

# Development of Digital CFD Method for NFADC500

13th. Apr. 2017

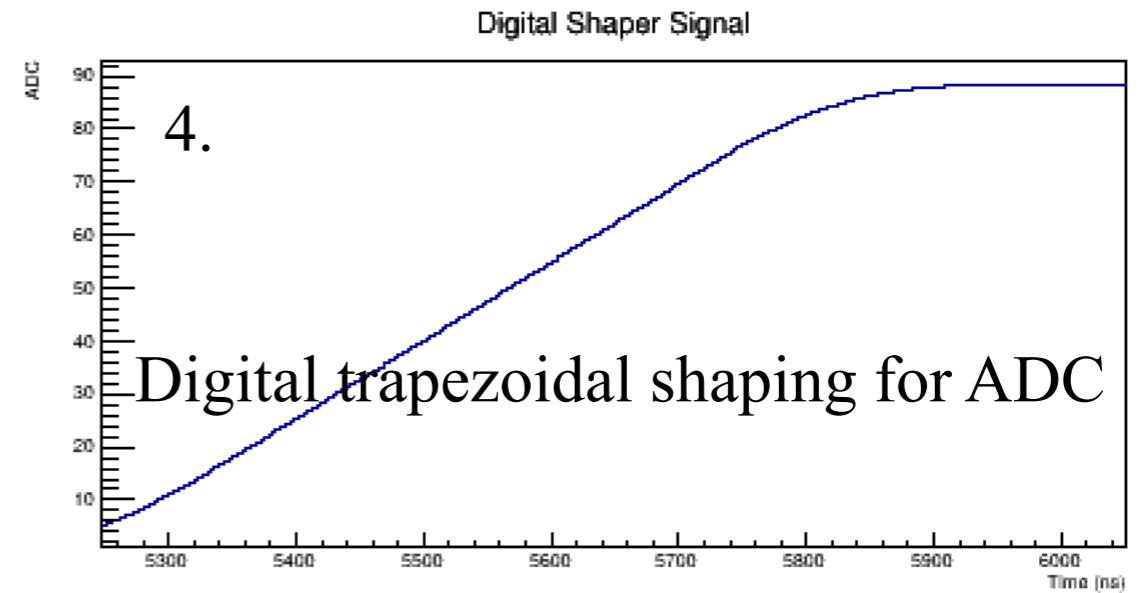
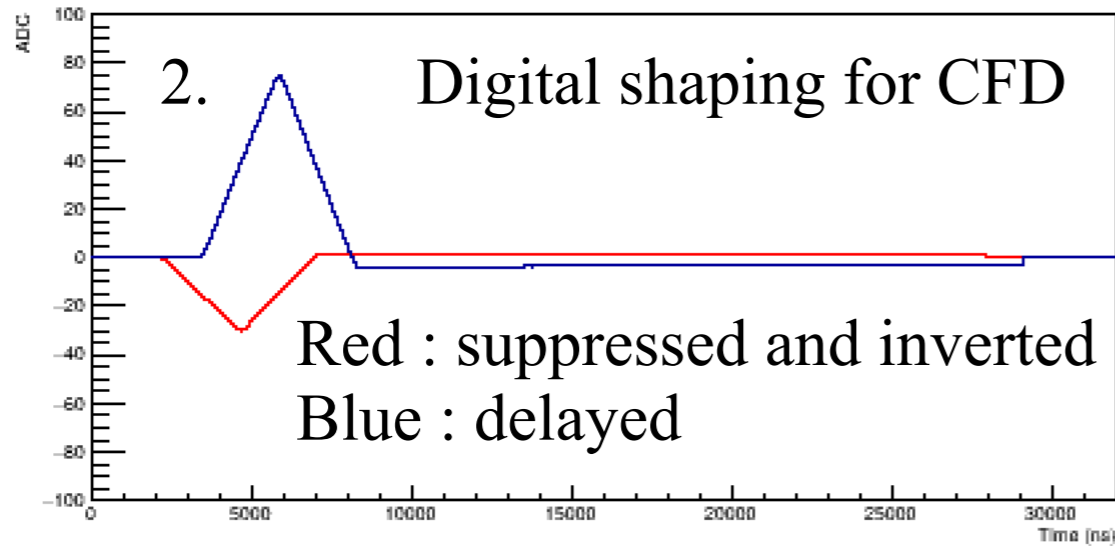
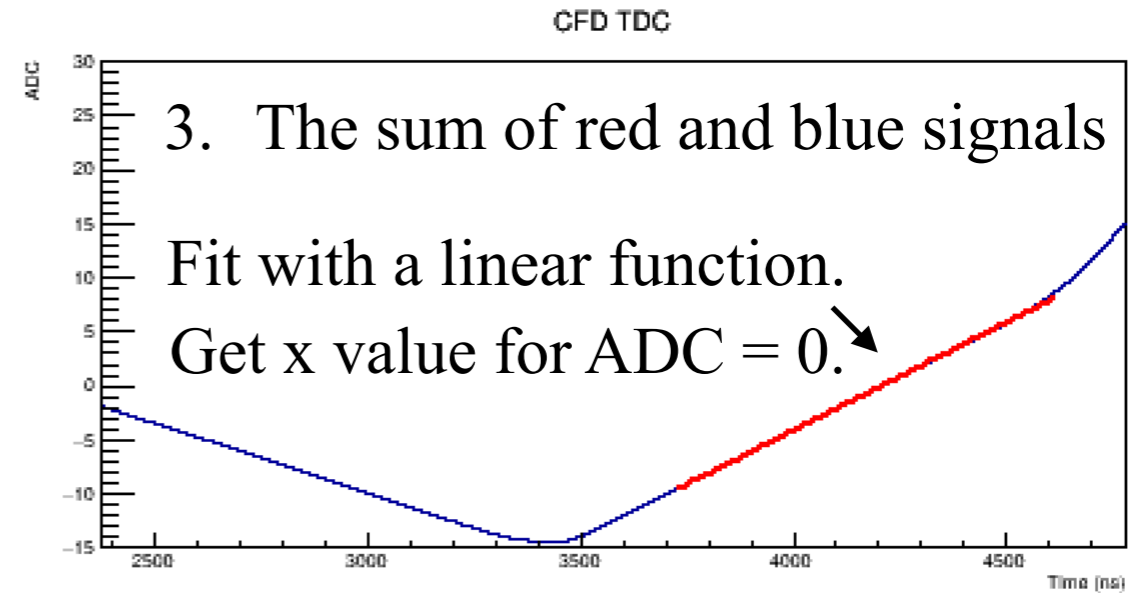
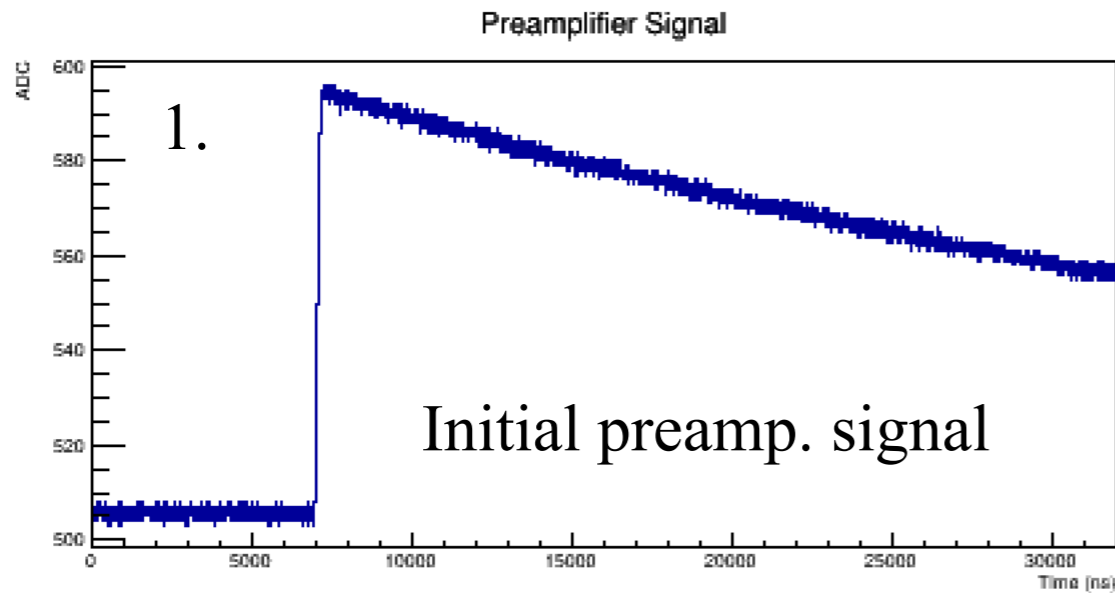
Byul Moon

# Motivation

- Analog TFA-CFD method is the best method to deduce a good timing resolution for a solid state detector.
- As the nuclear experiment aims the digital type rather than the analog type, it requires the digital CFD method.
- In the past, the dCFD method provided poorer resolution than the aCFD method. However, as the technology for the digitization has been improved, the resolution also has been improved.

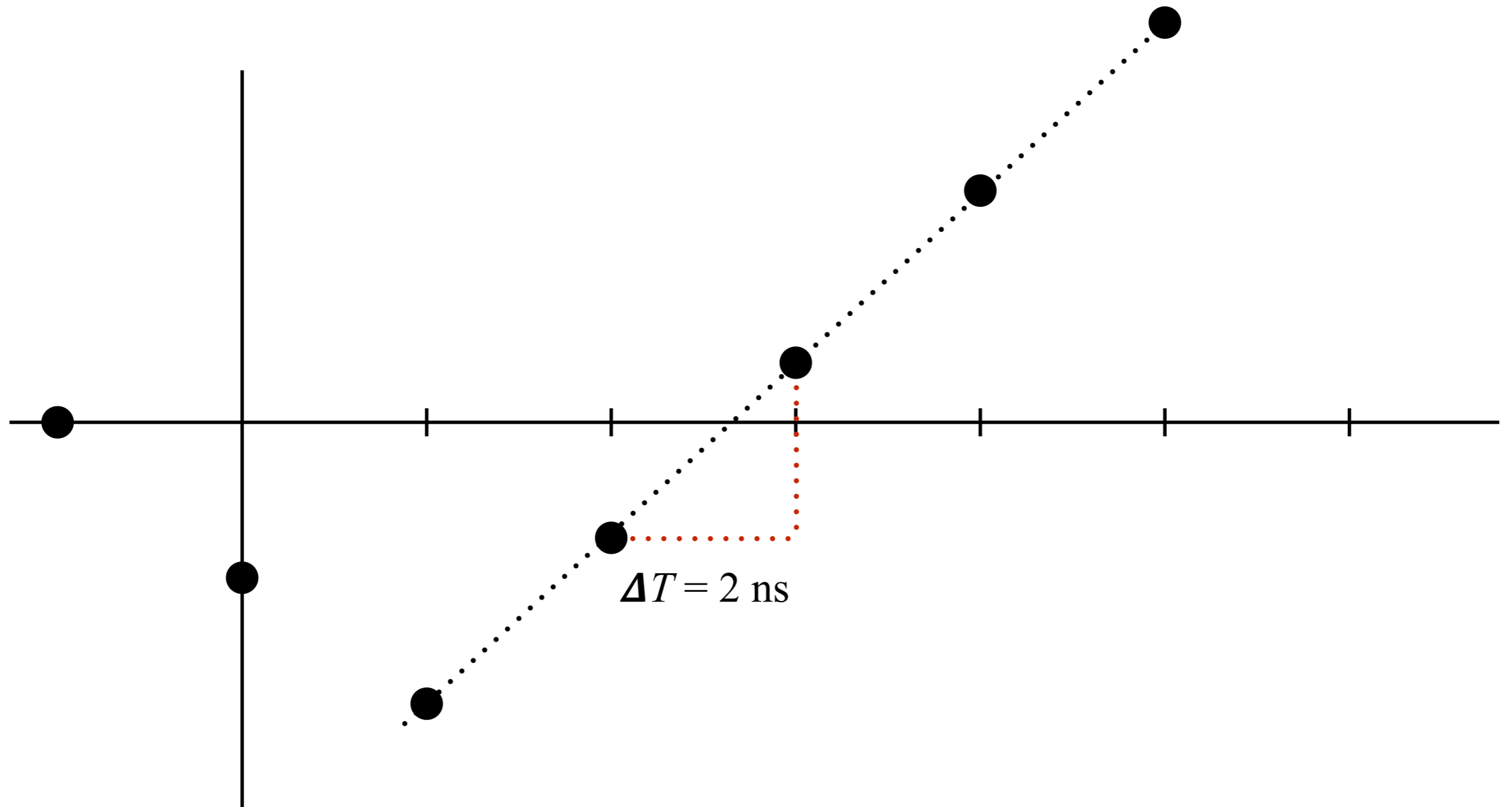
# dCFD for FADC

x-axis in time (ns) and y-axis in ADC



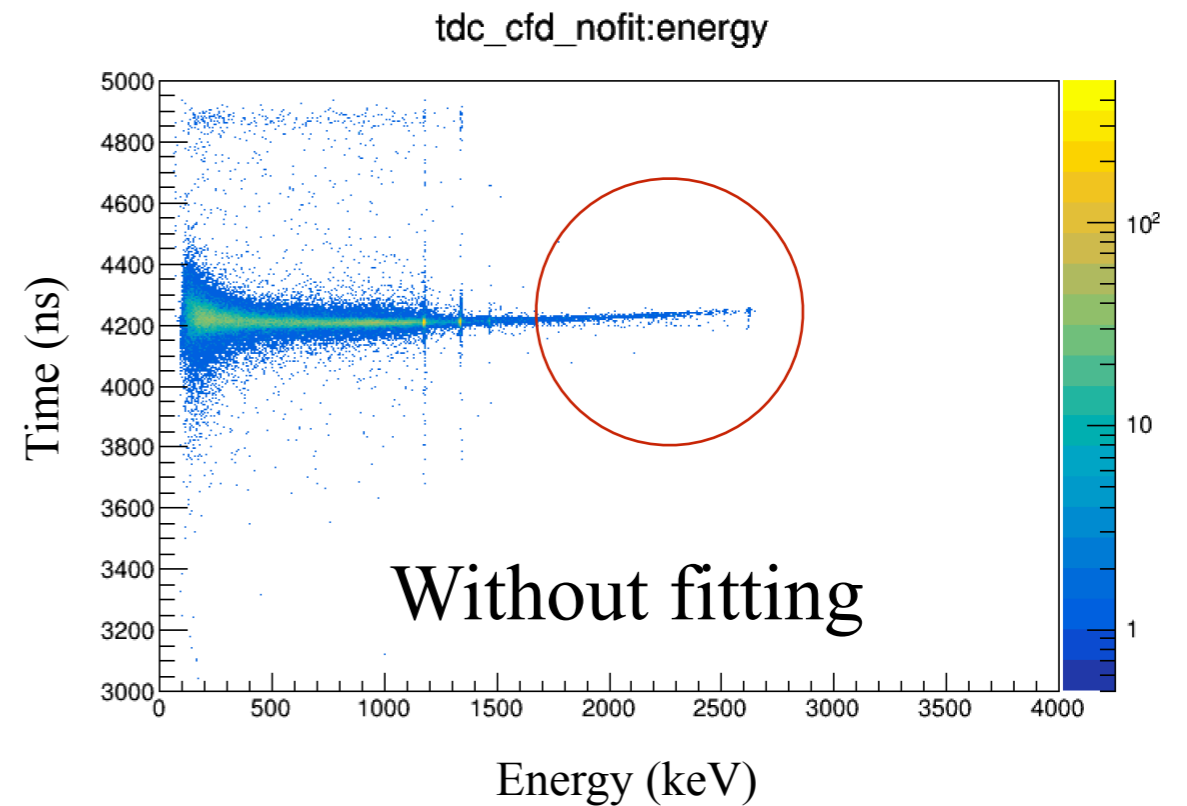
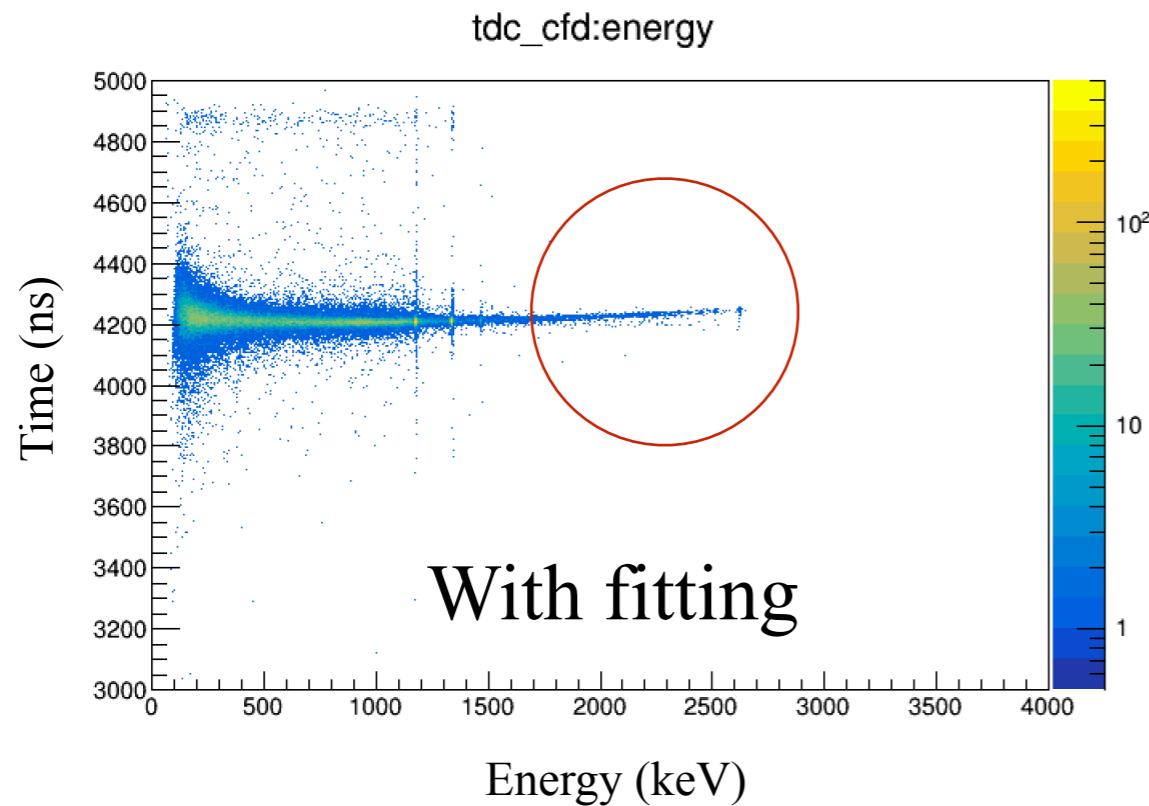
But it takes too much time to deduce TDCs!!

# dCFD for FADC



Able to deduce a TDC without fitting!!

# dCFD for FADC



$^{60}\text{Co}$  source

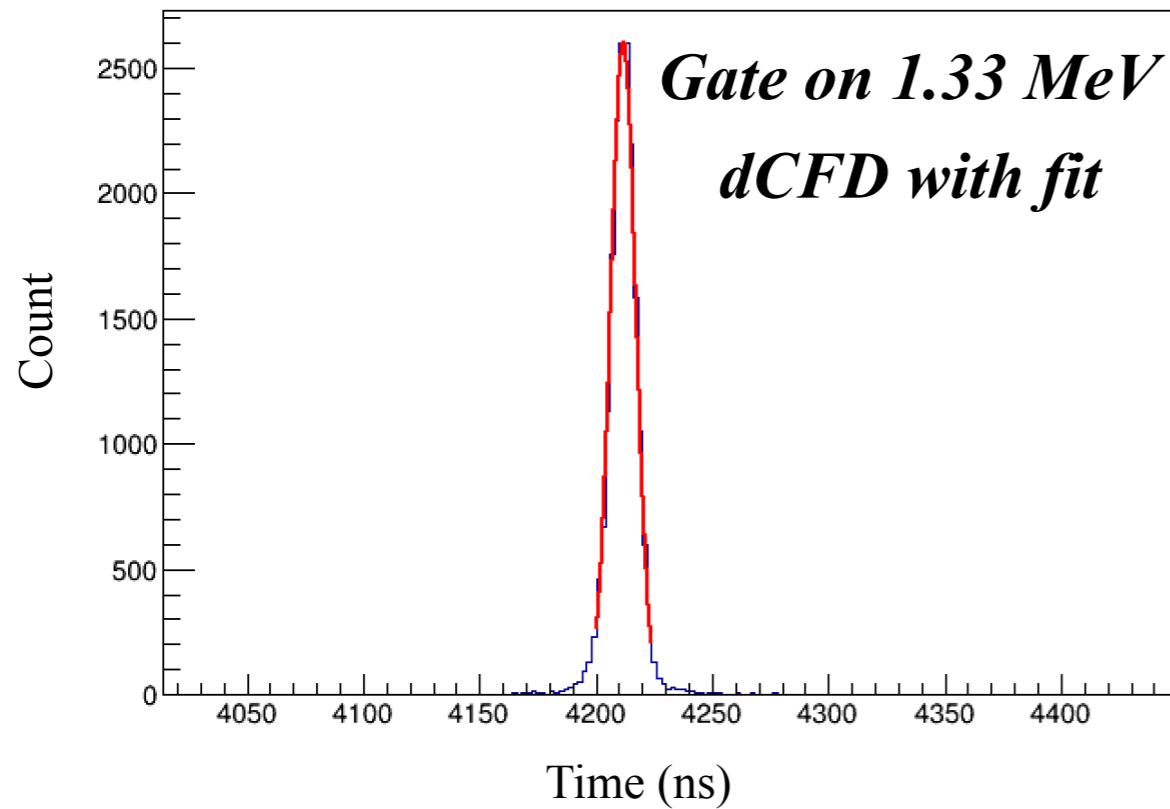
It seems pretty nice...

BUT there is a curved tail at high ADC values.

Still looking for the reason but it seems due to the problem in the detector itself.

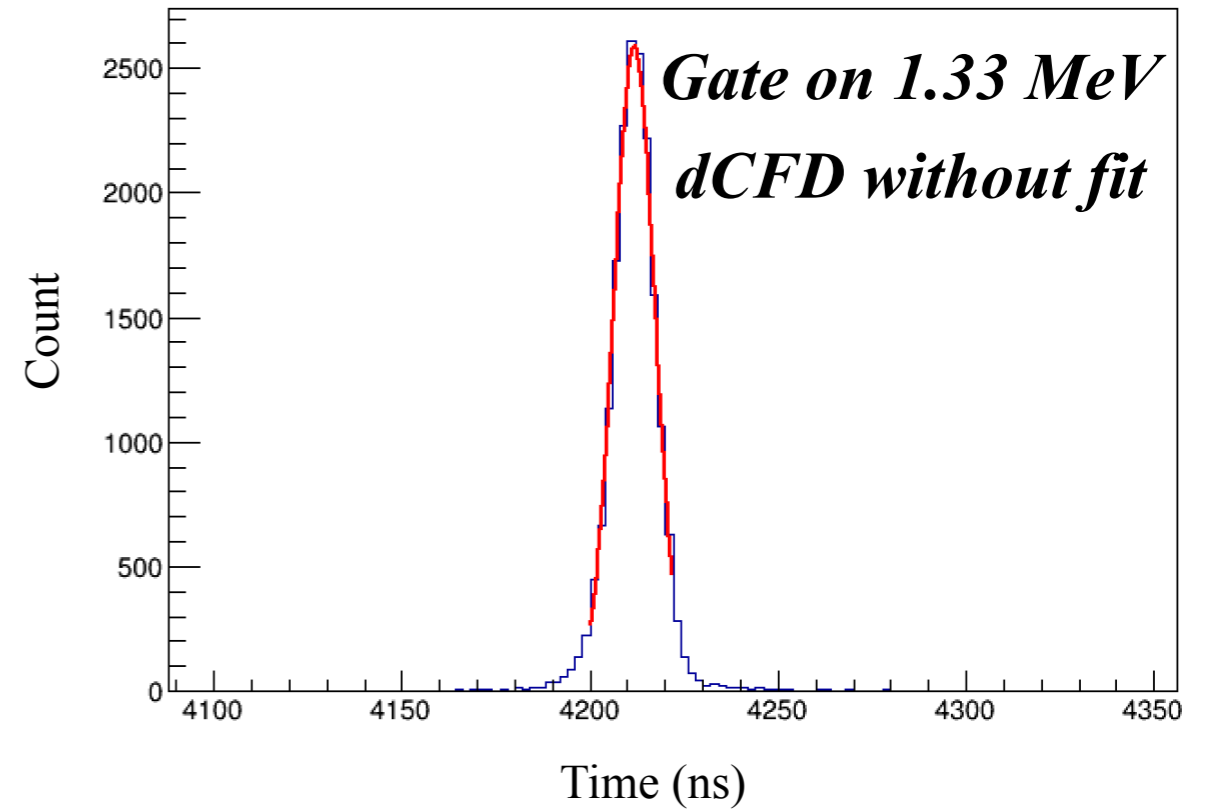
# dCFD for FADC

tdc\_cfd {energy > 1330 && energy < 1350}



12.81(10) ns at FWHM

tdc\_cfd\_nofit {energy > 1330 && energy < 1350}



12.86(11) ns at FWHM

Almost same considering the error range.

# Future Plan

- Find out the reason why the curved tail is formed.
- Get the best timing resolution by changing parameters such as the rising time, fraction, or delay.
- Compare with the leading edge method.
- Compare with the analog TFA-CFD result... but there is no way to have such an experiment.
- Finally build a GUI online monitoring, decoder and analysis tool for NFADC500... in the future...?