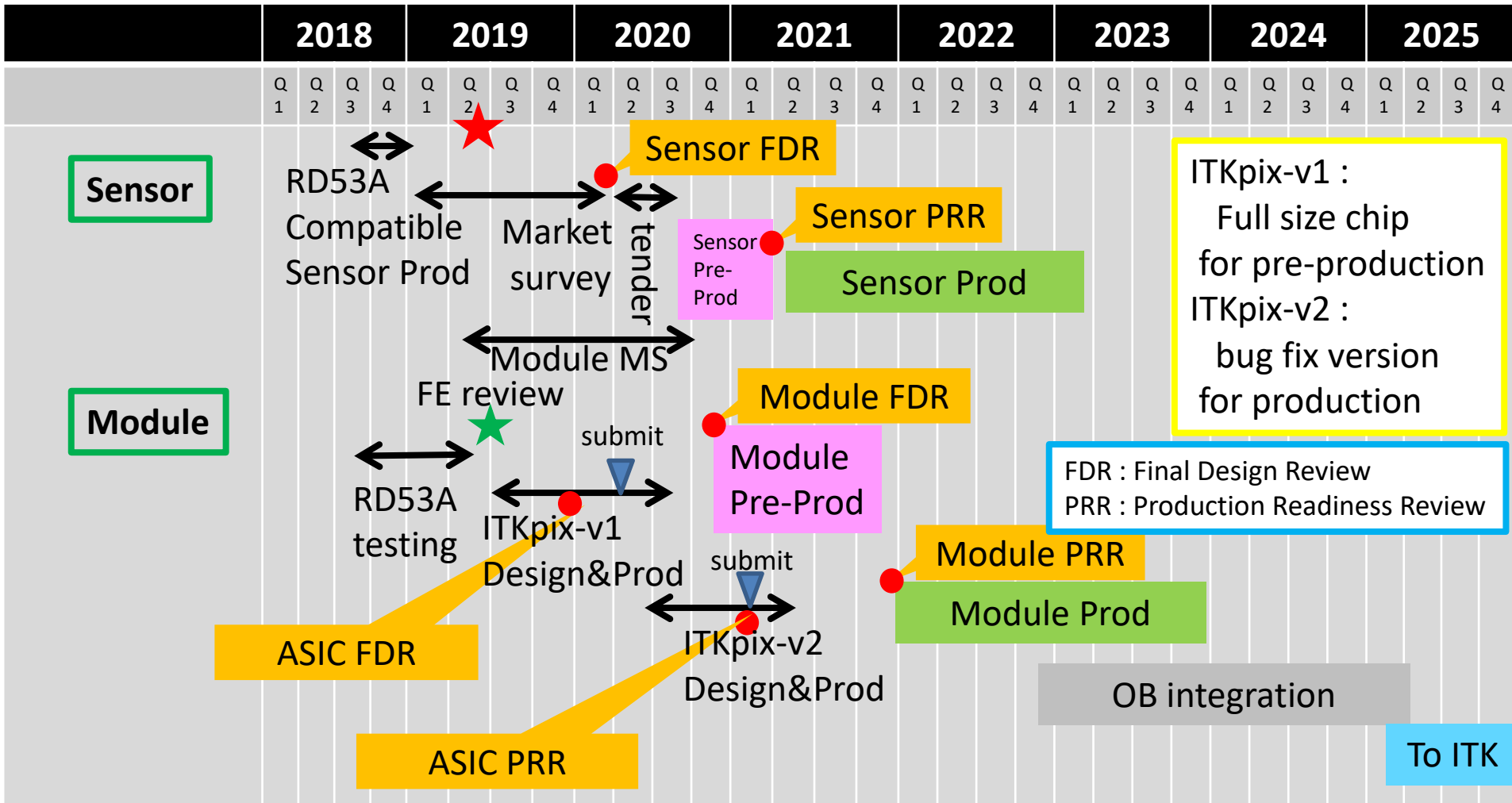
CERN official Facebook



D_RD_20 program proposal

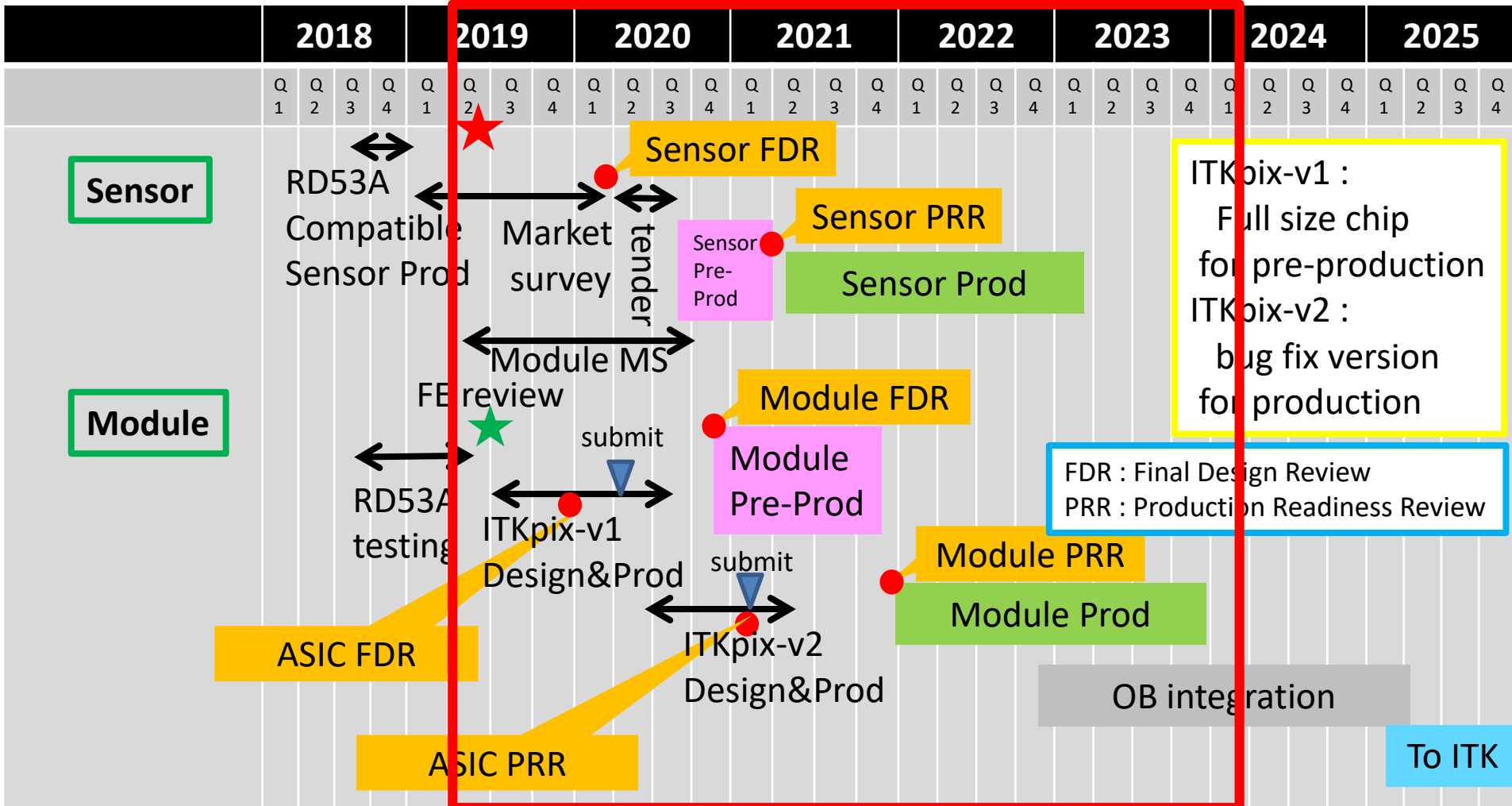
- Building production modules based on the developed pixel detector.
 - **2019-2020 : preparation of production**
 - **2021-2024 : Production of the modules**
- Constructing ITK pixel detectors is an extremely challenging project
 - **>10000 quad planar pixel modules to be produced. About 20% of modules are build by us.**
 - **Finalize the design and construction method.**
 - **Development of Quality Control and Quality Assurance.**
- **Mainly we ask funding for exchange people between FR-JP**
 - **Share experience/common development**

Production schedule



Production schedule

This proposal



**Finalize the design
and construction method.**



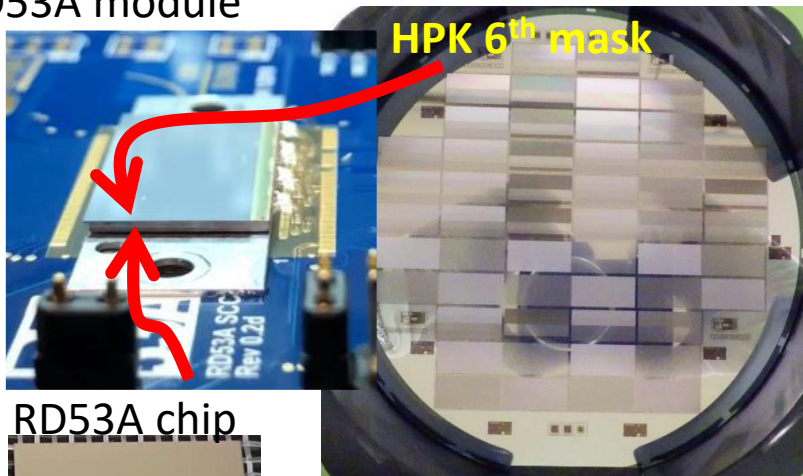
Final Sensor design

- Basic Sensor structure is almost final after years of development.
- Current fine pitch (50umx50um) pixel size sensors are attached to half size prototype ASIC (RD53A).
- Full size sensor and ASIC need to be produced in 2019.
 - RD53B (ITKpix-v1) and 7th HPK mask.

10mm x 20mm half size prototype modules

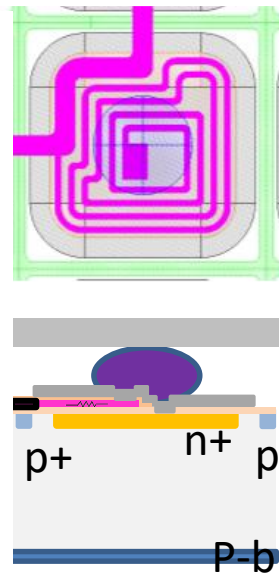
40mm x 40mm production modules
(20mm x 20mm ASIC size)

RD53A module

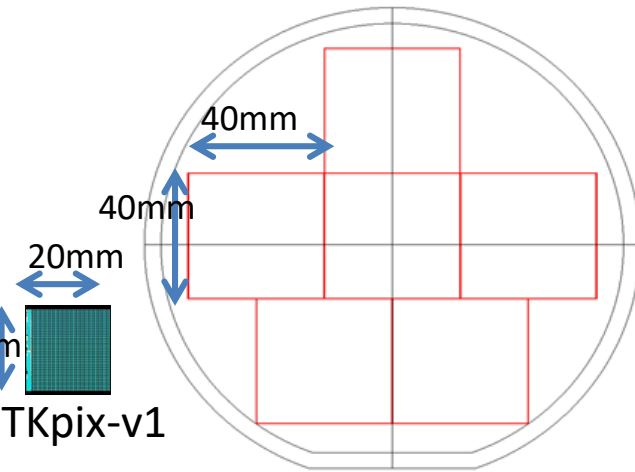


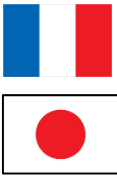
HPK 6th mask

RD53A chip



HPK 7th mask

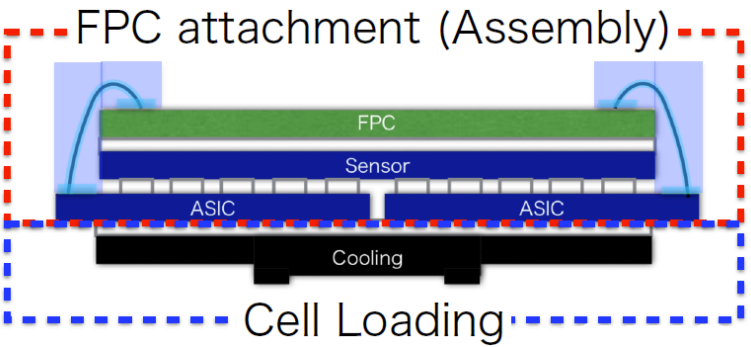
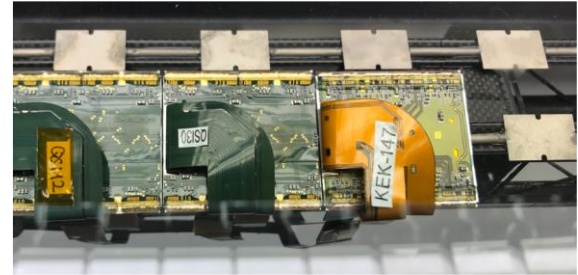




Module Assembly

- Assembly of Quad module to the Flex Printed circuit.
 - Radiation hard glue choice
 - CTE matching to avoid stress for modules.
 - Cooling cell on the back side of modules

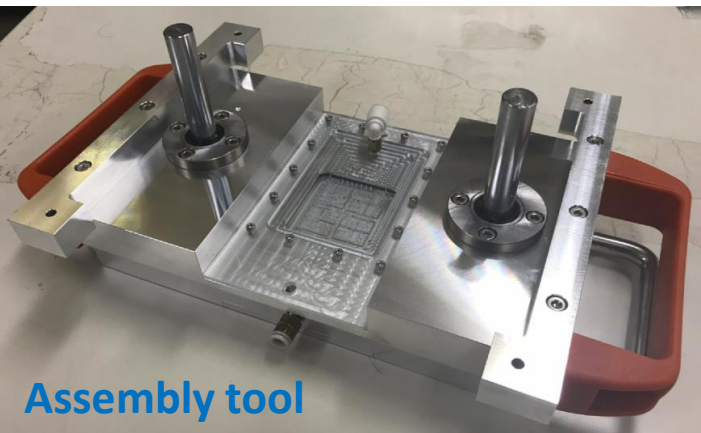
Module loading to support



Flex Printed Circuit



Cooling Cell

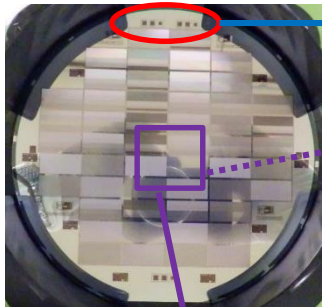


Assembly tool

Development of Quality Control and Quality Assurance.

QC/QA flow for module production

Sensor from vender

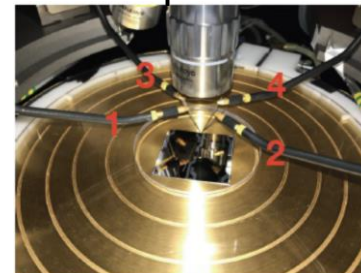


Test structure

Sensor reception
Quality Assurance

1% of sensor

Sensor probe test

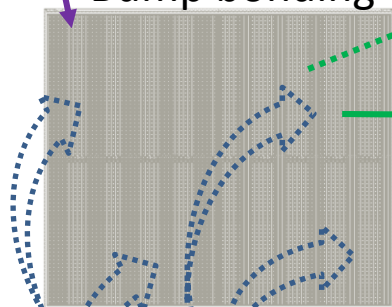


Bare module
Quality Assurance

ASIC probing

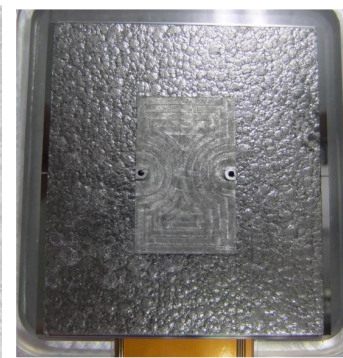


Bump bonding



Module Assembly

Flex gluing
Wire bonding
Cooling cell gluing



1% of module

Module QC
Electrical test

Module QA
Thermal Cycling
Irradiation/Testbeam

loading to Local support.

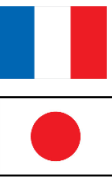
ITKpix ASIC

ASIC probe test
Quality Control

Front End ASIC



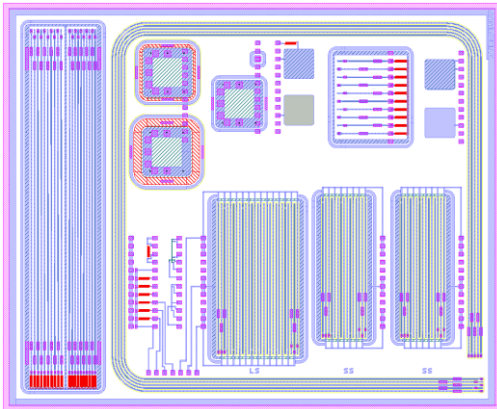
Sensor QC/QA preparation



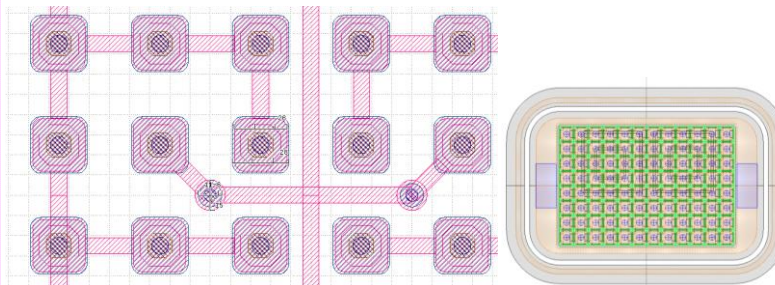
- Most of the measurement : rely on the vender
- IV/CV measurement cross check
 - 1% of sensor will be re-measured by ATLAS ITK
- Test structure to control the quality of the wafer during production.
 - IV/CV measurement for Miniature diode
 - To measure inter-pixel capacitance, low noise probe station necessary.



Test structure



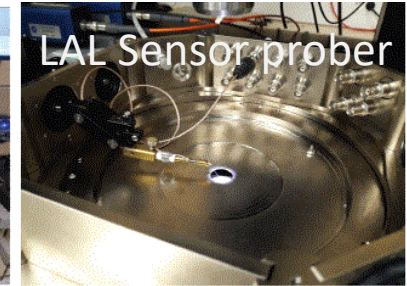
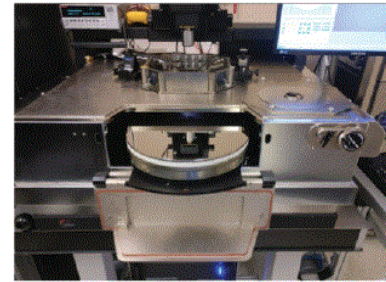
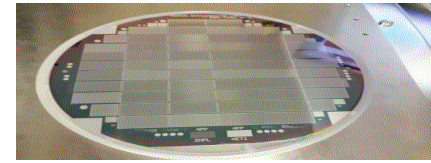
Inter-pixel cap/res test str.



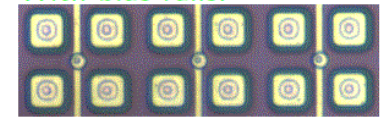


Contribution for ATLAS pixel Market survey

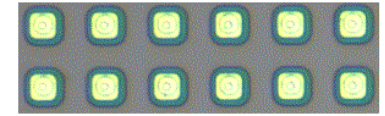
- Work carried within task force IN2P3 French Cluster (LAL+ LPNHE)
 - Characterization of pixel sensors of various designs through different actions, namely:
 - Visual Inspection
 - Planarity and bow evaluation
 - IV, CV measurements
- Outcome from MS measurement
 - Measurement consist with the values by foundry.
 - Infrastructure ready and operational for mass production



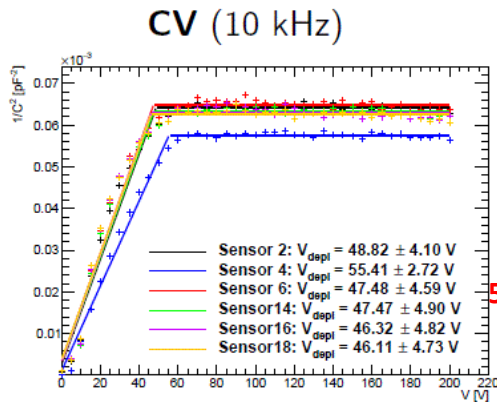
With bias rails:



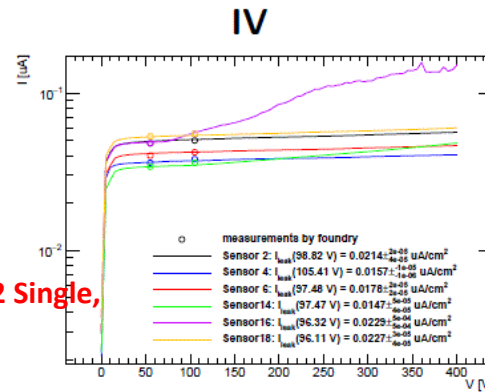
No bias rails:



Special bias rails:



50x50 μm^2 Single,



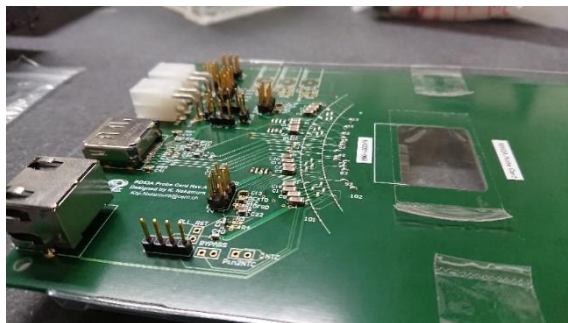
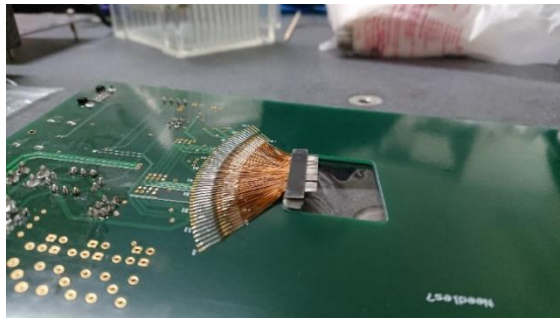
Japan will measure samples from the other vender who delivers samples later this year.





Module measurement

- Probe card for RD53A module has been developed in Japan.
 - Immediate feedback of Bumpbonding quality in HPK.
 - Highly needed tool that could be provided by KEK for the community for ASIC Chip testing.
- Test for RD53A module successfully done.
 - Will be tested modules for the local support demonstrator.
- **Probe card for Pre-production ASIC will be designed this year.**



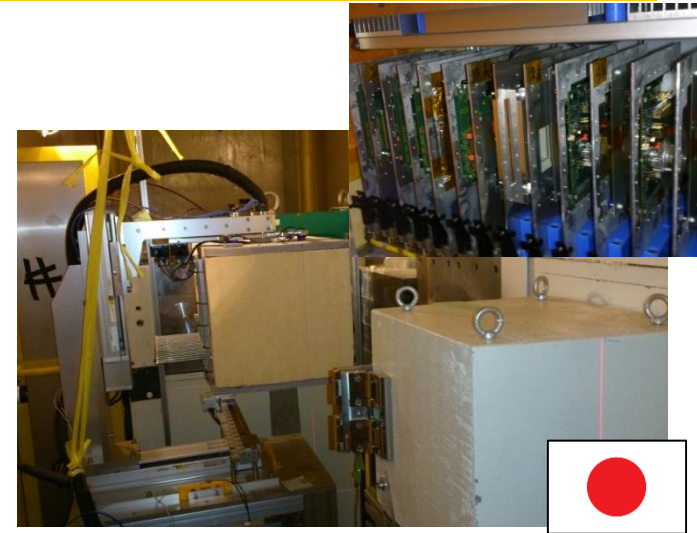
Probe station at KEK



Irradiation and Testbeam

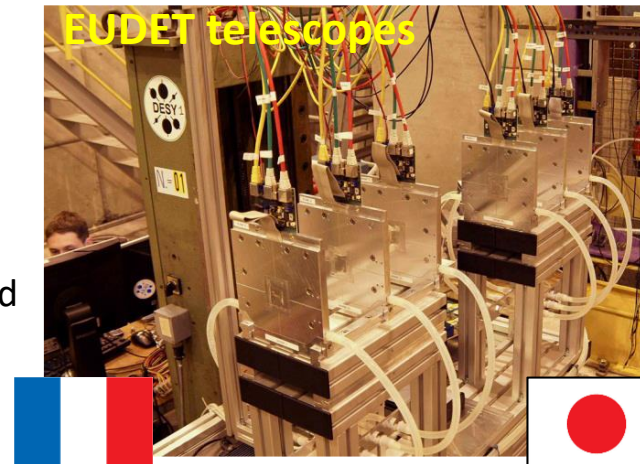
- CYRIC@Tohoku Univ.

- An irradiation facility with **70MeV proton beam** (**$\sim 1\mu\text{A}$ beam current**).
 - 3-5 hours for $3 \times 10^{15} n_{\text{eq}}/\text{cm}^2$ irradiation with (600nA beam)
- This allows 2-3 pixel modules with Al plate at the same time (3% E loss/module).
- Operated at **-15°C temprature** with dry N_2 gas.
- Scanning over full pixel surface at irradiation.



- **Testbeam**

- **Extremely important to test device performance**
- Efficiency/Noise monitoring during production
- Testbeam facility
 - **CERN SPS : 120GeV π^+ beam**
 - DESY : 4-5GeV e^+ beam
 - FNAL : 120GeV proton beam
- Telescope planes (Track pointing to device)
 - EUDET based on MIMOSA26 monolithic CMOS detector placed in beamline at CERN/DESY/SLAC (**$\sim 3\mu\text{m}$ pointing resolution**).
 - Huge experience of the testbeam operation as having testbeam 3-4 times a year



Funding request

Exchange Experience(D_RD_15)

Visit Versailles in 2017

Junki Suzuki, Hitomi Tokutake, and K.N. + Tasneem Rashid

To perform SIMS measurement @ Versailles

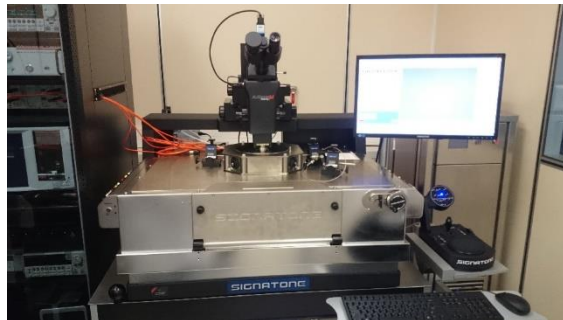
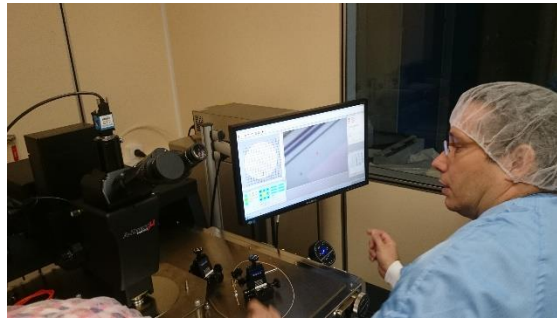
Thanks to François Jomard for help and the operation of measurement



Visit LAL in 2016

Kazuyuki Sato, Junki Suzuki, Hitomi Tokutake, Hiromi Sawai and K.N.

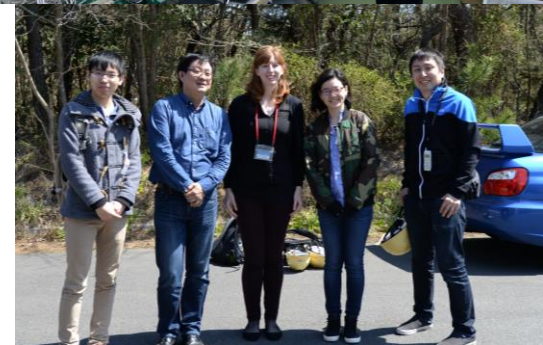
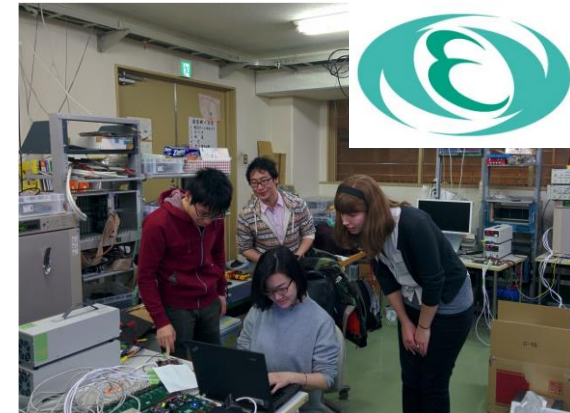
Original aim is to perform SIMS measurement @ Versailles but it was temporary broken unfortunately. Visiting probe-station, SMD lab etc.



Visit KEK in 2015

Clara Nelist

After irradiation of LAL's module in Japan, testing of the devices as well as visiting J-park @ Tokai



Exchange Experience(D_RD_15)

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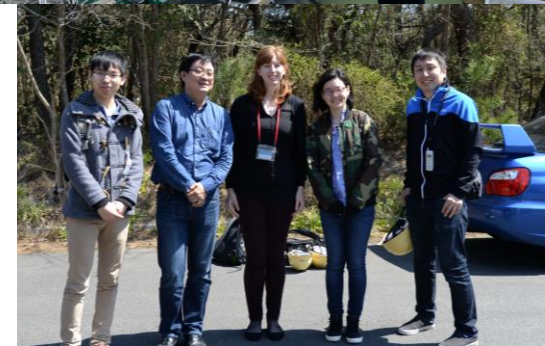
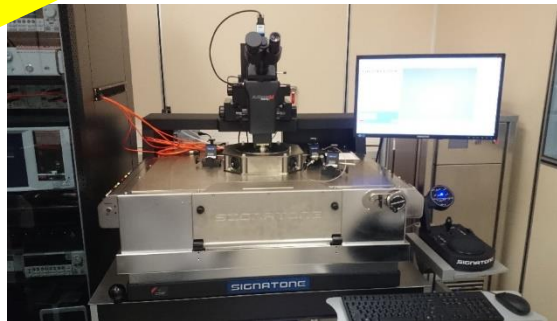
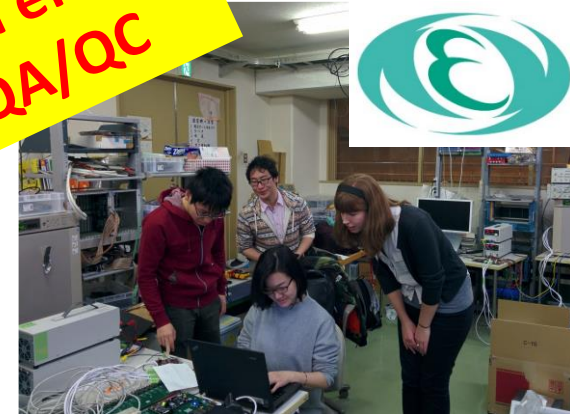
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Visiting probe-station, SMD lab etc

Visit KEK in 2015

Clara Nelist

After irradiation of LAL's module in Japan, testing of the detectors as well as the data analysis mark @ Tokai



**Very good opportunity to share expertise and effort.
Huge help for the phase of production & QA/QC**

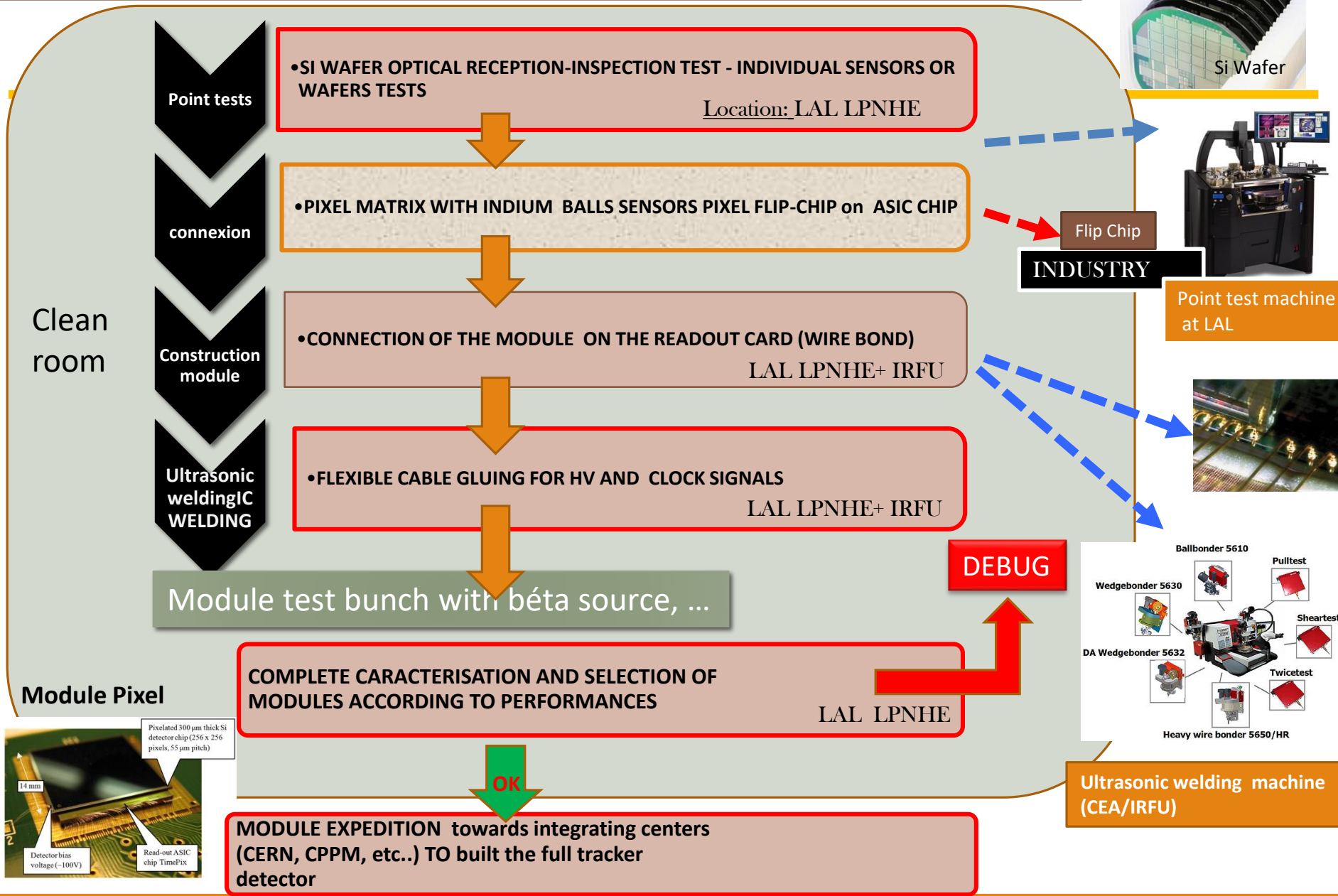
Budget request 2019

Funding Request from France				
Description	€/unit	Nb of units	Total (€)	Requested to
Visit to KEK/Tsukuba	150 / day	5 day	750	LAL
Visit to Japan	1000	1	1000	Uni. Paris Saclay
Students in KEK/Tsukuba	650/month	12 weeks	7800	Uni. Paris Saclay
Student Stay in KEK/Tsukuba	1500	1	1500	KEK/Tsukuba
Student Travels	800	1	800	Uni. Paris Saclay
Total			4400	

Funding Request from Japan				
Description	k¥/unit	Nb of units	Total (k¥)	Requested to
Visit to LAL (3 seniors), per diem	45/day	5days	225	KEK
Student (1) Stay at LAL, per diem	150/month	2 months	300	KEK
Travels	160	4	640	KEK
Total			1165	

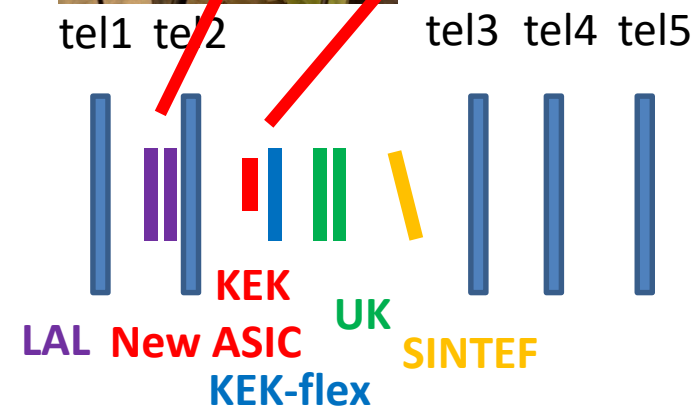
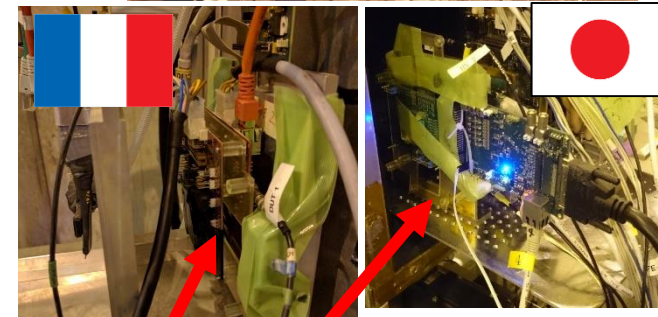
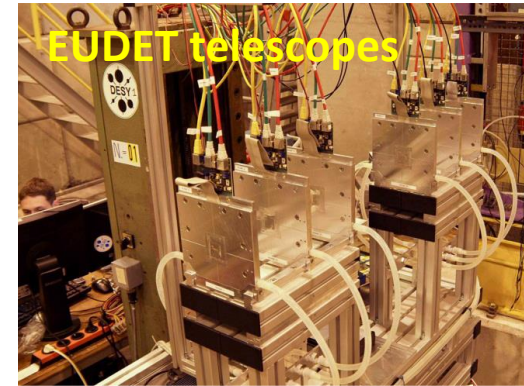
Additional Funding from France			Additional Funding from Japan		
Provided by / requested to	Type	€	Provided by / requested to	Type	k¥
LAL/ATLAS PIXEL/IN2P3	TCADSIM licence	1500	Tsukuba/ATLAS	Quality Control setup	800
LAL/ATLAS/PIXEL /IN2P3	DAQ Front board For Irrad tests	1500	KEK/ATLAS	CYRIC irradiation	450
LAL/ATLAS PIXEL/IN2P3	New DAQ PC	1000	Tsukuba/ATLAS	Test beam	800
Total		4000	Total		2050

backup



Testbeam campaign

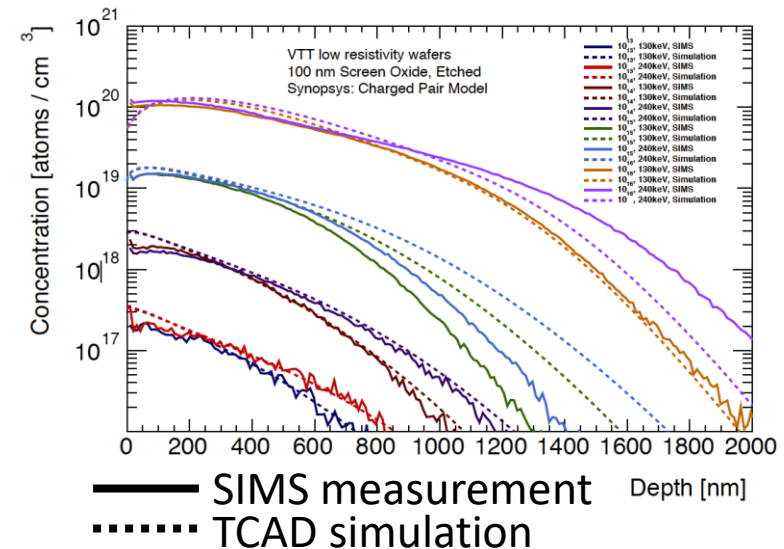
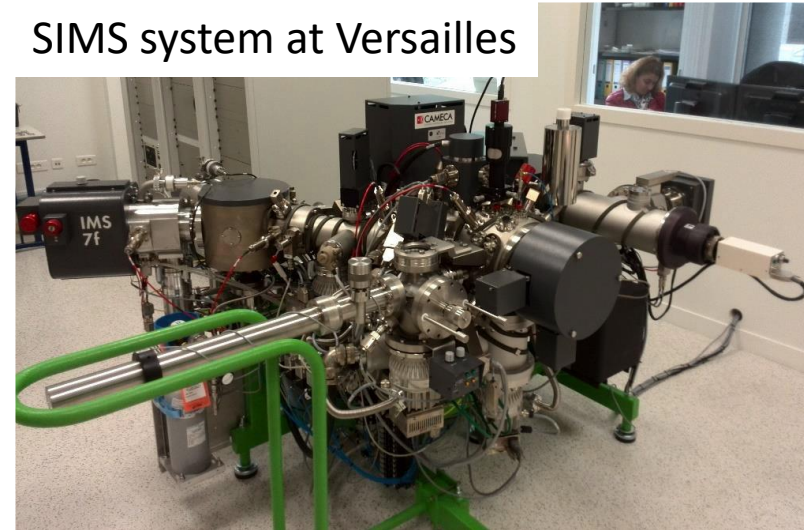
- **Extremely important to test device performance**
 - DAQ and operation
 - In-pixel and/or Edge efficiency
- Testbeam facility
 - **CERN SPS : 120GeV π^+ beam**
 - DESY : 4-5GeV e^+ beam
 - SLAC : 5-13GeV e^- beam
 - FNAL : 120GeV proton beam
- Telescope planes (Track pointing to device)
 - EUDET based on MIMOSA26 monolithic CMOS detector placed in beamline at CERN/DESY/SLAC (**$\sim 3\mu\text{m}$ pointing resolution**).
 - Huge experience of the testbeam operation as having testbeam 3-4 times a year
- **Example** : November testbeam @CERN
 - LAL&KEK devices are in the same runs together with UK, Norway's samples.
 - Excellent data taking was achieved.



Secondary Ion Mass Spectrometry and Simulation

- SIMS measurement
 - Analytical technique to characterize the impurities near surface (<30um) by ionized secondary particles.
 - Good detection sensitivity for **B, P, Al, As, Ni, O, Si** etc down to 10^{13} atoms/cm³ with 1-5nm depth resolution.
- Synopsys TCAD simulation
 - Process simulation:
 - Simulate implantation and resulting concentrations.
 - **Can compare to SIMS result.**
 - Device Simulation :
 - Simulate Electric field to understand the performance of silicon device.
 - Possible to perform simulation of charge correction of MIP signal.

SIMS system at Versailles





CYRIC : Irradiation Facility in Japan

CYRIC@Tohoku Univ.

- An irradiation facility with **70MeV proton beam** (**$\sim 1\mu\text{A}$ beam current**).
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- This allows 2-3 pixel modules with Al plate at the same time(3% E loss/module).
- Operated at **-15°C temprature** with dry N_2 gas.
- Scanning over full pixel surface at irradiation.

LAL's Active Edge Pixel Modules

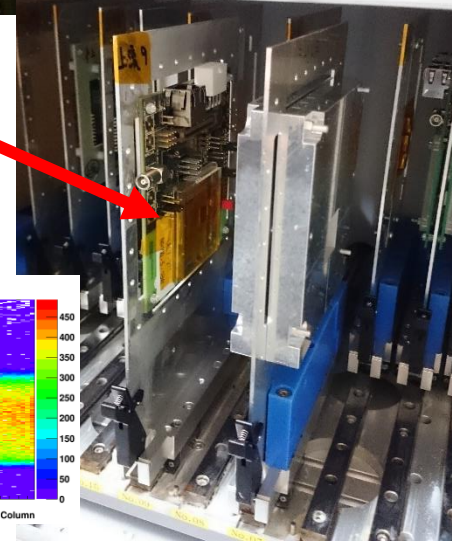
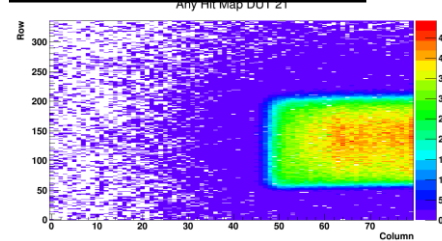
- Irradiated LAL's module twice in 2016 and 2017.
- First irradiation, observed disconnection of bumps after irradiation.
- **Second irradiation, it was successfully done and measured the device at DESY testbeam in March 2017.**



Feb 2017

LAL's Pixel Mod.
(Active Edge)

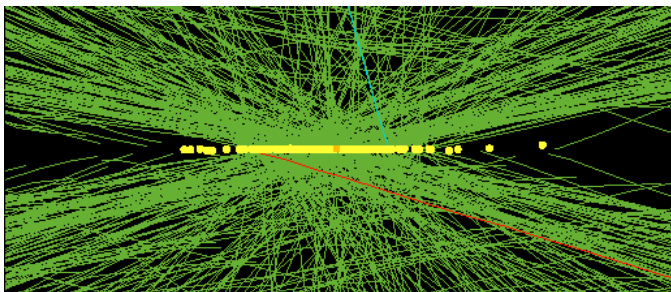
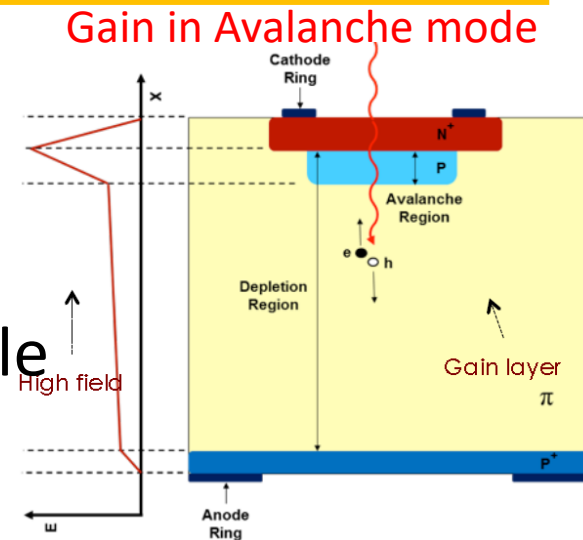
Mar 2017 @ DESY



Another layer of Collaboration? : LGAD

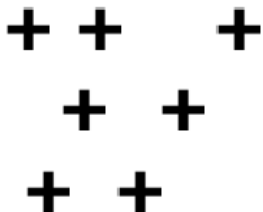
Low Gain Avalanche Detectors

- To solve pileup issue in future high luminosity hadron collider, good time resolution detector is important.
- The **~50ps** time resolution makes it possible to identify each collision in an event.

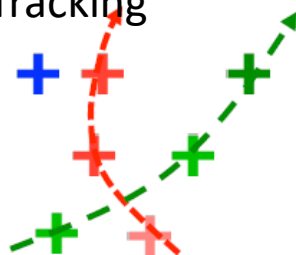


- Time resolution
 - Smaller time walk (higher field)
 - Smaller time jitter (low noise)
- p+ layer beneath n+ implant creates ~300kV/cm electric field (Gain ~ 10)

Detector Hit



Tracking



CNM/FBK/HPK produced devices

- LAL group : Simulation&Testing CNM device
- Tsukuba group : Testing HPK device