

Azimuthal anisotropy of prompt J/ψ in PbPb collisions in CMS

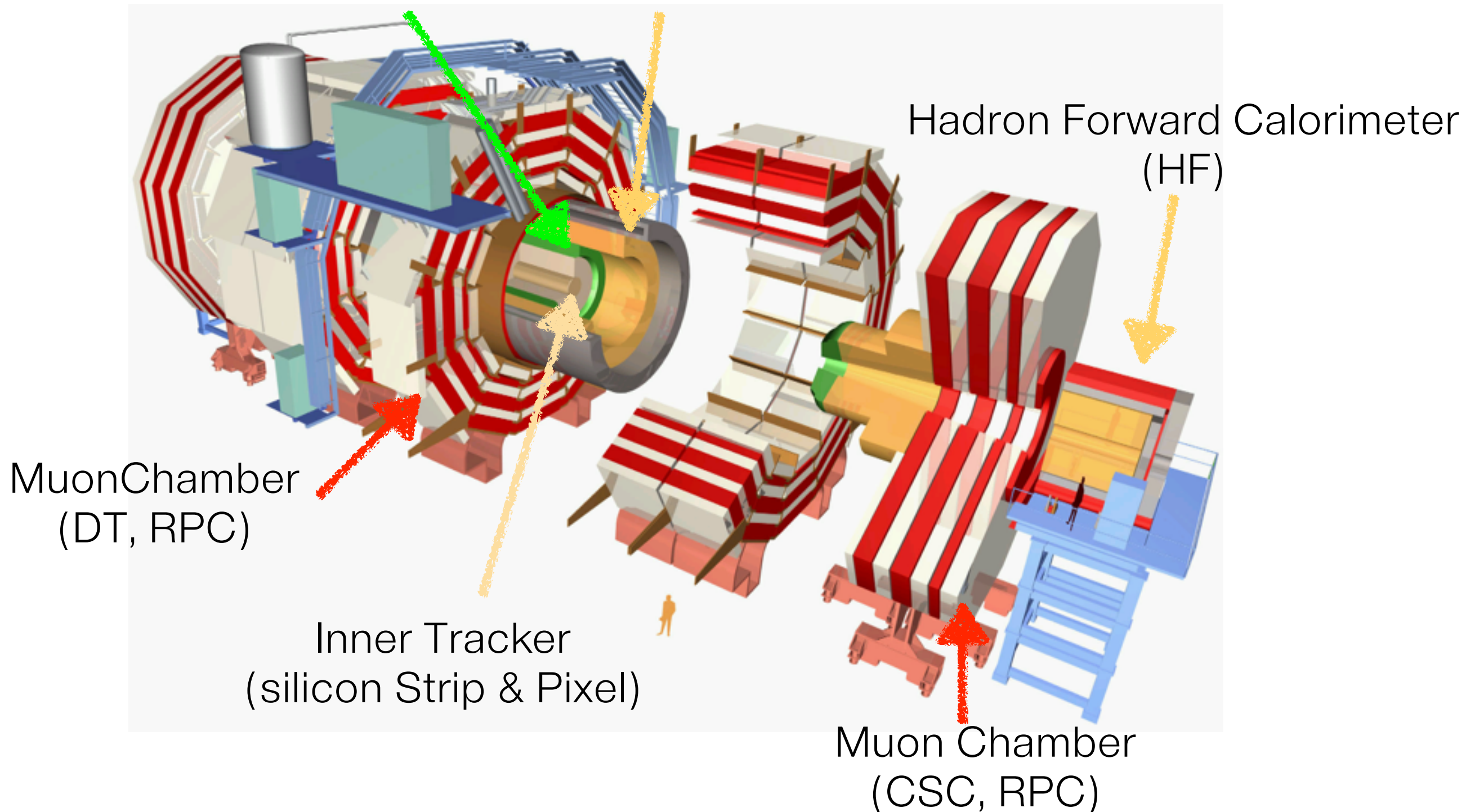
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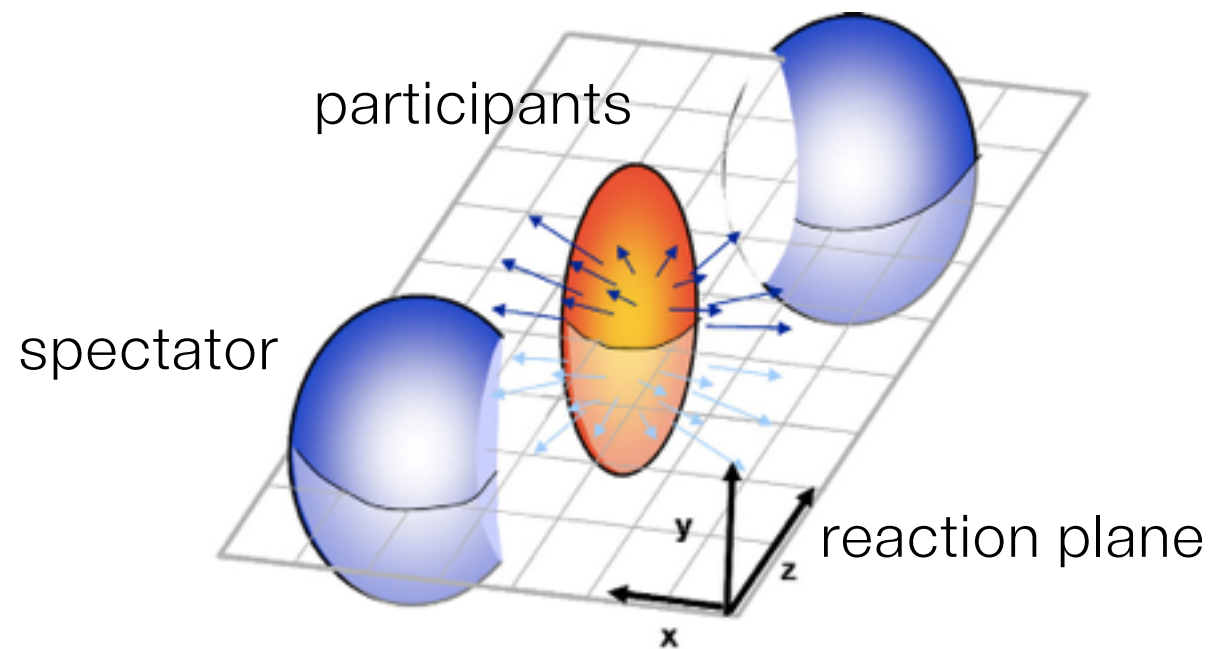
CMS detector configuration

Calorimeters
(Electromagnetic & Hadron)



motivation

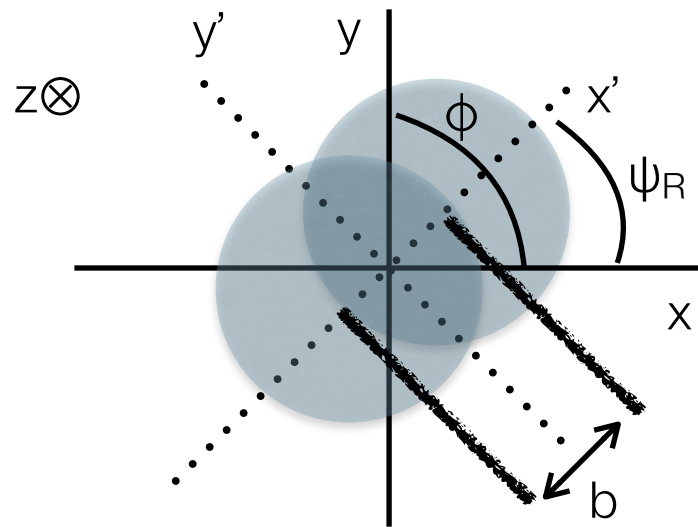
- Quarkonia are expected to carry out information on the initial state and the medium effects



- participants of the collision are distributed in an almond shape region
- Due to the length and pressure difference, spatial anisotropy converted into a momentum anisotropy
- this anisotropy is strong evidence for the existence of QGP

flow

- azimuthal anisotropy can be described using Fourier series



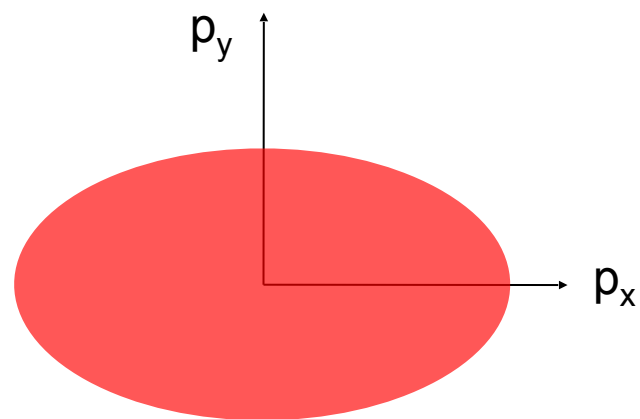
$$E \frac{d^3 N}{dp^3} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \frac{d^2 N}{p_t dp_t dy} \left(1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2v_n \cos[n(\phi - \Psi_R)] \right)$$

Ψ_R : angle of reaction plane

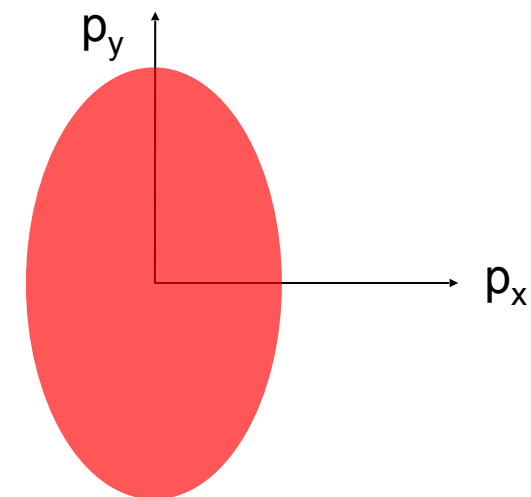
- reaction plane is defined by the impact parameter b and the beam axis z
- v_1 : direct flow, v_2 : elliptic flow, v_3 : triangular flow and so on

elliptic flow

- how the flow is not uniform in all directions when viewed along the beam-line
- directly reflects the initial spatial anisotropy
- in-plane elliptic flow due to pressure gradient
- out-of-plane elliptic flow due to spectator blocking



$v_2 > 0$: in-plane

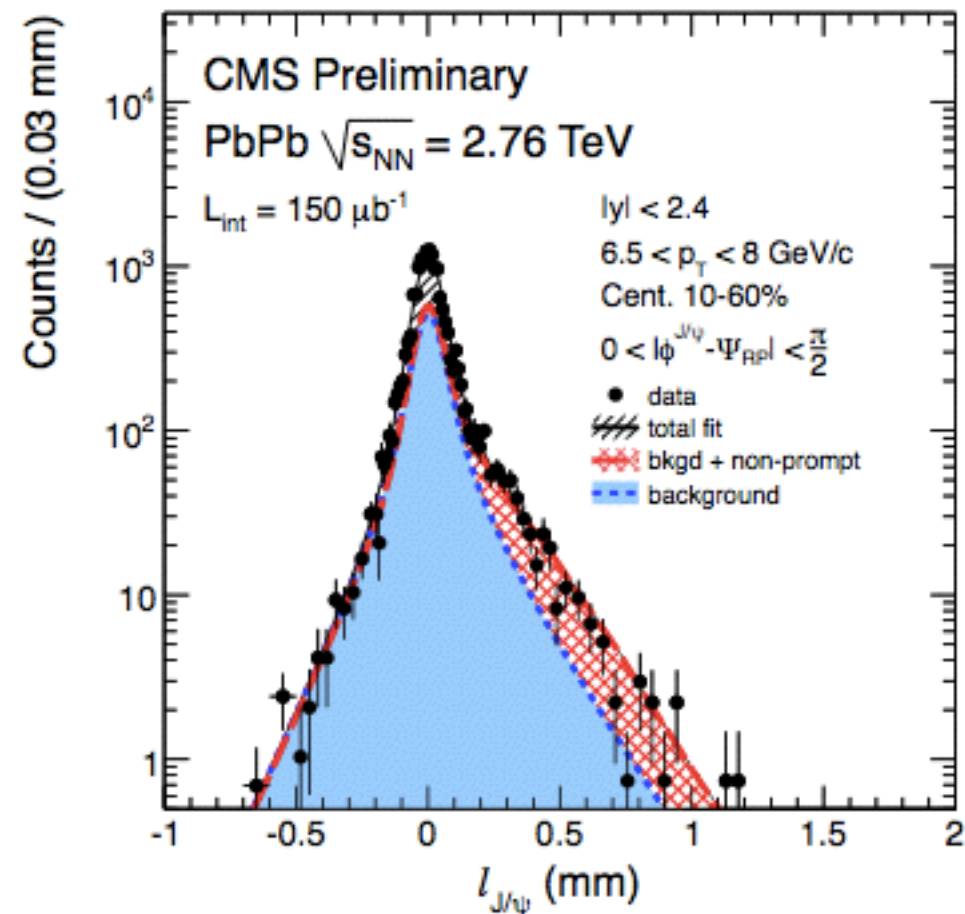
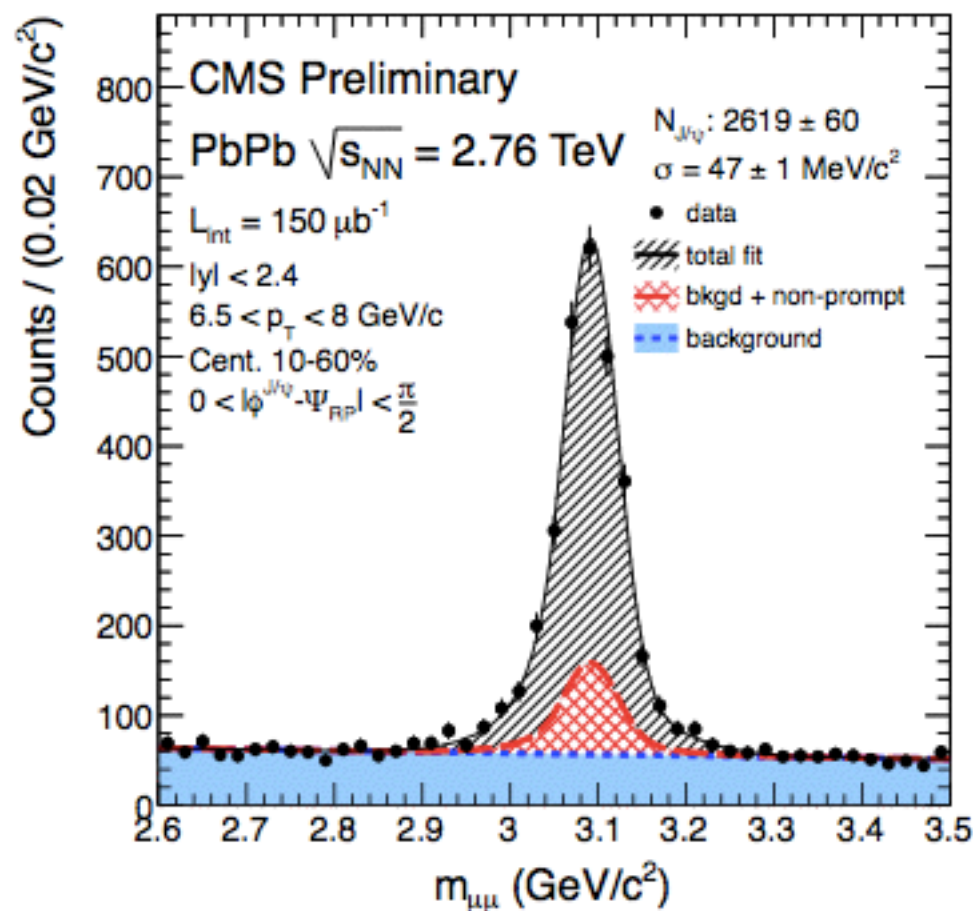


$v_2 < 0$: out-of-plane

Prompt J/ψ extraction

- CMS collected $150 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$ in 2011 2.76 TeV PbPb collision
- J/ψ are reconstructed from $\mu^+\mu^-$ pair
- non-prompt J/ψ excluded by 2-D fit

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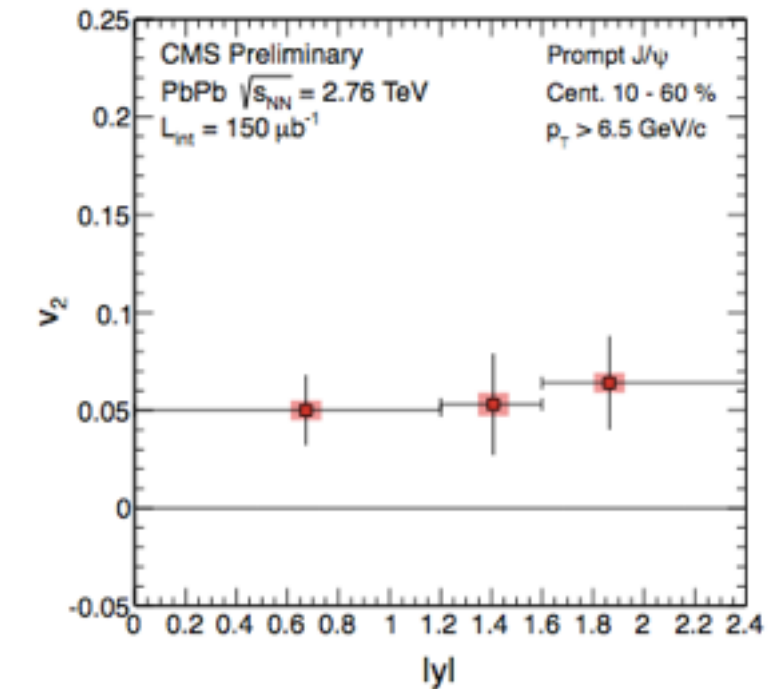
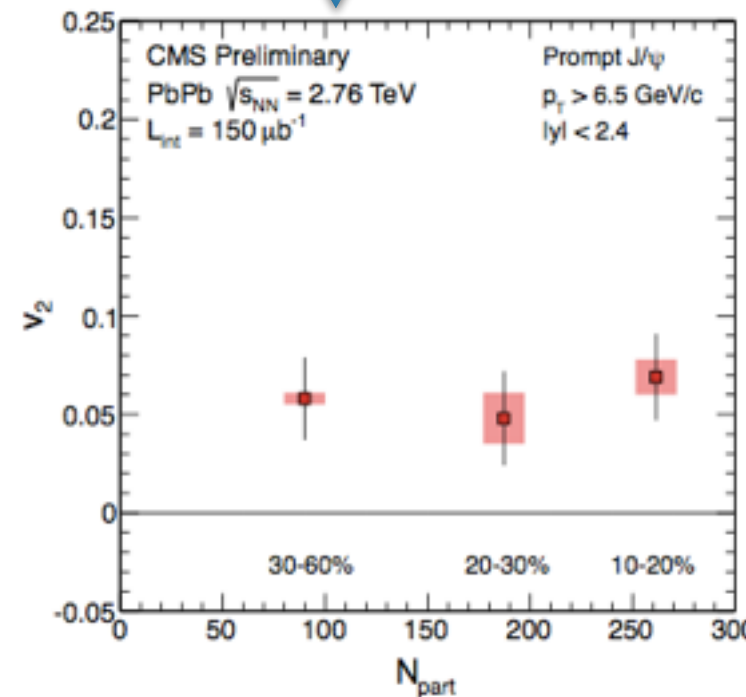
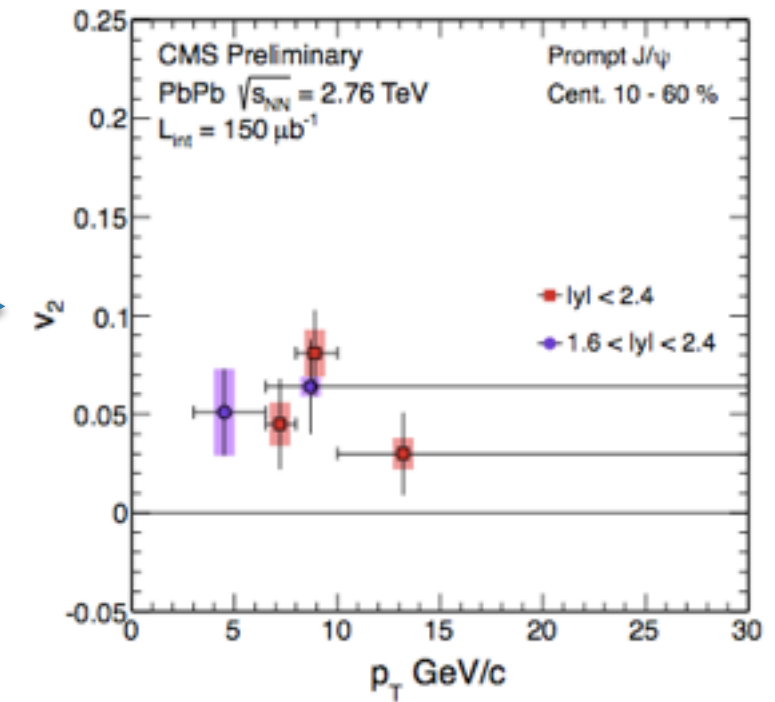
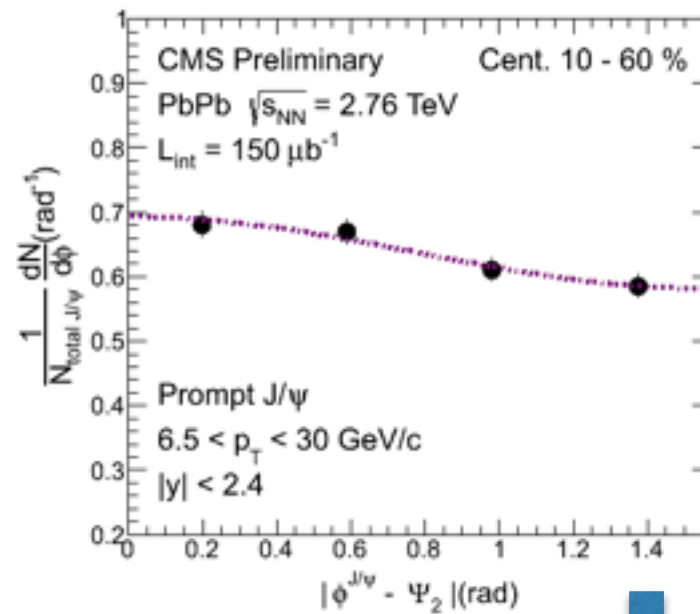
$l_{J/\psi}$: pseudo-proper decay length

v_2 calculation

- use prompt J/ψ yields in each rapidity, p_T , centrality, $\Delta\phi$

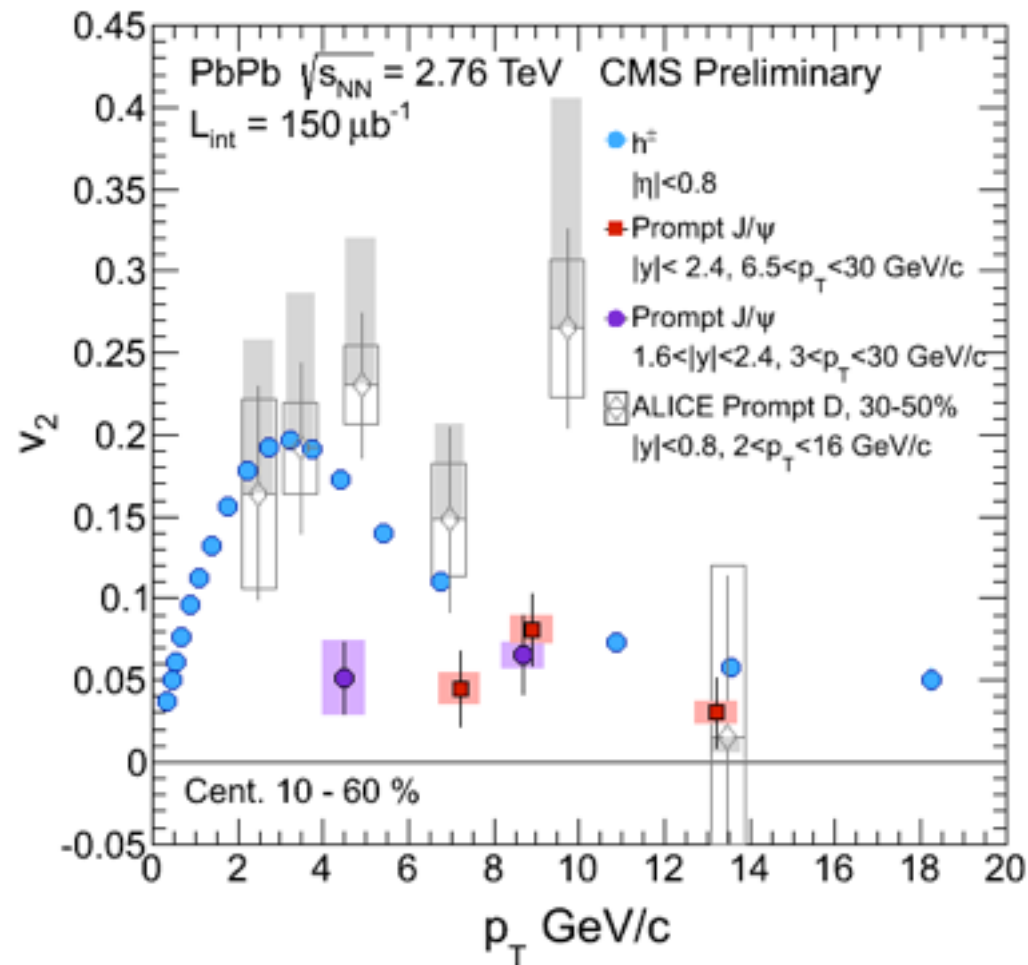
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$$1 + 2v_2 \cos(2\Delta\phi)$$



- no significant centrality or rapidity dependence

comparison with other experiments



- at high p_T , v_2 looks matches with other experiments
- but at low p_T , v_2 are not
- prompt J/ ψ contains information of early state before QGP make

summary

- CMS measured elliptic flow of prompt J/ψ at 2.76 TeV PbPb collision in 2011
- The measured prompt J/ψ v_2 , for 10-60 % event centrality, integrated over $6.5 < p_T < 30$ GeV/c and $|y| < 2.4$ is
- $0.054 \pm 0.013(\text{stat}) \pm 0.006(\text{syst})$
- a non-zero v_2 is measured in all the kinematic bins studied
- the observed anisotropy shows no significant centrality or rapidity dependence when integrated over rapidity and centrality, respectively

back up

event plane method