

Muon

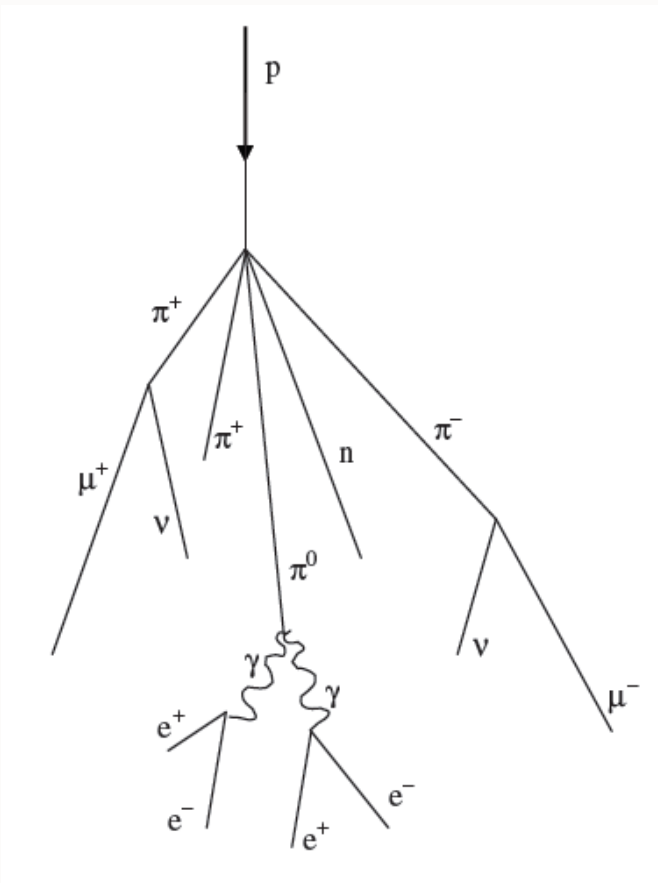
2013160183

물리학과 노 가 영

소개

What is muon?

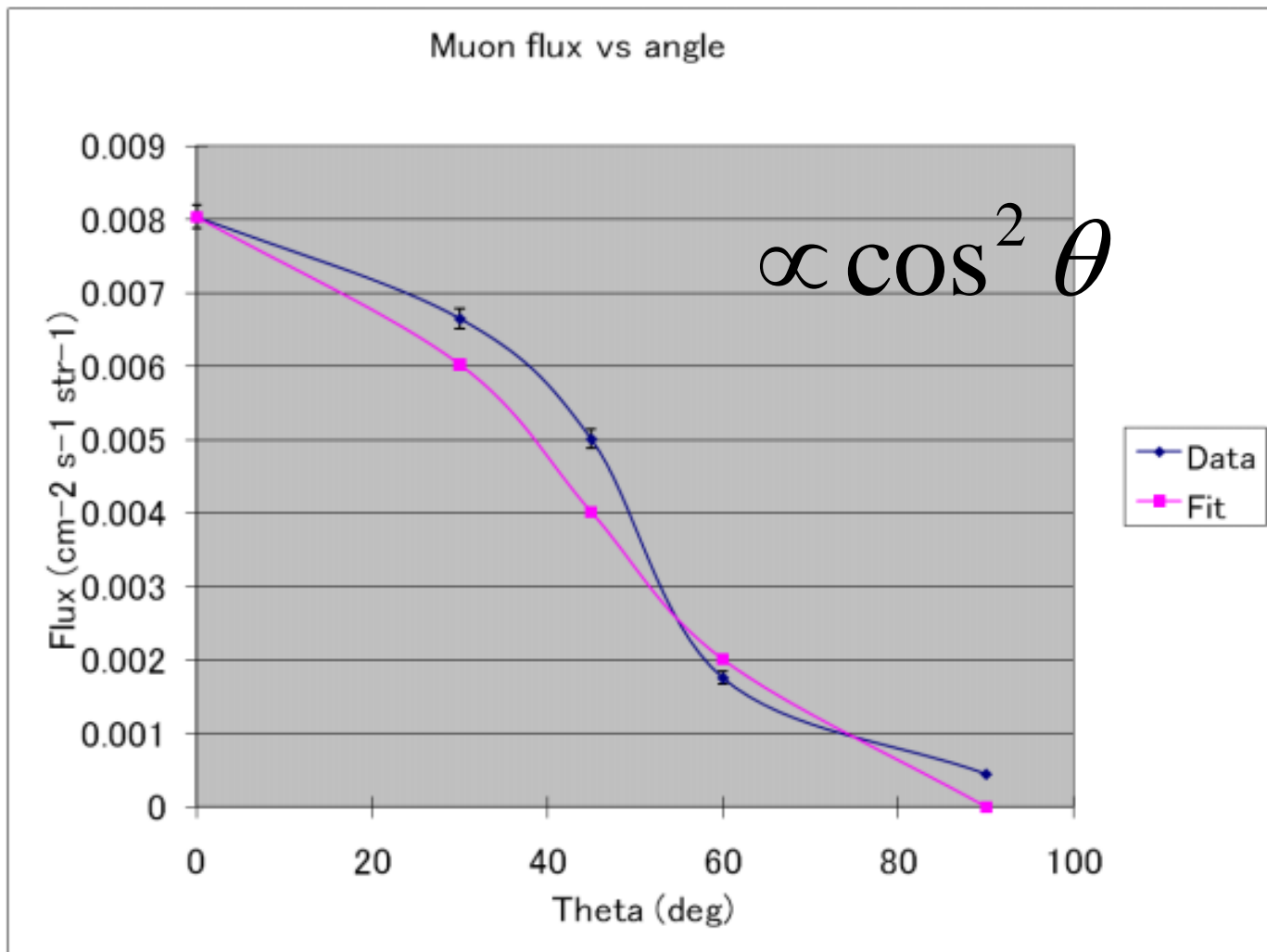
뮤온 (muon)



- Lepton 의 2세대 기본 입자
- 우주선(cosmic rays)와 원자핵의 충돌로 생성
 - 속력 $v = 0.998c$
평균수명 = $2.2\mu s$

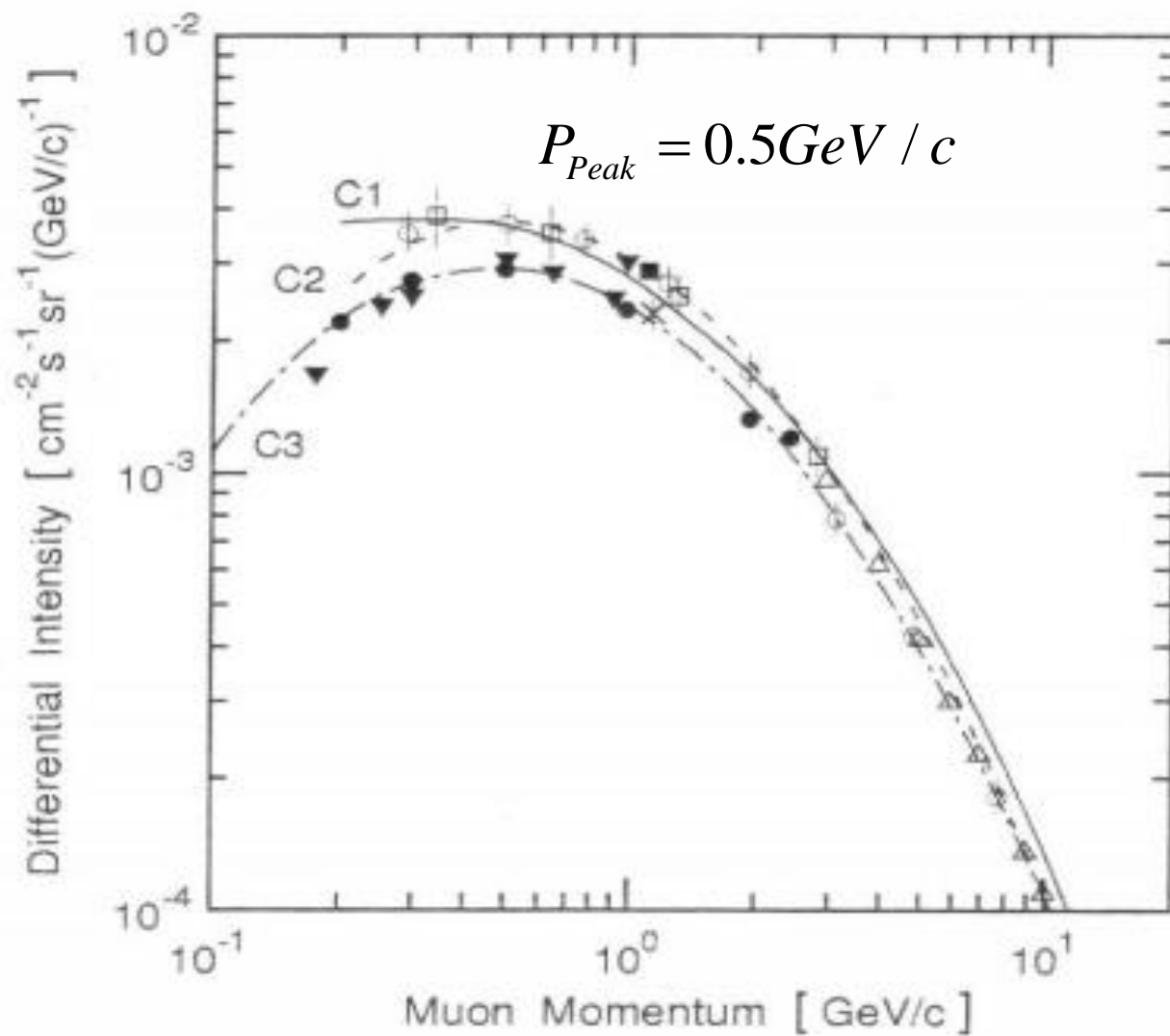
소개

Theory - Muon Angular distribution



소개

Theory - Muon Momentum distribution



소개

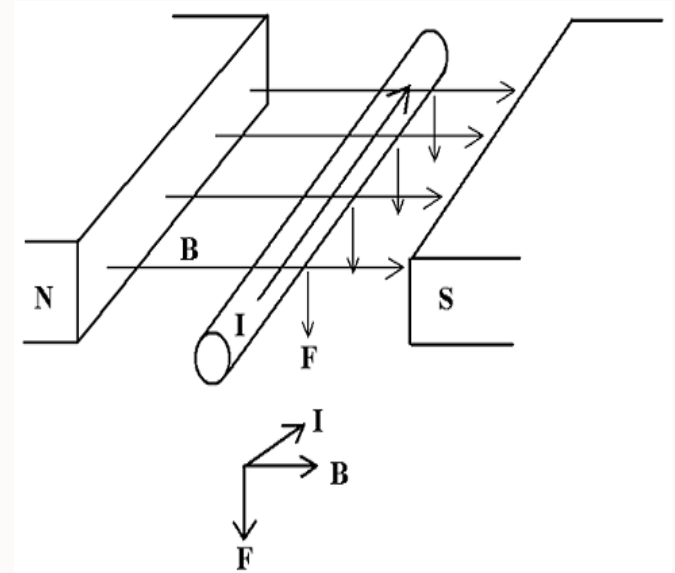
Theory - Lorentz Force

$$\mathbf{F} = q\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B}$$

$$\frac{d\vec{p}}{dt} = q \frac{d\vec{s}}{dt} \times \mathbf{B}$$

$$d\theta = \frac{dp}{p} = q \left(\frac{ds}{p} \right) B$$

$$p = q \frac{ds}{d\theta} B = qB\rho$$



실험도구

Scintillator and Photomultiplier tube(PMT)

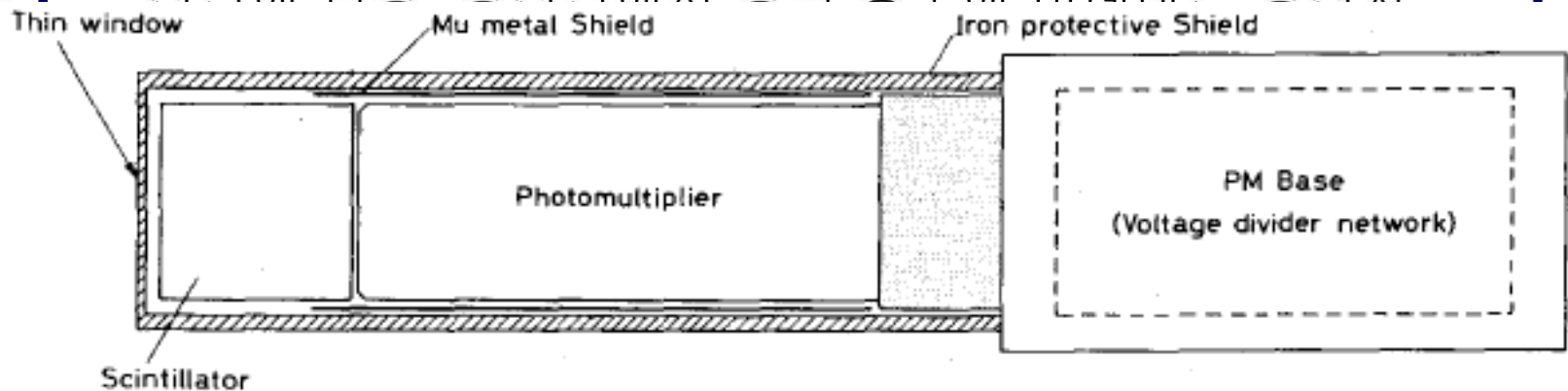
섬광(scintillation)검출기 개요

- 구조

scintillator(개개의 입사 X선 광자에 대하여 펄스상의 광 발생-형광물질)와 광전자 증배관(PM) 구성

- 원리

x선 입사, 신틸레이터에서 발광, 반사판으로 PM의 광
저여에 지과 과저여에서 과이 각도에 비례하는 과저자



실험도구

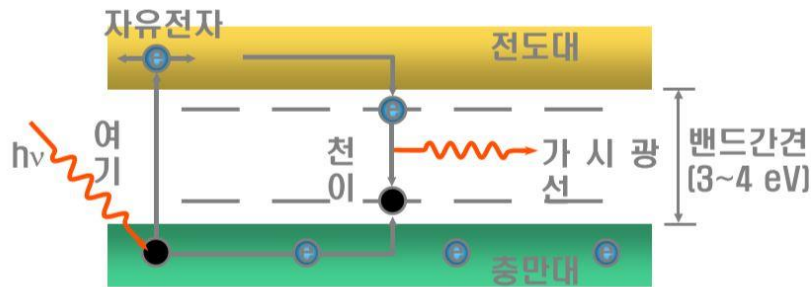
Scintillator and Photomultiplier tube(PMT)

섬광검출기(Scintillation Counter, SC)의 원리

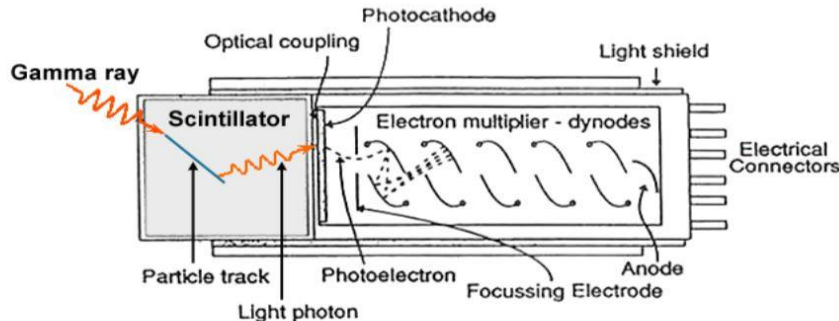
■ 섬광물질

흡수된 방사선에너지를 가시광으로 변환하여 방출하는 성질을 지닌 물질

- 고체, 액체, 기체
- 무기질, 유기질



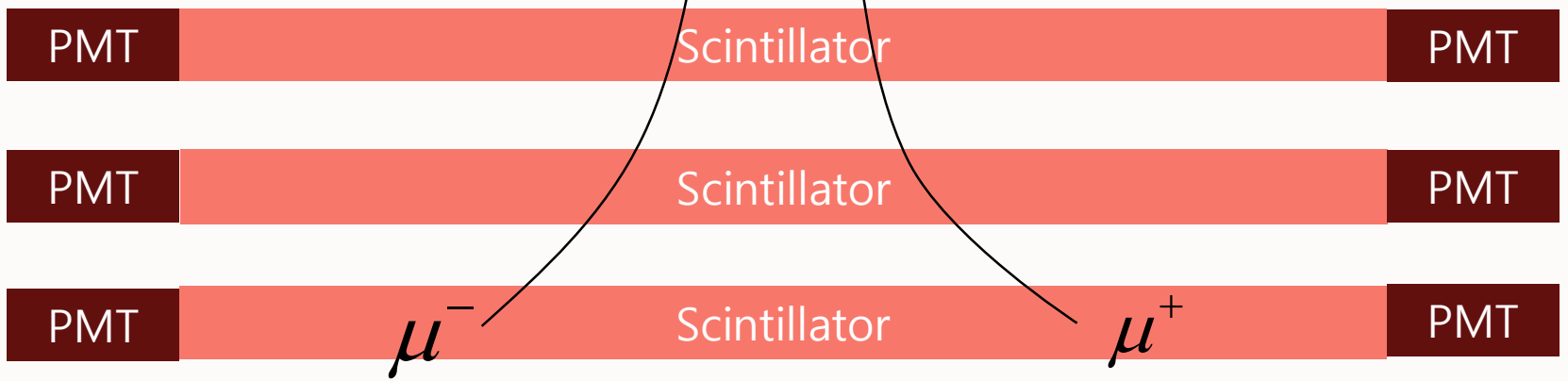
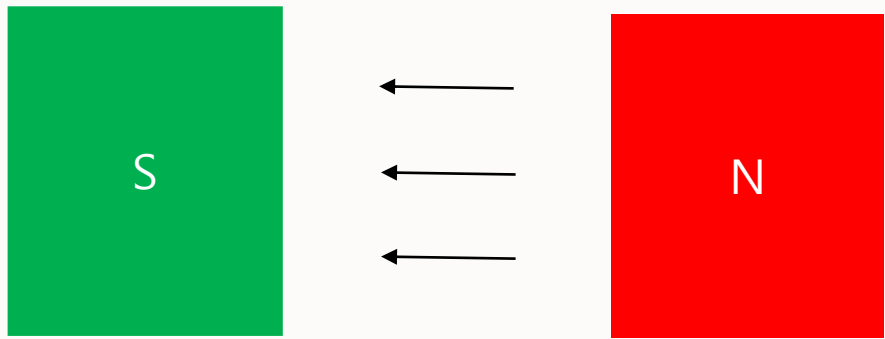
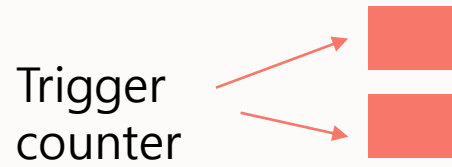
■ 섬광검출기와 광증배관(PMT)



실험과정

Experiment Process

$$|B| \approx 0.78T$$



Thank you

for your attention