

# Status

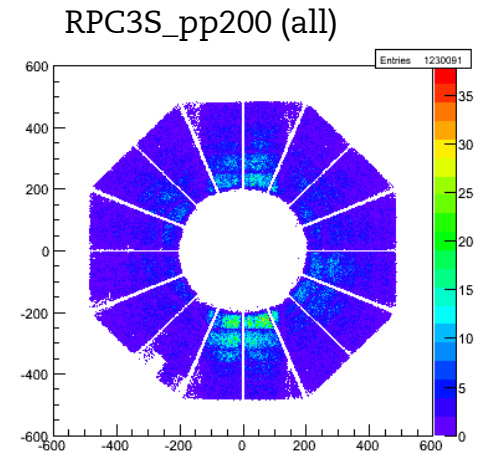
- Change in definition of Rpc efficiency:
  - # of Rpc hits / # of  $\mu$  tracks  $\rightarrow$  (# of  $\mu$  tracks w/ RpcDCA < 15) / # of  $\mu$  tracks  
(\*updated definition is same to the definition of loss of  $\mu$  tracks after MuID steel absorbers so far)
  - Regards Rpc fired properly if the condition  $\text{RpcDCA} < 15$  is satisfied
  - Divide geometrical acceptance into 3 in  $\eta$ , 16 in  $\phi$
- Progress so far:
  - Studied RpcDCA distribution in  $\eta$  to set proper domain
  - Still writing the codes to calculate efficiency

# Change in definition

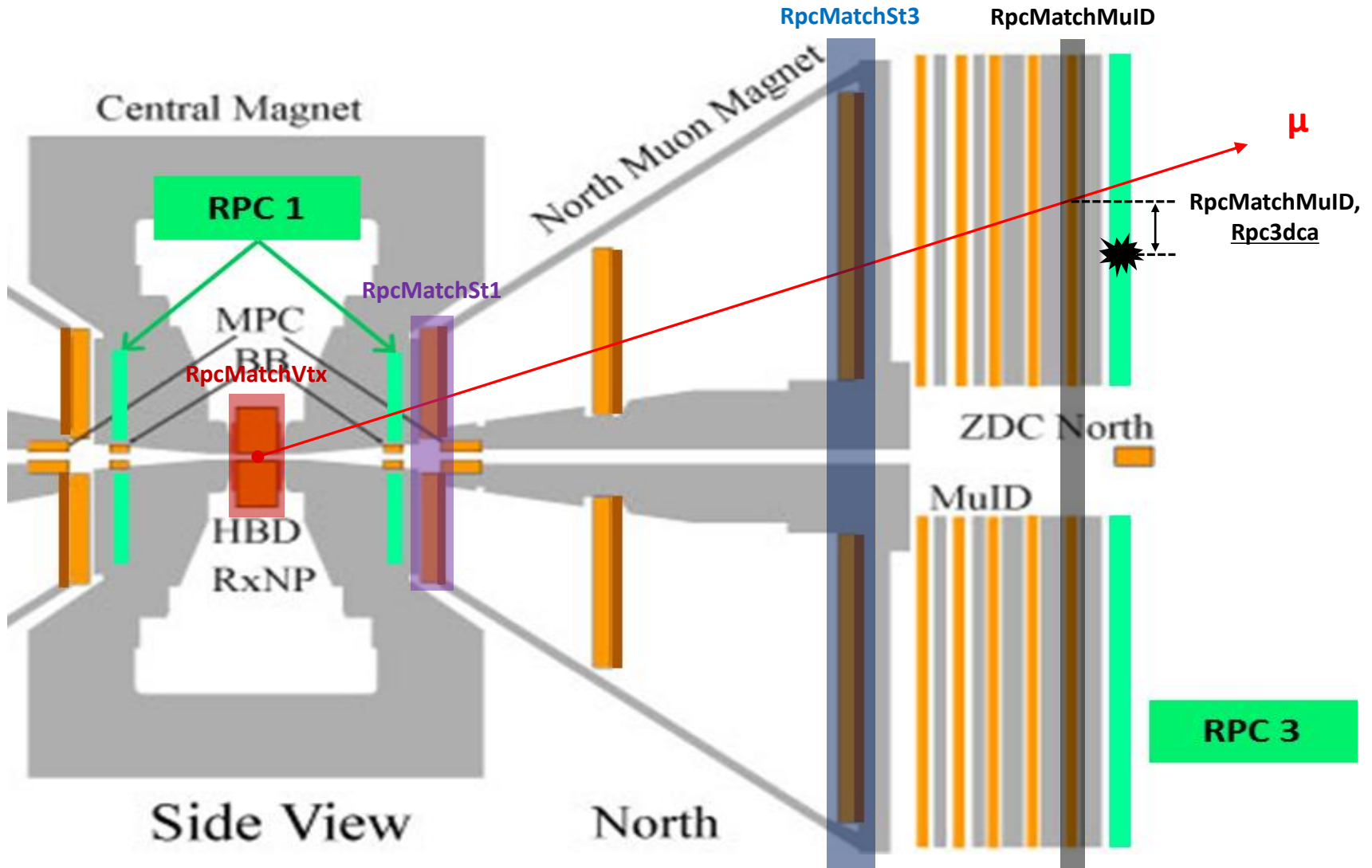
- 1<sup>st</sup> goal: Get total single  $\mu$  reconstruction efficiency ( $\epsilon_{\text{total}}$ )
  - $\epsilon_{\text{total}} = \epsilon_{\text{MuTR}} \times \epsilon_{\text{MuID}} \times \epsilon'_{\text{Rpc}}$
  - $\epsilon'_{\text{Rpc}}$  (relative, by pDSTs) =  $\epsilon_{\text{Rpc}}$  (absolute, by Hodoscope)  $\times F$  (MC)
  - $F$ : fraction factor (indicate amount of fakes/loss by charged hadrons or low  $p_{\mu}$ )
- $\epsilon'_{\text{Rpc}}$ : (# of  $\mu$  tracks w/ RpcDCA < 15) / # of  $\mu$  tracks
  - Both of them must satisfy basic cuts:
    - Evt\_bbcZ < 30 (cm)
    - $p > 5$  (GeV) (\*before: 3)
    - DG0 < 30 (cm)
    - DDG0 < 10 (Deg)
    - lastGap = 4
    - *triggerbit = SG1\_MuIDLL1 (NOT applied so far, but plan to use)*
  - used data set: pp200GeV official pDSTs, waiting for pp510GeV production
    - Using this set to develop codes: not so many SG1\_MuIDLL1 triggered events in pp200GeV

# Change in definition

- Weak points in new definition:
  - Doesn't consider dead space for each Rpc station
  - Doesn't consider timing distribution of Rpc  
(roughly checked: it looks most of hits related to collision after basic cuts)
- RpcDCAs:
  - Four type of RpcDCAs available for each Rpc station:
    - RpcMatchVtx
    - RpcatchSt1 (MuTR's St1)
    - RpcMatchSt3
    - RpcMatchMuID
  - Used first two (Vtx and St1) to deal Rpc1, while the latter two used for the Rpc3  
(However, all of DCAs have to be used after all)

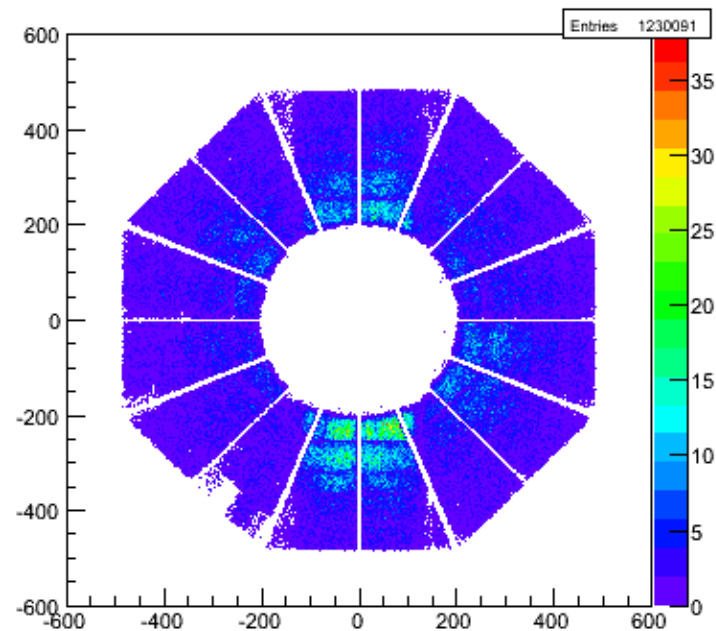
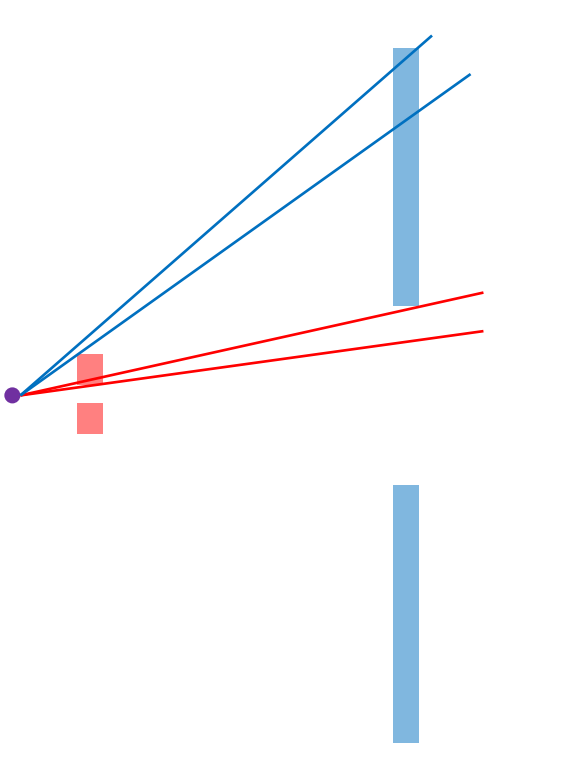


# Change in definition



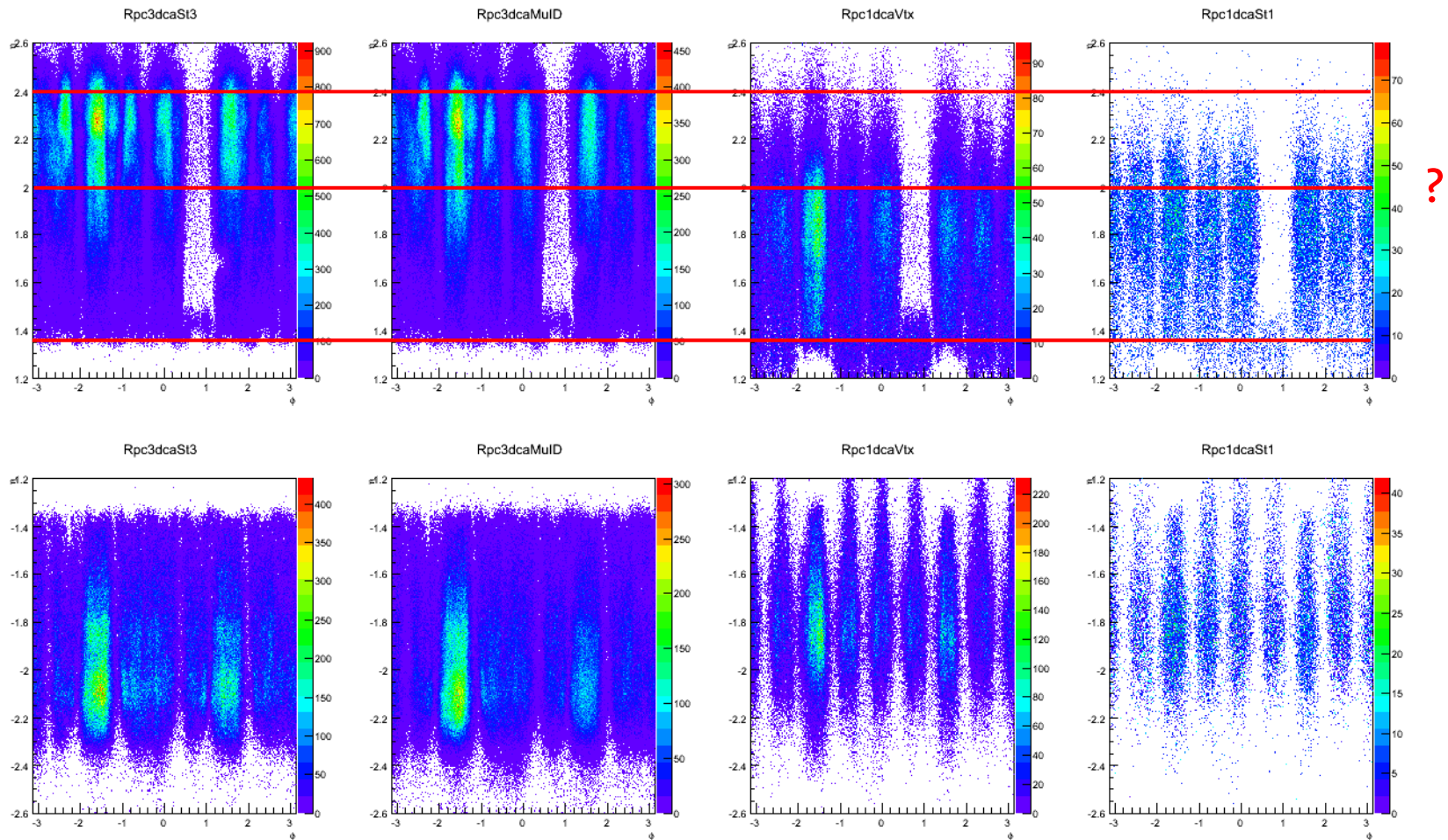
# Change in definition

- Geometrical acceptance sort: 3 in  $\eta$ , 16 in  $\phi$ 
  - in  $\eta$ : divide into Rpc1 only, Overlap, and Rpc3 only
  - in  $\phi$ : with respect to Rpc3s' HO structure: a segment corresponds to 22.5°



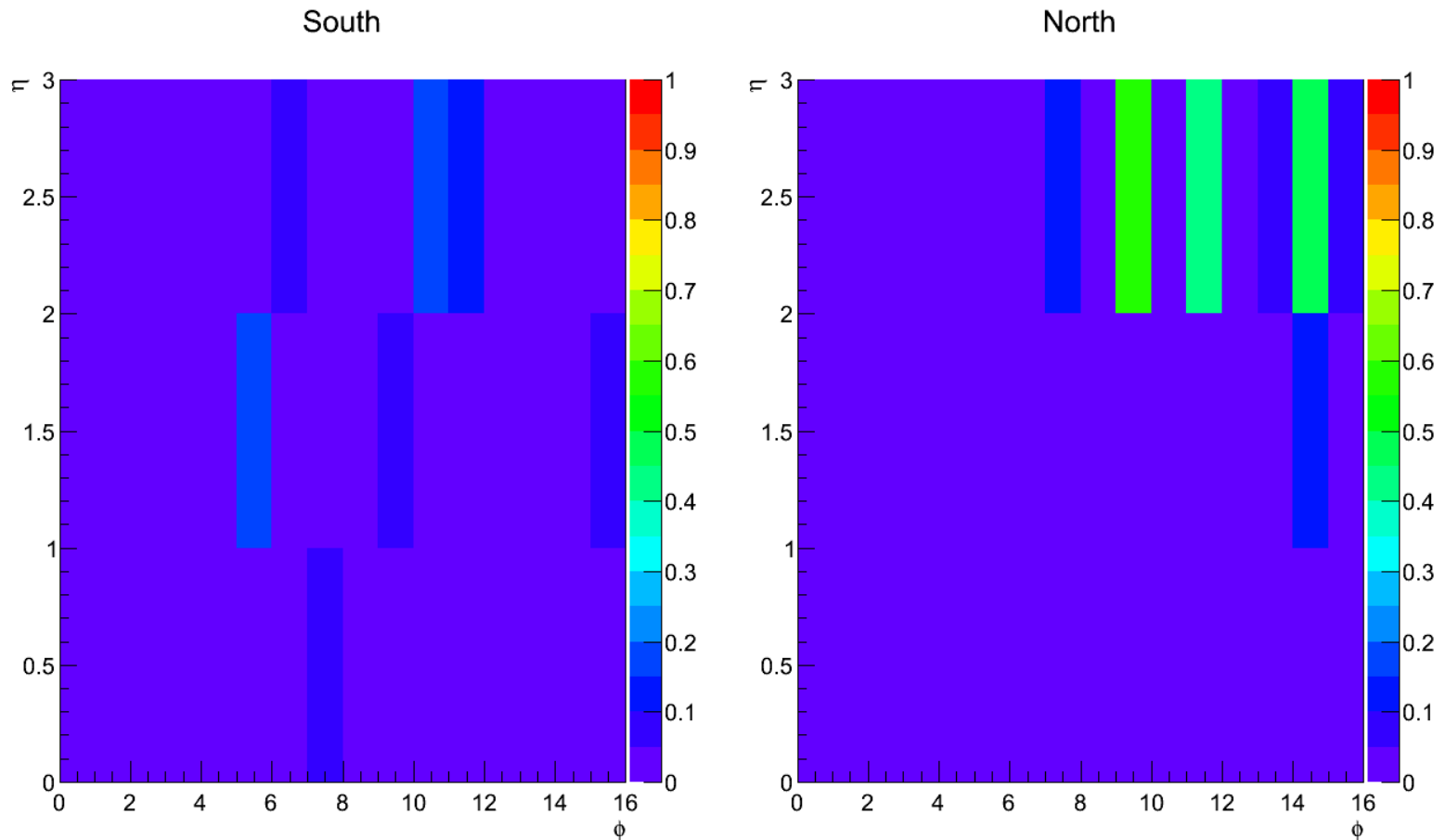
# Progress

- RpcDCA distribution in  $\eta/\phi$  plane (RpcDCA < 15, pp200GeV official)



# Progress

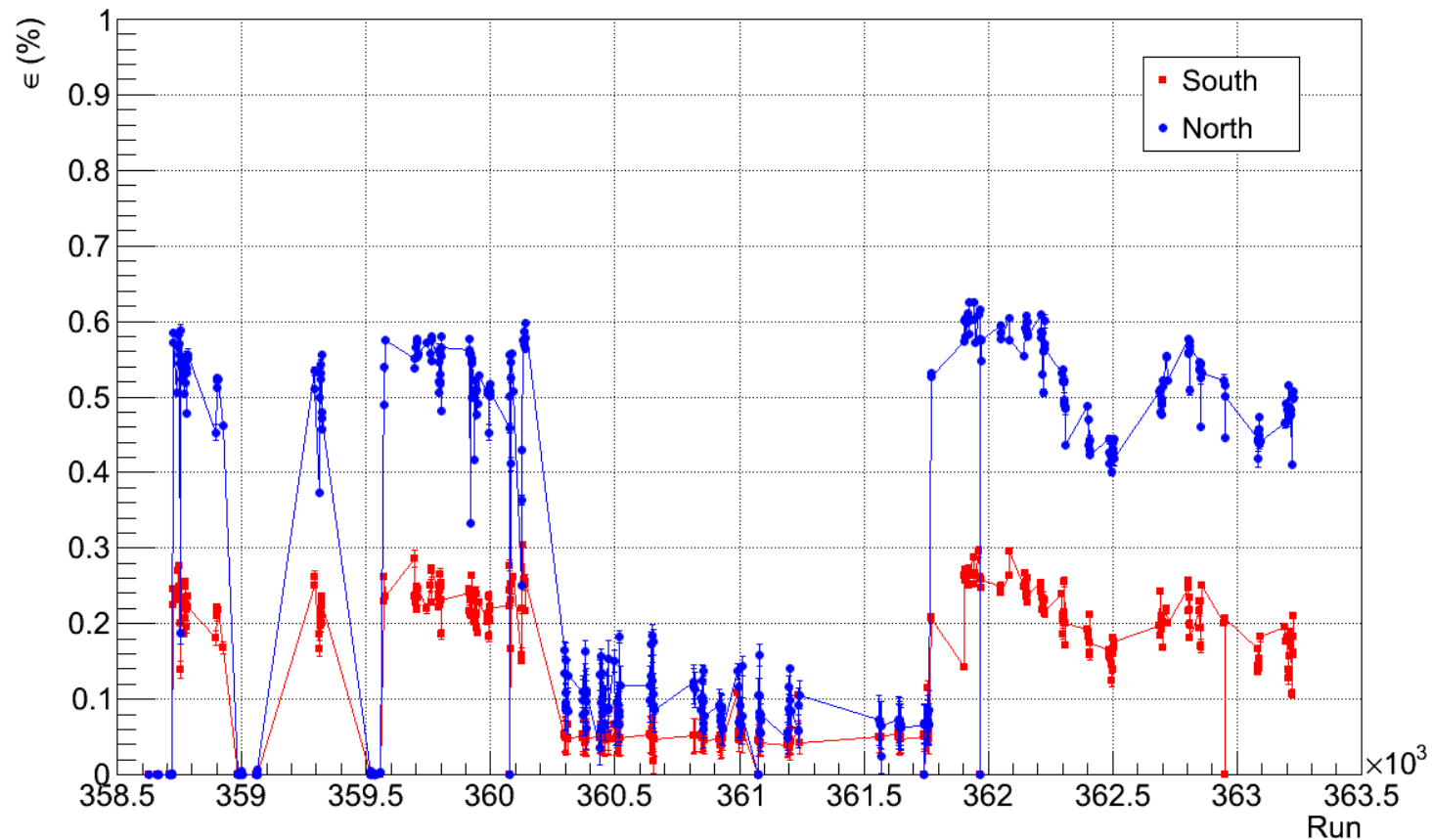
- Got first results of Weighted Mean Efficiency



for all available pp200GeV Runs (414 runs)

# Progress

- Got first results of Weighted Mean Efficiency



a single efficiency point calculated from  $3 \times 16$  segments



# Summary and To do

- Change in definition of Rpc efficiency:
  - Don't consider Rpc3's geometry anymore
  - Divide geometrical acceptance into  $3 \times 16$  segments
- To do:
  - Complete the code, cross-check calculation method's reliability
  - Use pp510GeV set as soon as it is available
  - Check results when SG1\_MuIDLL1 trigger is applied

# Backup

- Evt\_bbcZ: BBC vertex z position from the PHGlobal node
- lastGap: last hit position of the reconstructed  $\mu$  track in MuID
- DG0:  
MuTr track, MuID road matching parameter which give the **difference** between the extrapolated track and the road at the MUID Gap0
- DDG0:  
MuTr track, MUID road matching parameter which give the **slope difference** between the extrapolated track and the road at the MUID Gap0
- RpcDCA:  
**transverse distance** between the muon tracks' position projected to the RPC3 z position and the closest RPC hit cluster in cm