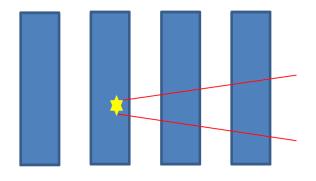
Neutron Detector Simulation 2014 / 12 / 15



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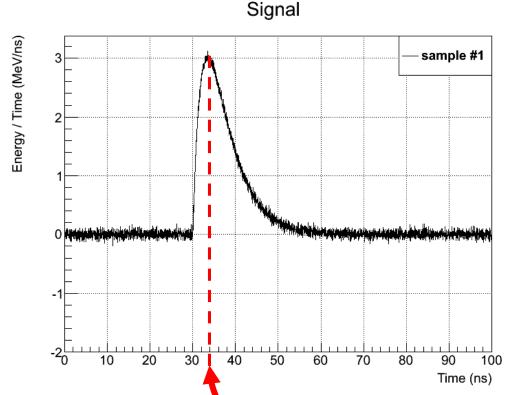
Signal Simulation

- Why we should simulate the "signal"?
 - \rightarrow HitTime of the particle in simulation \neq detector hitTime in experiment
 - In experiment, in each scintillator module, within the gate time(by the trigger), the sum of energy deposits by the particle(s) within the time resolution & position resolution turns up in the form of "signal".
 - When the <u>energy integration of signal became larger than threshold</u>, the <u>signal</u> is considered as it was made by <u>neutron</u>, and <u>that time</u> is saved as a "<u>signal</u> <u>hitTime</u>".
 - Instead of using the **real hitTime of the particle**(only god knows in reality.), we will have to use the **signal hitTime in simulation**.
- By using the signal simulation, we can do more experiment-like(realistic) simulation.

Signal Simulation Example

Total energy deposit : 30 MeV

Threshold: 10 MeV



- The Number of TDC Channel(bins of x-axis): 4096 bins
- Gate Time: 100 ns
- Time per TDC Channel: (100 ns)/(4096 bins) = 0.0244 ns/bin

detector hitTime[0] (time over threshold) : 34.2773 (ns

Next Step

- How much is the difference between the real hitTime of particle & detector hitTime in simulation?
- Apply the signal simulation in the detector algorithm code.
 - ➤ How much changes?